Reg. No.....

# Ph.D. ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

## **MATHEMATICS**

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

#### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- What are the contrapositive of the conditional statement "I come to class whenever there is going to be a test "?
  - "If I come to class, then there will be a test."
  - "If I do not come to class, then there will not be a test." b)
  - "If there is not going to be a test, then I don't come to class."
  - "If there is going to be a test, then I don't come to class."
- 2.  $\neg (A \lor q) \land (A \land q)$  is a:
  - Tautology.

Contingency.

- 3. General solution of the differential equation

$$y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$$
 is:

a) 
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^x + C_3 e^{-x}$$

a) 
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^x + C_3 e^{-x}$$
. b)  $y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-x} + C_3 e^{-2x}$ .

c) 
$$y(x) = C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 e^{-x} + C_3 e^{-2x}$$
. d)  $y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{x} + C_3 e^{-x}$ .

d) 
$$\gamma(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^x + C_2 e^{-x}$$
.

4. The Wronskian of two solutions to the differential equation

$$t^4y'' - t^3y' - t^8y$$
 is:

a) 
$$ct^2$$

b) 
$$ct^2 + bt$$
.

c) 
$$\frac{c}{t}$$
.

d) 
$$\frac{c}{t^2}$$

5. Residue of $\frac{e^z}{z^3}$ a	at $z = 0$ is
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a) 0.

b)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

c)  $\frac{1}{8}$ 

d)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

6. The set  $\{0,1\}$  furnished with the topology  $\left\{\phi,\left\{0\right\},\left\{0,1\right\}\right\}$  is:

a) T0 and T1.

b) T0 but not T1.

c) T1 and T2.

d) T0, T1 and T2.

7. The upper Riemann sum of f(x) = 2x + 1 with respect to the partition  $P = \left\{0, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1\right\}$  of the interval [0,1], U(P,f), is:

a)  $\frac{9}{4}$ .

b)  $\frac{7}{4}$ 

c)  $\frac{11}{4}$ 

d)  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

8. Under the mapping  $w(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)$ , the image of interior of |z| = 1 is:

- a) The line segment [-1,1].
- b) Complement of line segment [-1,1].
- c) Ellipses with foci -1, 1.
- d) Hyperbolas with foci -1, 1.

9. If x and y are any two vectors in an inner product space X, then:

$$|\langle x, y \rangle| \le ||x|| \cdot ||y||$$
.

The above inequality is known as:

- (a) Parallelogram law.
- (b) Cauchy-Schwarz's inequality.
- (c) Polarisation identity.
- (d) Bessel's inequality.
- 10. With respect to the partial ordering  $m \le n$  whenever m divides n, defined on the set  $\{2, 3, 4, 8\}$ :
  - a) 8 and 3 are maximal.
- b) All are maximal.

c) 3 only is maximal.

- d) 8 only is maximal.
- 11. Which among the following is not true with respect to the permutation group  $S_3$ ?
  - a) 3 elements of  $S_3$  are odd.
- b) Non-abelian.

c) Cyclic.

- d) 3 elements of S<sub>3</sub> are even.
- 12. The radius of convergence of the power series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1\right)^n}{n} z^{n(n+1)} \text{ is}$$

a) 1

b) 2.

c)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- d) 0.
- 13. Which among the following is not true?
  - a)  $\frac{1}{x}$  is not uniformly continuous on (0,1].
  - b)  $x^2$  is not uniformly continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ .
  - c)  $\sqrt{x}$  is uniformly continuous on  $[0, \infty)$ .
  - d) None of the above.

# 14. The value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{a^{mx} - b^{nx}}{\sin kx}$ is:

a) 
$$\frac{1}{k} \ln \frac{a^m}{b^n}$$
.

b) 
$$\frac{1}{k} \ln \left( \frac{a}{b} \right)^{mn}$$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{k} \ln \left( \frac{a}{b} \right)^{m-n}$$

d) 
$$k \ln \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{mn}$$

# 15. If $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ , which among the following is not correct?

- a) If every sequence in K has a convergent subsequence, then K must be bounded.
- b) If every sequence in K has a convergent subsequence whose limit is in K, then K must be closed.
- c) If K is compact then any infinite subset  $A \subseteq K$  has a cluster point in K.
- d) None of the above.

# 16. Which among the following is not necessarily true?

- a) Cancellation laws hold in commutative rings with unity.
- b) Non-zero Elements of a Field form a group under multiplication.
- c) Every field is isomorphic to its own field of quotients.
- d) The only ideals in a field F are 0 and F.

# 17. Newton-Gregory Forward interpolation formula can be used:

- a) Only for equally spaced intervals.
- b) Only for unequally spaced intervals.
- c) For both equally and unequally spaced intervals.
- d) None of the above.

- 18. Select the true one for a Boolean Algebra B :
  - a) B is a finite, complemented, and distributive lattice.
  - b) B is a finite but not complemented lattice.
  - c) B is a finite, distributive but not complemented lattice.
  - d) B is a non-distributive lattice.
- 19. Consider an undirected random graph of eight vertices. The probability that there is an edge between a pair of vertices is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . What is the expected number of unordered cycles of length three?
  - a)  $\frac{1}{4}$

b) 6

c) 7.

- d) 8.
- 20. What are the last two (decimal) digits of  $3^{4242}$ ?
  - a) 29.

b) 19.

c) 09.

- d) 79.
- 21. The orthogonal matrix associated with a rotation of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  of  $\theta$  degrees about the z-axis is:

a) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 1 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$c) \quad \begin{bmatrix} -\cos\theta & \sin\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

d) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 22. The situation of at least one artificial variable is positive in the optimum iteration will not happen in:
  - a) Dual simplex method.
- b) Big-M Method.

c) Two-Phase Method.

d) All of the above.

- 23. The integral equation  $g(s) = s \frac{1}{6}s^3 + \int_0^s (s-t)g(t) dt$  is:
  - a) Homogeneous linear Fredholm integral equation of the second kind.
  - b) Non-Homogeneous linear Volterra integral equation of the second kind.
  - c) Homogeneous linear Volterra integral equation of the second kind.
  - d) Non-Homogeneous non-linear Fredholm integral equation of the second kind.
- 24. Poincare polynomial of Klein Bottle is:
  - a) 1

b) x

c) 1 + x.

- d)  $1 + x + x^2$ .
- 25. The functions sinh z and cosh z are:
  - a) Bounded and entire.
  - b) Bounded but not entire.
  - c) Unbounded and not entire.
  - d) Unbounded and entire.

 $(25 \times 2 = 50 \text{ marks})$ 

### Part B

Answer any **ten** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 26. Find general solution of the differential equations  $(1-x^2)y'' 2xy' + 2y = 0$  given that one solution is y = x.
- 27. Prove that an infinite subset of a compact space has at least one limit point.
- 28. Prove that  $2^n + 1$  has no prime factors of the form 8k + 7.
- 29. Find the general solution of the PDE (y-z)p+(z-x)q=x-y.

- 30. Give example of a space which is first countable, but not second countable. Also provide justifications for your claim.
- 31. Suppose f is bounded on [a, b] and continuous at  $s \in (a, b)$ . If  $\alpha(x) = \chi_{(0, \infty)}(x s)$ , prove that

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d\alpha(x) = f(s)$$

where 
$$\chi_{(0,\infty)}(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

- 32. Show that a Banach space X is reflexive if and only if its dual space X' is reflexive.
- 33. Prove there is no branch of the logarithm defined on  $G = C \setminus \{0\}$ .
- 34. Solve the system of congruence equations:

$$2x \equiv 6 \pmod{14}$$

$$3x \equiv 9 \pmod{15}$$

$$5x \equiv 20 \pmod{60}.$$

- 35. Prove or Disprove: Every path connected space is connected.
- 36. Solve:

$$z(t) = \alpha \cos(\omega t) + \beta \int_0^t \sin(\omega(t-u)) z(u) du.$$

- 37. (i) Prove or disprove: Geodesics are having constant speed.
  - (ii) Find velocity and acceleration of the parametrized curve

$$\alpha(t) = (\cos t, \sin t, 2\cos t, 2\sin t).$$

38. Show that the torus less one point, the Klein bottle less one point and R<sup>2</sup> less two points are each homotopy equivalent to the space obtained by gluing two disjoint circles together at a point.

- 39. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function f(x, y) = 3x + y subject to the constraint  $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ .
- 40. Find the Hermite interpolating polynomial f(x) satisfying

$$f(0) = 2, f'(0) = 1, f(1) = 4, f'(1) = -1, f(3) = 5, f'(3) = -2.$$

 $(10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ marks})$