D 10	649	(Pages : 2)	Name
F	FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. D	EGREE EXAMINA	TION, NOVEMBER 2021
		(CBCSS—UG)	
	Hotel Management a	and Catering Science/l	Hotel Management
	BSH/C5 D03—INTROD		
		(2019 Admissions)	
Time :	: Two Hours		Maximum: 60 Marks
		Section A	
	Answ	ver at least <b>eight</b> questio	ns.
	Each	h question carries 2 mark	es.
	All	questions can be attende	d.
		Overall.Ceiling 16.	
1.	What is Function catering?	25	
2.	What is Banquet?		
3.	What are the different busine arrangement?	ess events are used cl	ass room or seminar style seating
4.	What is service platter or English	a service ?	
5	What are the various factors dep	ending the requirement of	of staffs in banquets?
6.	What is Conference function ban	quet ?	
7.	Enlist food service equipment use	ed in banquets?	
8.	Expand BFP ?		

9. What is AMT and PMT?

10. What is hollow block style?

11. What is a canopy?

12. Who is a Sommelier?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section B

Answer at least **four** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 13. Explain service techniques used for banquets?
- 14. Write down about forms and format used in banquets?
- 15. What are the different types of buffet service?
- 16. Enlist the equipment required for different banquet function?
- 17. What do you understand by guaranteed and expected numbers?

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 18. List out the step-by-step process of making a booking in Banquets
- 19. Explain Banquet wine menu? What are the general rules to serve wine?
- 20. Draw a BFC and fill in the relevant details for a conference lunch from 9am -6pm for 50 covers with U shaped seating.
- 21. Explain in details examples of informal banquet.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

D 10	646	(Pa	ges:	16)	Name	••••••
					Reg. No	******
F	TFTH	SEMESTER U.G. DEGRE	E EX	KAMINATION,	NOVEMBER	2021
		(CBC				
		Hotel Manageme	nt an	d Culinary Arts	1	
		BHC 5B 08—COMPRI	EHEI	NSIVE SELF ST	UDY	10
		(2019 A	Admis	ssions)		
Time:	Гwo Но	urs			Maximum	: 100 Marks
		Answer any <b>H</b> Each questio		_	ar of	
		— is an instrument that helps		hieve specific te	mperature and p	ressure for
	scientif	ic/medical and industrial application	ns.			
	(a)	Sterilizers.	(b)	Autoclave.	,	
	(c)	Electrosurgical unit.	(d)	None of the abov	e.	
2.	What is	s the function of yeast in bread mal	king?			
	(a)	It makes the dough rise.				
	(b)	It makes the dough shrink.				
	(c)	It makes clean up easier.				
	(d)	It shortens the baking time.				
	India n Tourisn	needs to change its marketing app	roach	to modern mark	eting approach for	r developing
	(a)	Planning.	(b)	Organising.		
	(c)	Traditional.	(d)	Management.		
4.	What is	s the purpose of kneading?				
	(a)	Saltiness.	(b)	Sweetness.		
	(c)	Structure	(d)	Crust crispiness.		

— country in Asia is emerging as the leading tourist destination.

(a) Indonesia.

(c) China.

(b) Thailand.

(d) Nepal.

6.	Which	bread is a white yeast bread from It	taly?	
	(a)	Challah.	(b)	Pumpernickel.
	(c)	Brioche.	(d)	Ciabatta.
7.		— has successfully tapped the Asian	tour	ism market in terms with competition
	(a)	Bangladesh.	(b)	Malaysia.
	(c)	Singapore.	(d)	India.
8.		— does not play any role in growth	of tou	rism in India.
	(a)	Public Sector.		, (),
	(b)	Private Sector.		
	(c)	Quasi Sector.		10,
	(d)	Micro small industries.		
9.	What is	s the French name for cheese?		
	(a)	Soumage.	(b)	Formage.
	(c)	Homage.	(d)	Poission.
10.	How m	uch percentage of starch in wheat	?	
	(a)	19 %.	(b)	70 %
	(c)	80 %.	(d)	100 %.
11.	A pract	ice in hotels to take more bookings	than	the total available rooms is called as:
	(a)	Overbooking.	(b)	Reservation by mistake.
	(c)	Skimming pricing.	(d)	None of the above.
12.	Which	bread is known for Jewish festival	?	
	(a)	Ciabatta.	(b)	Pumpernickel.
	(c)	Brioche.	(ġ)	Challah.
13.	House	boats of Kerala are example for :		
1,	(a)	Rotels.	(b)	Floatels.
	(c)	Motels.	(d)	Resorts.

14.	Which	department in hotel is responsible f	or se	nding C Form to FRRO ?
	(a)	Housekeeping.	(b)	Human Resource.
	(c)	Front Office.	(d)	Security.
15.	The gu	est with minimum number of lugga	ge is	termed as:
	(a)	Scanty Baggage.	(b)	No Luggage.
	(c)	Left Luggage.	(d)	Some Luggage.
16.	Double	occupancy means:		
	(a)	Two people sharing one room.		, 0'
	(b)	A room which is booked twice.		
	(c)	Two guests asked to share one roo	m.	10,
	(d)	Over booking.		
17.	When v	vas the first hotel in India establish	ed?	
	(a)	1903.	(b)	1803.
	(c)	1947.	(d)	1957.
18.	S.O.P.	stands for ?		
	(a)	Self-Operating Procedure.		
	(b)	Service Operator Process.		
	(c)	Standard Operating Procedure.		
	(d)	All of above.		
19.	Which a	among the following is not a dry coo	king	method?
	(a)	Broiling.	(b)	Poaching.
	(c)	Baking.	(d)	Roasting.
20.	A hotel	chain is:		
	(a)	Hotels connected to each other.	•	
1/	(b)	Hotels in difficult centres/parts of t	he co	ountry.
	(c)	Part of a group with hotels in differ	rent l	ocations.
	(d)	Small hotels.		

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21.	What is	s the main feature of a time share e	stabli	shment?
	(a)	It is a private property.		
	(b)	Its rooms / resources are shared by	gues	ts / tourists according to specified time schedule
	· (c)	It is a facility of one star grade.		
	(d)	None of these.		
22.	Modifie	ed American plan includes :		
	(a)	Two meals of the day + Room rent	•	
	(b)	One meal of the day + Room rent.		7,0
	(c)	Breakfast + Room rent.		
	(d)	None of these.		
23.	What is	s the other name for English Servic	e ?	
	(a)	Silver Service Style.	(b)	Buffet Service Style.
	(c)	Gueridon Service Style.	(d)	Tray Service Style.
24.	Which	State has the maximum number of	herit	age hotels in India ?
	(a)	Rajasthan.	(b)	Uttar Pradesh.
	. <b>(c)</b>	Maharashtra.	(d)	Karnataka.
<b>25</b> .	Guest (	Cycle - which one is correct sequenc	e in b	elow options?
	(a)	RegistrationChecked -In	R	eservationChecked Out.
	(b)	ReservationChecked -In	R	egistrationChecked Out.
	(c)	ReservationChecked Out	]	RegistrationChecked In.
	(d)	ReservationRegistration	Cl	necked-InChecked Out.
26.	Who ta	kes care of complaint handling?		
	(a)	Travel desk.	(b)	Receptionist.
1.	(c)	GRE.	(d)	Both (b) and (c).
27.	Which	term refers to a dining system wher	e the	guests serve themselves?
	(a)	Back bar.	(b)	Banquet.
	(c)	Cocktail.	(d)	Buffet.
			• •	

28.	. To which department does the concierge report?				
	(a)	Human resources.	(b)	Front office.	
	(c)	Security.	(d)	Accounting.	
29.	Minim	um number of lettable rooms in five	-star	hotels is ?	
	(a)	25.	(b)	10.	
	(c)	50.	(d)	All of the above.	
30.	Food o	r beverages served in guest room is	know	n as:	
	(a)	Full service.	(b)	Room service.	
	(c)	Service station.	(d)	None of these.	
31.	Which	of the following menu provides a ch	oice o	of items?	
	(a)	Ala carte.	(b)	Table d' hote.	
	(c)	Counter service.	(d)	None of these.	
32.	The fir	st five-star hotel in India is :		22,	
	(a)	Taj Mahal Palace hotel - Mumbai.	(b)	Hotel Ashoka - New Delhi.	
	(c)	Hotel Oberoi - New Delhi.	(d)	Hotel Chola Sheraton - Chennai.	
33.	What is	s used as the benchmark quotation	of a h	otel's room rate ?	
	(a)	Corporate Rate.	(b)	Restricted Rate.	
	(c)	Discount Rate.	(d)	Rack Rate.	
34.	Which	of the following is included in the R	ooms	Division?	
	(a)	Guest Service.	(b)	Security.	
	(c)	Housekeeping.	(d)	All of the above.	
35.	Which i	fruit is the symbol of hospitality?			
	(a)	Cherry.	(b)	Mango.	
	(c)	Pineapple.	(d)	Apple.	
36.	Which o	organisation in India is awards star	ratin	ngs to hotels?	
	(a)	HRACC.	(b)	FHRAI.	
	(c)	IHM.	(d)	FICCI.	
				Turn over	

37.	What is	s the French name for rice or pasta (	cours	e ?
	(a)	Fahrenheit.	(b)	Farineaux.
	(c)	Julienne.	d)	Mirepoix.
38.	Accomn	nodation on wheels is known as —		
	(a)	Rotels.	(b)	Motels.
	(c)	Chains.	(d)	Hospice.
39.	Lodging	g properties are a segment within t	he ind	dustry:
	(a)	Tourism.	(b)	Hospital.
	(c)	Hospitality.	(d)	All of the above.
40.			nplen	nentary no charge rooms) to guest rooms available
	for sale	in a given time period:		
	(a)	Hotel Rate.	(b)	Occupancy Rate.
	(c)	Room Rate.	(d)	Rent.
41.		is the relationship betwe	en th	ne guest and the host.
	(a)	Hospitality.	(b)	Hotel Management.
	(c)	Franchisee.	(d)	Tourism Management.
42.	A	is known for its leisure	attr	action.
	(a)	Resort.	(b)	Hospital.
	(c)	Hotel.	(d)	Hospitality.
43.		is responsible for shifting	g of b	aggage of guests, within and out of the room.
	(a)	Doorman.	(b)	Bell Captain.
	(c)	Bellboy.	(d)	Lobby Manager.
44.	Guestr	oom brigade ———?		,
	(a)	Maintains cleanliness of foyer, lob	by, fr	ont office and other common areas.
	(b)	Deposits misplaced luggage of gue	sts.	
	(c)	Upkeeps and cleans the guestroom	ıs.	
7	(d)			rranges flowers in rooms and at various places.

45.		deposits misplaced lug	ggage of	guests.
	(a)	Guestroom brigade.	(b)	Public area brigade.
	(c)	Lost and found section.	(d)	Housekeeping management.
46.		e responsibility of this department d pans used :	nt to ma	intain cleanliness in the kitchen and to wash the
	(a)	Kitchen Stewarding.	(b)	Kitchen.
	(c)	Restaurant:	(d)	Laundry.
47.		is who actually serve	the food	
	(a)	Assistant waiter.	(b)	Waiter.
	(c)	Head Waiter.	(d)	Restaurant Manager.
48.		perform the heavy cle	eaning a	activities such as vacuuming, mopping, sweeping
	and shi	fting of furniture.		
	(a)	Floor Supervisor.	(b)	Assistant Housekeeper.
	(c)	Housemen.	(d)	Gardner.
49.		———— the main purpose is to	suppor	t the gambling operations.
	(a)	Resort Hotels.	(b)	Casino Hotels.
	(c)	All-Suite Hotels.	(d)	Economy Hotels.
50.	Α	hotel is located in th	e centre	of the city or within a short distance from business
	centre,	shopping areas, theatres, public	offices e	tc.
	(a)	Downtown.	(b)	Sub-urban.
	(c)	Airport.	(d)	Resort.
51.	A hotel	owned by a single owner who m	ight use	it for some part of the year and rent it out for the
	remain	der of the year:		
	(a)	Convention hotel.	(b)	Destination.
. 1	(c)	Extended stay hotel.	(d)	Condominium.
52.	Expand	d FIT:		
	(a)	Free Inclusion Traveller.	(b)	Free Independent Traveller.
	(c)	Free Indented Traveller.	(d)	For Independent Traveller.

(a) Federation of Hotel and Restaurant Association of India.  (b) Federation of Hospital and Restaurant Association of India.  (c) Federation of Hospitality and Restaurant Association of India.  (d) Federation of Hotel and Restaurant Association of Indonesia.  54. It is a type of hotel originated in Japan which provides small and bed-only cabi guests:  (a) Green Hotels.  (b) Capsule Hotel.  (c) Ice Hotel.  (d) Cave Hotels.  (a) Green Hotels.  (b) Capsule Hotel.  (c) Ice Hotel.  (d) Tree House.  55. —————————————————————————————————	53.	FHRAI	stands for?			
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guests:  (a) Green Hotels. (b) Capsule Hotel. (c) Ice Hotel. (d) Cave Hotels.  55. —————————————————————————————————		(d)	Federation of	of Hotel and Restaura	nt Ass	sociation of Indonesia.
(a) Green Hotels. (b) Capsule Hotel. (c) Ice Hotel. (d) Cave Hotels.  55. —————————————————————————————————	54.	It is a	type of hote	l originated in Japan	whic	ch provides small and bed-only cabinets for its
(c) Ice Hotel.  (d) Cave Hotels.  ———————————————————————————————————		guests:	•			
are mainly located in countryside, especially in forests.  (a) Green Hotels. (b) Capsule Hotel. (c) Ice Hotel. (d) Tree House.  56. In ancient era small hotels in Switzerland were called as?  (a) Huts. (b) Hotel. (c) Chalets. (d) Tree House.  57. The primitive lodging house in India were known as:  (a) Hotel. (b) Inns. (c) Restaurants. (d) Home.  58. A houseboat hotel is referred to as?  (a) Floatel. (b) Boatel. (c) Motel. (d) Rotel.  59. A room has four separate single beds and can accommodate four perso in the same room.  (a) Twin. (b) Quad. (c) King. (d) Queen.  60. A comprises two room situated on different floors, which are connectinternal staircase.  (a) Twin Room. (b) Hospitality Room.		(a)	Green Hotel	ls.	(b)	Capsule Hotel.
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(a) Floatel. (b) Boatel. (c) Motel. (d) Rotel.  59. A————————————————————————————————————		(c)	Restaurants	i. ()	(d)	Home.
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60. A comprises two room situated on different floors, which are connectinternal staircase.  (a) Twin Room.  (b) Hospitality Room.		(a)	Twin.		(b)	Quad.
(a) Twin Room.  (b) Hospitality Room.  (c) Duplex.		(c)	J			•
(a) Twin Room.  (b) Hospitality Room.  (c) Duplex.	60.	Α		comprises two room s	ituate	ed on different floors, which are connected by an
(c) Duplex.		interna	l staircase.			
(c) Duplex. (d) Sample Room.		(a)	Twin Room.		(b)	
·		(c)	Duplex.		(d)	Sample Room.

61.	The —	is located very close t	o the	main entrance of the hotel.
	(a)	Front Office Dock	(b)	Communication Section.
,	(c)	Security Office.	(d)	Bell desk.
62.	Shifting	g of guest luggage from one room to	anot	her in absence of guest :
	(a)	Roggogo Comion	(b)	Shifting.
	(c)	Dead Move.	(d)	Inessential.
63.	Room si	ituated near swimming pool is called	d	?
	(a)	Cabana.	(b)	Studio.
	(c)	Parlor.	(d)	Adjacent.
64.	A guest	record of charges and payments:		10,
	(a)	Meal Plan.	(b)	Folio.
	(c)	Tariff.	(d)	Rack Rate.
65.	Escorti	ng the guest to his room is the duty	of—	?
	(a)	Doorman.	(b)	Bellboy.
	(c)	Bell Captain.	(d)	Bell Desk.
66.	A Dhar	ramshala is suitable for :	//	
	(a)	Those business man who can stay	in gr	raded hotels.
	(b)	Low-income families.		
	(c)	Only rich merchants.		
	(d)	All the above.		
67.	What i	s the main feature of a time share e	stabl	ishment?
	(a)	· ·		
	(b)	Its rooms / resources are shared by	gue	sts / tourists according to specified time schedules.
	(c)	It is a facility of one star grade.		
1	(d)	None of these.		
68.	In a si	ngle bedroom, the number of glasses	s give	en to the guests is:
) \	(a)	1.	(b)	2.
	(c)	4.	(d)	None of these.  Turn over

69.	Where i	is hotel Ashok located in New Delhi	. <b>:</b>	
	(a)	Jor Bagh.	(b)	Chanakya Puri.
	(c)	Sunder Nagar.	(d)	New Friends Colony.
70.	The gue	est enters into a large hotel from its	s:	
	(a)	Lobby.	(b)	Front Office.
	(c)	Reception.	(d)	Restaurant.
71.		ils are mixed only by expect cockta f their skills. Why is that so?	il ma	kers or experienced bar tenders. Infact, they are
	(a)	Cocktails are difficult to make.		
	(b)	It is important to mix different liq should not digest on add cocktail a		and fruit juices in a correct proportion, the guest ecome sick.
	(c)	They are at the forefront of the state their cocktail making skills.	ales d	epartments in the bar and so, they feel proud of
	(d)	They know how to make ready mi	xture	s in style and hence are proud of their skills.
72.	Which	one of the following is not available	e in th	ne in-flight menu ?
	(a)	Beer.	(b)	Red wine.
	(c)	White wine.	(d)	Cigarettes.
73.	ARR is	the term used in hotel industry for	iden	tifying:
	(a)	Average Revenue Rate.	(b)	Average Room Rate.
	(c)	Average Rack Revenue.	(d)	Actual Room Rate.
74.	Identif	y an international franchise hotel c	hain	:
	(a)	Taj Group.	(b)	ITC Welcome Group.
	(c)	Marriots.	(d)	Lemon Tree.
75.	" Table	d'hot" is a term related to :		
	(a)	Varied Buffet Services.	(b)	Fixed number of items in a menu.
1/	(c)	Choice of items in a menu.	(d)	Options for guest to prepare their own menu.
76.	A food	service operation of a limited menu		self service is :
	(a)	Buffet.		Bar.
	(c)	Cafeteria.		None of these.
	(a)	Buffet.	(b)	Bar.

77.	A hotel	employee who handles restaurant	and t	our reservations, travel arrangements etc. is:
	(a)	Housekeeper.	(b)	Chef De Cuisine.
	(c)	Concierge.	(d)	None of these.
78.	A hotel	room with all guest rooms occupied	l is ca	lled:
	(a)	Green House.	(b)	Full House.
	(c)	Houseful.	(d)	None of these.
79.	Regula	r published rate of a hotel or other t	trave	service is called :
	(a)	Room Rate.	(b)	Rack Rate.
	(c)	Normal Rate.	(d)	None of these.
80.	Food or	beverages served in guest room is	know	m as:
	(a)	Full service.	(b)	Room service.
	(c)	Service station.	(d)	None of these.
81.	What is	mocktail?		G)'
	(a)	It is liquor mixed with fruit juices.		
	(b)	It is a combination of fruit juices t	astefi	ully garnished but sans.
	(c)	Alcohol.	N	
	(d)	It is a type of draught beer.		
82.	Which i	is the first State in India to convert	its M	Iaharaja's into hotel :
	(a)	Rajasthan.	(b)	Kashmir.
	(c)	Uttar Pradesh.	(d)	Madhya Pradesh.
83.	In whic	h year Indian Tobacco Company (I'	TC) e	ntered hotel industry:
	(a)	1958.	(b)	1956.
	(c)	1975.	(d)	1959.
84.	Which is	s the hotel on wheels:		
	(a)	Motel.	(b)	Rotel.
	(c)	Floatel.	(d)	Airtel.
85.	A hotel	situated near an airport is known a	ıs:	
	(a)	Floatel.	(b)	Airtel.
	(c)	Motel.	(d)	Rotel. Turn over

86.	The me	al which provides a choice of items	10.	
	(a)	Alacarte.	(b)	Table d' hote.
	(c)	Counter service.	(d)	None of these.
87.	Which	of the following provides the best pi	oof of	f identity when accepting a travelers cheque from
	a foreig	n guest?		
	(a)	The guest passport.	(b)	The guest cheque card.
	(c)	The guest driving license.	(d)	The guest credit card.
88.	Which	term refers to a dining system whe	re the	guest serve themselves?
	(a)	Back bar.	(b)	Banquet.
	(c)	Cocktail.	(d)	Buffet.
89.	Which	kind of F and B service included pa	ırtial	cooking and preparation?
	(a)	On premise.	(b)	Off premise.
	(c)	Room service department.	(d)	Bar and lounge.
90.	Which	type of restaurant are characteriz	ed by	their elaborate and exclusive menu with special
	empha	sis on the very high quality food th	ey se	rve:
	(a)	Fine dining restaurants.	(b)	All day dining restaurants.
	(c)	Specialty restaurants.	(d)	None of these.
91.	Which	term is an American term for 'Alco	hol B	ar':
	(a)	Back bar.	(b)	Banquet.
	(c)	Dram shop.	(d)	Deli.
92.	The ho	otel diary is a part of:		
	(a)	Personal event diary.	(b)	Record of activities.
	(c)	Reservation system.	(d)	Record of past event.
93.	The ho	otels are rated according to the :		
	(a)	Facilities on offer.	(b)	Location.
1.	(c)	Ownership.	(d)	a consolification.
94.	The de	epartment normally responsible for	oomii	sing rooms:
	(a)	Reception.		Translagening.
	(c)	Porterage.	(b)	- r :-tonance.
			(d)	Mainon

			10	
95.	VIP sta	tus could be given to guests because	e:	
	(a)	Every hotel needs to have VIP's.		-
	(b)	All the guest should be treated the	same	<b>&gt;.</b>
	(c)	Because they have to go through s		
	(d)	There are occasion when the gues social status.	t are	singled out for special attention because of their
96.	A guest	folio is:		
	(a)	A guest bill.	(b)	A guest report.
	(c)	A guest resume.	(d)	A guest history.
97.	Room a	llocation means :		10,
	(a)	Having enough rooms.		
	(b)	Room status.		
	(c)	Securing a vacant ready room gue	st to	occupy.
	(d)	Room diary.	<	
98.	If you a	are staying in a five star hotel, you	are a	in:
	(a)	Extra high budgeted tourist.		
	(b)	Guest of the hotel.		
	(c)	Middle budgeted tourist.		
	(d)	Guest of the company that has in	vited	you.
99.	What i	s the main feature of a time share e	stabl	ishment:
	(a)	It is a private property.		
	(b)	Its rooms / resources are shared by	/ gues	sts / tourists according to specified time schedules.
	(c)	It is a facility of one star grade.		
	(d)	None of these.		
100.	The gu	est enters into a large hotel from it	s:	
	(a)	Lobby.	(b)	Front Office.
	(c)	Reception	(d)	Restaurant.

101.	What is	s a motel?		
	(a)	A small Hotel.		
	(b)	A small hotel on the highway where		torists check in.
	(c)	A large hotel with packing facilities	5.	
	(d)	A hotel with a restaurant.		
102.	Which	one of the following is a heritage ho	tel?	
	(a)	Maurya Sheraton, Delhi.	(b)	Juhu Centaur, Mumbai.
	(c)	Rambagh Palace, Jaipur.	(d)	Leela Kem Peinsky , Mumbai.
103.	One wo	ould find boatels in:		
	(a)	Manali.	(b)	Srinagar.
	(c)	Loktak.	(d)	Ooty.
104.	Which	one of the following Organizations i	s ope	erating youth hostels around the world?
	(a)	CARE.	(b)	UNESCO.
	(c)	YMCA.	(d)	UNHCR.
105.	Which	restaurant chain was involved in a	contr	oversy related to beef follow?
	(a)	Me Donalds.	(b)	Nirulas.
	(c)	Kentucky Fried Chicken.	(d)	Wimpey's.
106.	Duplex	room is a room with:		
	(a)	Air conditioner.		
	(b)	Two storey's connected by stairs.		
	(c)	Room service facility.		
	(d)	An extra bed.		
107.	What is	s the best definition of hospitality?		
1.	(a)	Service.		
	(b)	Meeting the anticipation needs of	<i>«</i>	uests with kindness and goodwill.
	(c)	Businesses that provide services to	ur g	olo who are traveling.
	. (d)	A special room that is used to serve	peop refr	eshments to groups of people.

108.	To be a good employee in the hospitality industry you need skills to be able to deal with guests are	nd
	customers, to get along with others, and to be a good team player:	

- (a) Interpersonal Skills.
- (b) Accountability Skills.

(c) Only (a) and (b).

- (d) None of above.
- 109. A guest walks up to the front desk of the hotel and asks for a recommendation for a good place to eat. Which is the best way to respond to your guest?
  - (a) Tell your guest that is the concierge's job and she not working that day
  - (b) Direct your guest to the restaurant your friend owns.
  - (c) Tell your guest you are new in town and don't know the restaurants
  - (d) Ask your guest what type of food they like and offer them nearby restaurants to choose from.
- 110. To present a professional image of the company a receptionist should:
  - (a) Leave confidential paperwork lying on the reception desk where everyone can see it.
  - (b) Be calm and polite at all times, and deal with all of their enquiries in a professional and courteous manner.
  - (c) Point out to visitors any shortcomings in their dress style.
  - (d) Have pointless and casual conversations about the weather with all visitors.
- 111. Part of a receptionist's duty is to screen phone calls, the reason for this is to:
  - (a) Have casual conversations with the caller.
  - (b) Weed out unwanted sales calls, identify important calls and then only forward those on.
  - (c) Find out the number of the person calling, so you can call them back later.
  - (d) Get rid of all callers as fast as they can.
- 112. ITDC is a hospitality, retail and education company owned by the Government of India, under Ministry of Tourism. ITDC stands for ————.
  - (a) Indian Tourism Destination Corporation.
  - (b) Indian Tourist Development Company.
  - (c) India Tourist Destination Company.
  - (d) India Tourism Development Corporation.

113.	Identify	y the hierarchical sequence of the K	itche	n Staff:
	(a)	Chef d' cuisine, Sous chef, Chef d'	party	7.
	(b)	Chef d' party, Chef d' cuisine, Sou	ıs che	of.
	(c)	Sous chef, Chef d' party, Chef d' cr	uisine	9.
	(d)	Chef d' party, Sous chef, Chef d' cr	uisine	e.
114.	Which			es youth hostels around the World?
	(a)	UNICEF.	(b)	YMCA.
	(c)	UNHCR.	(d)	None of the above.
115.	The ter	m restaurant originated in which c	ountr	y ?
	(a)	Germany.	(b)	France.
	(c)	USA.	(d)	England.
116.	In whic	ch country are capsule hotels popula	ar?	51
	(a)	China.	(b)	Japan.
	(c)	Malaysia.	(d)	Vietnam.
117.	The ear	rliest lodging places were called	7	<u> </u>
	(a)	Motels.	(b)	Lodges.
	(c)	Public houses.	(d)	Inns.
118.	Which	one of the following is not available	in th	ne in-flight menu of international flights?
	(a)	Wine.	(b)	Beer.
	(c)	Cigarette.	(d)	Vodka.
119.	India's	first Net Route Server was set up a	t	<del></del> .
	(a)	Mumbai and New Delhi.	(b)	New Delhi and Bangalore.
1	(c)	Chennai and Mumbai.	(d)	Hyderabad and Bangalore.
120.	Which	gate was constructed in memory of		00 Indian soldiers dying in World War I ?
	(a)	Gateway of India, Mumbai.	(b)	India Gate, New Delhi.
	(c)	Buland Darwaja, Fatehpur Sikri.		Charminar, Hyderabad.
			(4)	$(100 \times 1 = 100 \text{ marks})$

D 10648	(Pages: 2)	Name
		Reg. No

### FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS—UG)

Hotel Management and Catering Science BSH/C5 D02—BASICS IN CULINARY

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours Maximum: 60 Marks

### Section A

Answer at least eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 16.

- 1. What is blanching?
- 2. Define Balanced diet.
- 3. What is HACCP?
- 4. What are the uses of double-breasted chef coat?
- 5. What is Danger Zone?
- 6. What is a Stock?
- 7. What is a Sauce?
- 8. How do you prepare Bechamel Sauce?
- 9. What do you use a green chopping board for?
- 10. What is cross contamination?
- 11. How do you hold cold food?
- 12. What is Griddling?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B

Answer at least **four** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 13. Explain cold food preparation standard procedure.
- 14. Explain the brown sauce with its recipe.

- 15. Write a note on Non-Perishable items.
- 16. Enlist aims and objectives of cooking.
- 17. What is Roasting? Give best food examples for roasting.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 18. Classify Sauces. Explain Mother Sauces.
- 19. Define Cross contamination. Explain Contamination Spoilages of Various Food with the Storing Method
- 20. Classify Stock. Explain the general ingredients used for making stocks.
- 21. What is Dry heat method of cooking? Explain each with suitable examples.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

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	J	Reg. No

# FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS—UG)

Hotel Management and Catering Science/Hotel Management

## BSH/C5 D01—TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours Maximum: 60 Marks

### Section A

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 16.

- 1. What are Natural Attractions?
- 2. What is VISA?
- 3. What is Adventure Tourism?
- 4. Explain Bed and Breakfast.
- 5. Who is a Travel Agent?
- 6. What is Catered Accommodation?
- 7. What is a FAM trip?
- 8. Elaborate WTTC.
- 9. Explain Retail Travel Agency.
- 10. What is Cabana?
- 11. What are Heritage Hotels?
- 12. What is Pilgrimage Tourism?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section B

Answer at least **four** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 13. What is Responsible Tourism?
- 14. Explain about Medical Tourism.
- 15. Differentiate between Travel Agents and Tour Operators.
- 16. Explain about the Harvest Festival of Kerala.
- 17. Why Dark Tourism is controversial?

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 18. Explain the various departments in a hotel.
- 19. Explain the Socio-Cultural Impact of Tourism.
- 20. Write an Essay on Rural Tourism.
- 21. Elucidate the Components of Tourism.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

<b>D</b> 10	645	(Pag	es:	10)	eg. No
]	FIFTH	SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE	E EX	KAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
		(CBCS	SS—	UG)	
		Hotel Management	and	Catering Science	e
		BSH 5B 08—COMPRE	HEN	NSIVE SELF ST	UDY
		(2019 A	Admi	ssions)	
Time :	Two .	Hours			Maximum: 100 Marks
		Answer any hu Each question			OF O
1.	Accomi	nodation units located near the Higl	hway	rs with Garage facil	lities are known as?
	a)	Cabana hotels.	b)	Motels.	
	c)	Downtown hotels.	d)	Casino Hotels.	
2.	Which	of the hotel chain is owned by Tata	?	2	
	a)	Oberoi.	b)	Тај.	
	<b>c</b> )	Sheraton.	d)	Trident.	
3.	Which	of the following is not a revenue gen	erati	ion department in a	a hotel?
	ล)	Food and Beverage.	b)	Front office.	
	c)	Safety and Security.	d)	Engineering.	
4.	Types	of rooms mostly situated on the high	est fl	loors of hotel buildi	ng are known as :
	a)	Pent houses.	b)	Suit rooms.	

d) Single room.

Turn over

c) Parlour.

5. An American meal plan includes:

a) All three meals.

b) Breakfast only.

c) Breakfast and Lunch.

d) No meals included.

6	. Skippe	ers in hotel terminology means:			
	a)	Guest who reserves accommod	ation	bυ	it fails to check in.
	b)	Guest who is not paying the ho	otel bi	lls	
	c)	A walk-in guest.			
	d)	None of these.			
7.	Which	of the following section is mainly	y resp	or	sible for luggage handling of the guests '
	a)	Security.		b)	Banquet.
	c)	Bell desk.		d)	Accounts.
8.	Which	department is responsible for given	ing r	001	n keys to the guest on his arrival?
	a)	Reception.	ł	<b>)</b>	Reservation.
	c)	Cashier.	Ċ	l)	Travel desk.
9.	The co	ncept of Capsule hotel was origina	ated i	'n	which country?
	a)	Zambia.	b	)	India.
	c)	Japan.	d	)	Bolivia.
10.	A gues	t who does not arrive to take a res	ervat	ioi	n is called as:
	a)	No Show.	<b>b</b> )	)	Skipper.
	c)	Guaranteed reservation.	<b>d</b> )	)	Walk in guest.
11.	A pract	ice in hotels to take more bookings	s thar	ı t	he total available rooms is called as:
	a)	Overbooking.	b)		Reservation by mistake.
	c)	Skimming pricing.	d)	j	None of the above.
12.	Which l	oread is a white yeast bread from I	taly	?	
	a)	Challah.	b)	I	Pumpernickel.
	c)	Brioche.	d)	C	Siabatta.
13.	House b	oats of Kerala are example for:			
	a)	Rotels.	b)	F	loatels.
	c)	Motels.	d)	R	esorts.
,					

14.	Which d	lepartment in hotel is responsible fo	r sen	nding C Form to FRRO?
	a)	Housekeeping.	b)	Human Resource.
	c)	Front Office.	d)	Security.
15.	The gue	est with minimum number of luggag	ge is	termed as:
	a)	Scanty Baggage.	b)	No Luggage.
	c)	Left Luggage.	d)	Some Luggage.
16.	Double	occupancy means:		
	a)	Two people sharing one room.		
	b)	A room which is booked twice.		
	c)	Two guests asked to share one room	m.	
	d)	Over booking.		
17.	When w	was the first hotel in India establish	ed?	C)
	a)	1903.	b)	1803.
	c)	1947.	d)	1957.
18.	S.O.P.	stands for ?	N	
	a)	Self-Operating Procedure.		
	b)	Service Operator Process.		
	c)	Standard Operating Procedure.		
	d)	All of above.		
19.	Which	among the following is not a dry coo	okiną	g method ?
	a)	Broiling.	b)	Poaching.
	c)	Baking.	d)	Roasting.
20.	A hote	el chain is :		
1	a)	Hotels connected to each other.		
	b)	Hotels in difficult centres/parts of		
)*	c)	Part of a group with hotels in diffe	erent	t locations.
	d)	Small hotels.		Turn over

21.	What is	s the main feature of a time share es	tablis	shment?
	a)	It is a private property.		
	b)	Its rooms / resources are shared by	guesi	ts / tourists according to specified time schedule
	c)	It is a facility of one star grade.		
	d)	None of these.		
22.	Modifie	ed American plan includes:		
	a)	Two meals of the day + Room rent.		
	b)	One meal of the day + Room rent.		
	c)	Breakfast + Room rent.		
	d)	None of these.		
23.	What i	s the other name for English Service	?	
	a)	Silver Service Style.	b)	Buffet Service Style.
	c)	Gueridon Service Style.	d)	Tray Service Style.
24.	Which	state has the maximum number of h	nerita	age hotels in India ?
	a)	Rajasthan.	b)	Uttar Pradesh.
	c)	Maharashtra.	d)	Karnataka.
25.	Guest	Cycle - which one is correct sequence	in b	elow options?
	a)	RegistrationChecked -In	R	eservationChecked Out.
	b)	ReservationChecked -In	R	egistrationChecked Out.
	c)	ReservationChecked Out	F	RegistrationChecked In.
	d)	ReservationRegistration	Cł	necked -InChecked Out.
26.	Who ta	kes care of complaint handling?		
	a)	Travel desk.	b)	Receptionist.
11	c)	GRE.	d)	Both (b) and (c).
27.	Which	term refers to a dining system where	the	guests serve themselves ?
	a)	Back bar.	b)	Banquet.
	c)	Cocktail.	d)	Buffet.

28.	To whic	h department does the concierge rep	ort '	?
	a)	Human resources.	b)	Front office.
	c)	Security.	d)	Accounting.
29.	Minimu	um number of lettable rooms in five-s	star	hotels is?
	a)	25.	b)	10.
	c)	50.	d)	All of the above.
30.	Food or	beverages served in guest room is l	now	n as:
	a)	Full service.	b)	Room service.
	c)	Service station.	d)	None of these.
31.	Which	of the following menu provides a cho	oice (	of items?
	a)	Ala carte.	b)	Table d' hote.
	c)	Counter service.	d)	None of these.
32.	The fire	st five-star hotel in India is :		,03
	a)	Taj Mahal Palace hotel - Mumbai.	b)	Hotel Ashoka - New Delhi.
	c)	Hotel Oberoi - New Delhi.	d)	Hotel Chola Sheraton - Chennai.
33.	What is	s used as the benchmark quotation o	f a ł	notel's room rate?
	a)	Corporate Rate.	b)	Restricted Rate.
	c)	Discount Rate.	d)	Rack Rate.
34.	Which	of the following is included in the Ro	oms	Division?
	a)	Guest Service.	b)	Security.
	c)	Housekeeping.	d)	All of the above.
35.	Which	fruit is the symbol of hospitality?		
	a)	Cherry.	b)	Mango.
11	<b>c</b> )	Pineapple.	d)	Apple.
36.	Which	organisation in India is awards star	rati	ngs to hotels?
•	a)	HRACC.	b)	FHRAI.
	<b>c</b> )	IHM.	d)	FICCI.

37.	What is	s the French name for cheese?		
	a)	Soumage.	b)	Fromage.
	c)	Homage.	d)	Poission.
38.	Accomr	nodation on wheels is known as —		
	a)	Rotels.	b)	Motels.
	c)	Chains.	d)	Hospice.
39.	Lodgin	g properties are a segment within th	ie ind	dustry:
	a)	Tourism.	b)	Hospital.
	c)	Hospitality.	d)	All of the above.
40.	The rat	tio of guest rooms sold (including com	ıplen	nentary no charge rooms) to guest rooms available
	for sale	e in a given time period:		
	a)	Hotel Rate.	b)	Occupancy Rate.
	c)	Room Rate.	d)	Rent.
41.		is the relationship between	en th	e guest and the host.
	a)	Hospitality.	b)	Hotel Management.
	c)	Franchisee.	d)	Tourism Management.
42.	Α	is known for its leisure	attra	action.
	a)	Resort.	b)	Hospital.
	c)	Hotel.	d)	Hospitality.
43.		is responsible for shifting	of b	aggage of guests, within and out of the room.
	a)	Doorman.	b)	Bell Captain.
	c)	Bellboy.	d)	Lobby Manager.
44.	Guestr	room brigade ———?		
	a)	Maintains cleanliness of foyer, lobb	y, fr	ont office and other common areas.
	b)	Deposits misplaced luggage of gues		
	c)	Upkeeps and cleans the guestrooms	š.	
	d)			ranges flowers in rooms and at various places.

<b>45</b> .		deposits misplaced lugga	ge of	guests.
	a)	Guestroom brigade.	b)	Public area brigade.
	c)	Lost and found section.	d)	Housekeeping management.
46.		e responsibility of this department t d pans used :	o ma	intain cleanliness in the kitchen and to wash the
	a)	Kitchen Stewarding.	b)	Kitchen.
	c)	Restaurant.	d)	Laundry.
47.		is who actually serve the	food	, ()'
	a)	Assistant waiter.	b)	Waiter.
	c)	Head Waiter.	d)	Restaurant Manager.
48.		perform the heavy clear	ing a	activities such as vacuuming, mopping, sweeping
	and shi	ifting of furniture.		
	a)	Floor Supervisor.	b)	Assistant Housekeeper.
	<b>c</b> )	Housemen.	d)	Gardner.
49.		the main purpose is to s	uppoi	t the gambling operations.
	a)	Resort Hotels.	b)	Casino Hotels.
	c)	All-Suite Hotels.	d)	Economy Hotels.
50.	Α	hotel is located in the c	entre	of the city or within a short distance from business
	centre,	shopping areas, theatres, public of	ices (	etc. ··
	a)	Downtown.	b)	Sub-urban.
	c)	Airport.	d)	Resort.
51.		l owned by a single owner who migh nder of the year :	ıt use	e it for some part of the year and rent it out for the
	a)	Convention hotel.	b)	Destination.
	<b>c</b> )	Extended stay hotel.	d)	Condominium.
52.	Expan	d FIT:		
	a)	Free Inclusion Traveller.	b)	Free Independent Traveller.
	c)	Free Indented Traveller.	d)	For Independent Traveller.
				Turn over

53.	FHRAI	stands for?		
	a)	Federation of Hotel and Restauran	t Ass	sociation of India.
	b)	Federation of Hospital and Restau	rant .	Association of India.
	c)	Federation of Hospitality and Rest	aura	nt Association of India.
	d)	Federation of Hotel and Restauran	t Ass	sociation of Indonesia.
54.	It is a	type of hotel originated in Japan	whic	ch provides small and bed-only cabinets for its
	guests:			
	a)	Green Hotels.	b)	Capsule Hotel.
	c)	Ice Hotel.	d)	Cave Hotels.
55.		———— are mainly located in cou	ntry	side, especially in forests.
	a)	Green Hotels.	b)	Capsule Hotel.
	<b>c</b> )	Ice Hotel.	d)	Tree House.
56.	In ancie	ent era small hotels in Switzerland	were	called as ———?
	a)	Huts.	b)	Hotel.
	c)	Chalets.	d)	Tree House.
57.	The pr	imitive lodging house in India were	knov	vn as
	a)	Hotel.	b)	Inns.
	<b>c</b> )	Restaurants.	d)	Home.
58.	A hous	seboat hotel is referred to as ———		?
	a)	Floatel.	b)	Boatel.
	c)	Motel.	d)	Rotel.
59.	Α	room has four separate	singl	e beds and can accommodate four persons together
	in the	same room.		
	a)	Twin.	þ)	Quad.
	(c)	· ·	d)	Queen.
60.		comprises two room s	ituat	ed on different floors, which are connected by an
	intern	nal staircase.		
	a)		b)	Hospitality Room.
	<b>c</b> )	) Duplex.	4)	Sample Room.

9

61.	The —	———— is located very close t	o the	e main entrance of the hotel.
	a)	Front Office Desk.	b)	Communication Section.
	c)	Security Office.	d)	Bell desk.
62.	Shifting	g of guest luggage from one room to	anot	her in absence of guest :
	a)	Baggage Carrier.	b)	Shifting.
	c)	Dead Move.	d)	Inessential.
63.	Room s	ituated near swimming pool is called	l —	?
	a)	Cabana.	b)	Studio.
	c)	Parlor.	d)	Adjacent.
64.	A guest	t record of charges and payments		10
	a)	Meal Plan.	b)	Folio.
	c)	Tariff.	d)	Rack Rate.
65.	Escorti	ing the guest to his room is the duty	of —	?
	a)	Doorman.	b)	Bellboy.
	c)	Bell Captain.	d).	Bell Desk.
66.	A Dhai	ramshala is suitable for :		
	a)	Those business man who can stay	in gr	raded hotels.
	b)	Low-income families.		
	c)	Only rich merchants.		
	d)	All the above.		
67.	What i	s the main feature of a time share es	stabl	ishment?
	a)	It is a private property.		
	b)		gue	sts / tourists according to specified time schedules.
		It is a facility of one star grade.		
	d)	None of these.	give	on to the
68.		ngle bedroom, the number of glasses	b)	2.
	a)		d)	None of these.
	<b>c</b> )	4.	٠,	Trotte of these.

69.	Where i	is hotel Ashok located in New Delhi	:	
	a)	Jor Bagh.	b)	Chanakya puri.
	c)	Sunder Nagar.	d)	New Friends Colony.
70.	The gue	est enters into a large hotel from its	•	
	a)	Lobby.	b)	Front Office.
	c)	Reception.	d)	Restaurant.
71.		ils are mixed only by expert cocktain of their skills. Why is that so?	l ma	kers or experienced bar tenders. Infact, they are
	a)	Cocktails are difficult to make.		
	b)	It is important to mix different liquid should not digest on add cocktail a		and fruit juices in a correct proportion, the guest ecome sick.
	c)	They are at the forefront of the sa their cocktail making skills.	iles d	lepartments in the bar and so, they feel proud of
	d)	They know how to make ready mix	kture	es in style and hence are proud of their skills.
72.	Which	one of the following is not available	in tl	ne in-flight menu ?
	(a)	Beer.	b)	Red wine.
	c)	White wine.	d)	Cigarettes.
73.	ARR is	s the term used in hotel industry for	iden	tifying:
	a)	Average Revenue Rate.	b)	Average Room Rate.
	c)	Average Rack Revenue.	d)	Actual Room Rate.
74.	Identi	fy an international franchise hotel cl	hain	:
	a)	Taj Group.	b)	ITC Welcome Group.
	<b>c</b> )	Marriots.	d)	Lemon Tree.
75.	"Tabl	e d' hot" is a term related to :		
11	a)	1005.	b)	Fixed number of items in a menu.
$\langle A \rangle$	c)	m a menu.	d)	Options for guest to prepare their own menu.
76.	. A food	I service operation of a limited menu	and:	self service is :
	a)		b)	Bar.
	c)	Cafeteria.	d)	None of these.

77.	A hotel e	employee who handles restaurant a	nd to	our reservations, travel arrangements etc is:
	a)	Housekeeper.	b)	Chef De Cuisine.
	c)	Concierge.	d)	None of these.
78.	A hotel 1	room with all guest rooms occupied	is ca	lled:
		Green House.	<b>b</b> )	Full House.
	c)	Houseful.	d)	None of these.
79.	Regular	published rate of a hotel or other to	ravel	I service is called :
	a)	Room Rate.	b)	Rack Rate.
	c)	Normal Rate.	d)	None of these.
80.	Food or	beverages served in guest room is l	cnow	n as:
	a)	Full service.	b)	Room service.
	c)	Service station.	d)	None of these.
81.	What i	s mocktail?		25'
	a)	It is liquor mixed with fruit juices.		
	b)	It is a combination of fruit juices to	astef	ully garnished but sans.
	c)	Alcohol.	1	
	d)	It is a type of draught beer.	*	
82.	Which	is the first state in India to convert	its M	Iaharaja's into hotel :
	a)	Rajasthan.	b)	Kashmir.
	c)	Uttar Pradesh.	d)	Madhya Pradesh.
83	. In wh	ich year Indian Tobacco company (IT	'C) e	entered hotel industry:
	a)	1958.	b)	1956.
	c)		d)	1959.
84	. Which	n is the hotel on wheels		
. 1	a)		b)	Rotel.
	c)		d)	Airtel.
85		el situated near an airport is known a		•
	a)	Floatel.	b)	Airtel.
	c)	Motel	d)	Rotel

86.	The me	al which provides a choice of items is	3:	_
	a)	Alacarte.	b)	Table d' hote.
	<b>c</b> )	Counter service.	d)	None of these.
87.	Which o	of the following provides the best pro	of of	identity when accepting a travelers cheque from
	a foreig	n guest?		
	a)	The guest passport.	b)	The guest cheque card.
	<b>c</b> )	The guest driving license.	d)	The guest credit card.
88.	Which	term refers to a dining system where	e the	guest serve themselves?
	a)	Back bar.	b)	Banquet.
	<b>c</b> )	Cocktail.	d)	Buffet.
89.	Which	kind of F and B service included par	tial o	cooking and preparation?
	a)	On premise.	b)	Off premise.
	c)	Room service department.	d)	Bar and lounge.
90.		type of restaurant are characterized sis on the very high quality food the		their elaborate and exclusive menu with special ve :
	a)	Fine dining restaurants.	b)	All day dining restaurants.
	c)	Specialty restaurants.	d)	None of these.
91.	Which	term is an American term for 'Alcoh	ol Ba	r':
	a)	Back bar.	b)	Banquet.
	c)	Dram shop.	d)	Deli.
92.	The ho	otel diary is a part of:		
	a)	Personal event diary.	b)	Record of activities.
	c)	Reservation system.	d)	Record of past event.
93.	The ho	tels are rated according to the :		
	a)	Facilities on offer.	b)	Location.
1	c)	Ownership.	d)	Staff qualification.
94.	The de	epartment normally responsible for se	ervic	ing rooms:
) *	a)	Reception.	b)	Housekeeping.
	c)	Porterage.	d)	Maintenance.
			ω,	

			10	
95.	VIP sta	tus could be given to guests because	e:	
	a)	Every hotel needs to have VIP's.		
	b)	All the guest should be treated the	sam	e.
	c)	Because they have to go through s		
	d)	There are occasion when the guest social status.	are	singled out for special attention because of their
96.	A guest	folio is:		
	a)	A guest bill.	b)	A guest report.
	c)	A guest resume.	d)	A guest history.
97.	Room a	allocation means :		10,
	a)	Having enough rooms.		
	b)	Room status.		
	c)	Securing a vacant ready room gue	st to	occupy.
	d)	Room diary.	<	
98.	If you	are staying in a five star hotel, you	are a	nn:
	a)	Extra high budgeted tourist.		
	b)	Guest of the hotel.		
	c)	Middle budgeted tourist.		
	d)	Guest of the company that has inv	ited	you.
99.	What is	s the main feature of a time share es	stabl	ishment:
	a)	It is a private property.		
	b)	Its rooms / resources are shared by	gues	ets / tourists according to specified time schedules.
	<b>c</b> )	It is a facility of one star grade.		
	d)	None of these.		
100	. The gu	est enters into a large hotel from its	:	
	a)	Lobby.	b)	Front Office.
	c)	Reception.	d)	Restaurant.

101.	What is	s a motel ?		
	a)	A small Hotel.		
	b)	A small hotel on the highway where		torists check in.
	c)	A large hotel with parking facilities	; <b>.</b>	
	d)	A hotel with a restaurant.		
102.	Which o	one of the following is a heritage hot	el?	
	a)	Maurya Sheraton, Delhi.	b)	Juhu Centaur, Mumbai.
	c)	Rambagh Palace, Jaipur.	d)	Leela Kem peinsky , Mumbai.
103.	One wo	ould find boatels in :		
	a)	Manali.	b)	Srinagar.
	<b>c</b> )	Loktak.	d)	Ooty.
104.	Which	one of the following Organizations is	s ope	erating youth hostels around the world?
	a)	CARE.	b)	UNESCO.
	c)	YMCA.	d)	UNHCR.
105.	Which	restaurant chain was involved in a c	ontr	roversy related to beef follow?
	a)	Mc Donalds.	b)	Nirulas.
	c)	Kentucky Fried Chicken.	d)	Wimpey's.
106.	Duplex	room is a room with:		
	a)	Air conditioner.		
	b)	Two storey's connected by stairs.		
	<b>c</b> )	Room service facility.		
		An extra bed.		
107.	What is	s the best definition of hospitality?		
1/	a)	Service.		
	b)	Meeting the anticipation needs of o	_	
,	c)	Businesses that provide services to		
	d)	A special room that is used to serve	refr	eshments to groups of people.

108.	To be a good employee in the hospitality industry you need skills to be able to deal with guests and
	customers, to get along with others, and to be a good team player:

- a) Interpersonal Skills.
- b) Accountability Skills.

c) Only (a) and (b).

- d) None of above.
- 109. A guest walks up to the front desk of the hotel and asks for a recommendation for a good place to eat. Which is the best way to respond to your guest?
  - a) Tell your guest that is the concierge's job and she not working that day.
  - b) Direct your guest to the restaurant your friend owns.
  - c) Tell your guest you are new in town and don't know the restaurants.
  - d) Ask your guest what type of food they like and offer them nearby restaurants to choose from.
- 110. To present a professional image of the company a receptionist should:
  - a) Leave confidential paperwork lying on the reception desk where everyone can see it.
  - b) Be calm and polite at all times, and deal with all of their enquiries in a professional and courteous manner.
  - c) Point out to visitors any shortcomings in their dress style.
  - d) Have pointless and casual conversations about the weather with all visitors.
- 111. Part of a receptionist's duty is to screen phone calls, the reason for this is to:
  - a) Have casual conversations with the caller.
  - b) Weed out unwanted sales calls, identify important calls and then only forward those on.
  - c) Find out the number of the person calling, so you can call them back later.
  - d) Get rid of all callers as fast as they can.
- 112. ITDC is a hospitality, retail and education company owned by the Government of India, under Ministry of Tourism. ITDC stands for —————.
  - a) Indian Tourism Destination Corporation.
  - b) Indian Tourist Development Company.
  - c) India Tourist Destination Company.
  - d) India Tourism Development Corporation.

113.	Identify	the hierarchical sequence of the Ki	tche	n Staff:
	a)	Chef d' cuisine, Sous chef, Chef d' p		
	b)	Chef d' party, Chef d' cuisine, Sous		
	c)	Sous chef, Chef d' party, Chef d' cu	isine	e.
	d)	Chef d' party, Sous chef, Chef d' cu	isine	e.
114.	Which o	one of the following organizations op	erat	es youth hostels around the World?
	a)	UNICEF.	b)	YMCA.
	c)	UNHCR.	d)	None of the above.
115.	The ter	m restaurant originated in which co	untr	y ?
	a)	Germany.	b)	France.
	c)	USA.	d)	England.
116.	In whice	ch country are capsule hotels popular	r ?	251
	a)	China.	b)	Japan.
	c)	Malaysia.	d)	Vietnam.
117.	The ear	rliest lodging places were called,	7	<del></del> ,
	a)	Motels.	b)	Lodges.
	<b>c</b> )	Public houses.	d)	Inns.
118.	Which	one of the following is not available	in th	ne in-flight menu of international flights?
	a)	Wine.	b)	Beer.
	c)	Cigarette.	d)	Vodka.
119.	India's	first Net Route Server was set up at		
	a)	Mumbai and New Delhi.	b)	New Delhi and Bangalore.
		Chennai and Mumbai.	d)	Hyderabad and Bangalore.
120.	Which		90,00	00 Indian soldiers dying in World War I?
Χ,	a)	Gateway of India, Mumbai.	b)	India Gate, New Delhi.
	c)	Buland Darwaja, Fatehpur Sikri.	d)	Charminar, Hyderabad.

D 10	.0547 (Pages: 2)	Na	ame
		Re	eg. No
]	FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINA	TION,	NOVEMBER 2021
	(CBCSS—UG)		
	В.Т.Н.М.		
	BTH 5D 01—TOURISM AND HOSPITALI	TY MAN	IAGEMENT
	(2019 Admissions)		
ľime	e: Two Hours		Maximum: 60 Marks
	Section A		CY
	Answer at least <b>eight</b> question Each question carries 2 mark All questions can be attende Overall Ceiling 16.	ks.	OF
1.	. Define "Motivation".	17	
2.	. Who is a tourist?		
3.	. Give any four examples of natural attraction.	) `	
4.	. Define "inclusive tour."		
5.	. Define "Mass tourism."		
6.	. Who is a wholesale travel agent?		
7.	. Differentiate Cultural tourism and Heritage tourism.		
8.	. What is a VISA?		
9.	. What do you mean by a floatel?		
10.	. Who is an inbound tour operator?		
11.	. What is Supplementary accommodation?		

Section B

Answer at least four questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

13. Discuss the components of tourism with appropriate examples.

14. Explain the activities of Kerala Tourism Development Corporation.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

12. What is a Lobby

- 15. Point out the different types of passports issuing in India.
- 16. State the principles of eco-tourism.
- 17. Write down the functions of a travel agency.
- 18. Explain the role of IRCTC in tourism development.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 19. Evaluate the positive and negative impacts of tourism industry.
- 20. List out and explain the various luxurious tourist trains and their services in India.
- 21. Explain the different types of rooms in a star hotel.
- 22. List out an explain the important eco-tourism destinations in Kerala.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

D 10546	(Pa <sub>j</sub>	ges :	10) Name
			Reg. No
FIFT	H SEMESTER U.G. DEGRE	E E	XAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021
	(CBC	SS-	-UG)
	B.'	Г.Н.І	M.
	BTH 5B 15—COMPRE	HEN	SIVE SELF STUDIES
	(2019 A	Admi	ssions)
Time : Two	Hours		Maximum: 60 Marks
	Answer any Each questio	_	_
1. The v	erse "Atithi Devo Bhava" is taken fro	m w	hich of the following Upanishad:
a)	Katha Upanishad.	<b>b</b> )	MandukyaUpanishad.
<b>c</b> )	Kena Upanishad.	d)	Taittiriya Upanishad.
2. A pra	ctice in hotels to take more bookings	than	the total available rooms is called as ———.
a)	Over booking.	b)	Reservation by mistake.
c	Skimming pricing.	d)	None of the above.
3. Earlie	est lodging places are called	1	
<b>a</b> )	Inns.	b)	Restaurants.
c	Motels.	d)	None of these.
4. Las V	egas is the best example for:		
a)	Casino Hotels.	b)	Heritage Hotels.
<b>c</b> )	Budget Hotels.	d)	None of these.
5. Hotels	s established on luxury liners or ship	•	
a)	Airport hotel.	b)	Motel.
<b>c</b> )	Suburban hotel.	d)	Floating hotel.

Fish preparation.

None of these.

6. Chef poissonier specializes in:

Vegetarian.

Meat.

Turn over

7.	Availa	bility of trained ———— is essenti	al for	r tourism
	a)	Manpower.	b)	Candidates.
	c)	Caterers.	d)	Hoteliers.
8.	Which	of the following is an international h	ıotel	in India ?
	a)	Mariott.	b)	Meridian.
	c)	Sheraton.	d)	All of the above.
9.	A stand	dard rate charged by a hotel from th	e gu	ests is known as:
	a)	Rack rate.	b)	Group rate.
	<b>c</b> )	Wholesale rate.	d)	Package rate.
10.	Suite h	notels usually feature :		
	a)	Several types of food and beverage	serv	vices.
	b)	More public areas and guest service	es th	an other hotels.
	c)	Guestrooms with separate bedroom	s an	d living rooms.
	d)	Leisure sports activities.		
11.	HACCI	P certificate in hotels stands for :	7	
	a)	Hazard Analysis and Critical Contr	ol Po	oint.
	b)	Hazard Analysis and Crucial Contr	ol Po	oint.
	c)	Health Analysis and Critical Contro	ol Po	int.
	d)	Health Analysis and Crucial Contro	ol Po	int.
12.	Diltoh 1	roaming hai' is the tag line of which	of th	e following company?
	a)	Reliance jio.	b)	Make My Trip.
	c)	Yatra.com.	d)	Trip Advisor.
13.	To whic	h department does the concierge rep	ort?	•
$\lambda$	a)	HRM.	b)	Front office.
	c)	Security.	d)	Accounting.

14.	Which	of the hotel chain is owned by Tata	?	
	a)	Oberoi.	b)	Taj.
	c)	Sheraton.	d)	Trident.
15.	Which	of the following types of hotels would	l like	ely appeal most to pleasure/ leisure travelers?
	a)	Airport hotels.	b)	Resort hotels.
	c)	Residential hotel	d)	Convention hotel.
16.	EIH be	elongs to which hotel group:		
	a)	The Oberoi Group.	b)	The Taj Group.
	c)	Asian Hotels.	d)	Leela Group.
17.	Name o	of the hotel which are located near a	airp	ort:
	a)	Transient hotel.	b)	Residential hotel.
	<b>c</b> )	Luxurious hotel.	d)	None of these.
18.	Which	of the statements below best describe	es a	preventative security solution?
	a)	Using electronic recordable key ent	ry to	guest rooms.
	b)	Installing cameras on cashiers and	cash	drawers as well as exterior doors.
	c)	Bolt televisions and artwork secure	ly to	furniture or walls.
	d)	All are appropriate preventative so	lutio	n.
19.	A guest	t who comes to hotel without prior Re	eserv	vation for a guest room is called:
	a)	Company guest.	b)	In house guest.
	c)	Walk in.	d)	Walking.
20.	'OPERA	A' is a :		
	a)	Travel company.	b)	Software used for reservation of hotel rooms.
	<b>c</b> )	Airline charter company	d)	Franchise hotel chain.
21.	IATA st	tands for:		
	a)	Indian air transport association.		
1	b)	International air transport associat	ion.	
	c)	International air traffic association.		
<b>*</b>	d)	Indian air traffic association.		

The cor	ncept of Capsule hotel was originated	l in v	which country:
a)	Zambia.	b)	India.
c)	Japan.	d)	Bolivia.
	—— is a unique tourism product orga	anise	ed in the state of Rajasthan.
a)	Kumbh mela.	b)	Mahamagham.
c)	Pushkar Mela.	d)	Odissa handicraft Festival.
Who is	generally in charge in a hotel kitche	n?	
a)	Garde manager.	b)	Chef tournant.
c)	Executive chef.	d)	Sous chef.
Which	of the following is a way in which M	arke	eting affects menu planning in a restaurant?
a)	Demographics (gender, income, age	, far	nily status, ethnicity) of the guests.
b)	Purpose of the guest's visit (guest's	war	ats and needs).
c)	None are correct.		22,
d)	Both a) and b) are correct.		
Which	of the following section is mainly res	pon	sible for luggage handling of the guests?
a)	Security.	b)	Banquet.
c)	Bell desk.	d)	Accounts.
A dens	ity chart is used in hotels for:		
a)	Controlling hotels staff.		
b)	Referring the availability of hotel re	ooms	s of particular type.
c)	Verifying the usage of hotel linen.		
d)	Controlling the hotel facilities.		
FRRO	stands for:		
a)	Foreign Regional Registration Offic	e.	
b)	Foreigners Residing Registration O	ffice	r.
c)	Foreign exchange Region registrati	on C	Office.
d)	None of the above.		
	a) c)  a) c) Who is a) c) Which a) c) d) Which a) c) A dens a) b) c) d) FRRO b) c) c)	a) Zambia. c) Japan. is a unique tourism product organal Kumbh mela. c) Pushkar Mela. Who is generally in charge in a hotel kitcher a) Garde manager. c) Executive chef. Which of the following is a way in which Manal Demographics (gender, income, age b) Purpose of the guest's visit (guest's c) None are correct. d) Both a) and b) are correct. Which of the following section is mainly reseable a) Security. c) Bell desk. A density chart is used in hotels for: a) Controlling hotels staff. b) Referring the availability of hotel reconstruction of the controlling the hotel facilities. FRRO stands for: a) Foreign Regional Registration Office b) Foreigners Residing Registration Office c) Foreign exchange Region registration	a) Zambia. c) Japan.  is a unique tourism product organise and the product of the push of the following is a way in which Market and Demographics (gender, income, age, farther and is a unique tourism product organise and product organise and product organise and product organise and the product of the following is a way in which Market and Demographics (gender, income, age, farther and product organise and product org

29.	Which among the following is not a dry cooking method?			
	a)	Broiling.	b)	Poaching.
	c)	Baking.	d)	Roasting.
30.	Modifie	ed American plan includes :		
	a)	Two meals of the day + Room rent.		
	b)	One meal of the day + Room rent.		
	c)	Breakfast + Room rent.		
	d)	None of these.		/ 0"
31.	Which	of the following is the role of a trave	l age	ency?
	a)	Travel agents also provide destination itinerary.	tion	s transfer services to the clients as per the tour
	b)	It acts as a local agent to confirm Wholesaler.	n ar	nd reconfirm the services reserved by the tour
	c)	It negotiates the terms and condition	ns fo	or commission with principal suppliers.
	d)	All of the above.	1	
32.		with a balcony which generally over beauty:	look	s a garden, waterfall or any other such element of
	a)	Lanai.	b)	Suite.
	c)	Cabana.	d)	Pent house.
33.	GDS m	eans:		
	a)	Global Distribution System.	b)	Green Distribution System.
	<b>c</b> )	Global Development System.	d)	Green Deposit System.
34.	Which	of the following is not a front office r	nodu	tle of the typical property management system?
	a)	Room management.	b)	Food and beverage management.
. \$	c)	Reservation management.	d)	Guest accounting management.
35.	Hotels	with more than 1000 rooms are know	vn a	s:
	a)	Mega hotel	b)	Large hotel.
	c)	Small hotel.	d)	Medium hotel.  Turn over

36.	What a	are Rotels?		
	a)	Hotel on train.	b)	Hotel on air.
	c)	Hotel on water.	d)	Hotel on land.
37.	A hote	l which is located in the centre of the ng areas, theatres, public offices etc.	e city is :	y or within a short distance from business centre
	a)	Down town hotel.		
	b)	Sub urban hotel.		
	c)	Motel.		
	d)	Resort hotel.		
38.	Which	of the following menu provides a cho	oice o	of items?
	a)	Alacarte.	b)	Table d hote.
	<b>c</b> )	Counter service.	d)	None of these.
39.	Which	one of the following is not a public a	rea i	in a hotel?
	a)	Swimming pool.	b)	Coffee shop.
	c)	Guest rooms.	d)	Lobby.
<b>40</b> .	Which	organisation in India awards star ra	ting	s to hotels?
	a)	HRACC.	b)	FHRAI.
	c)	IHM.	d)	FICCI.
41.	Who ta	kes care of complaint handling?		
	a)	Travel desk.	b)	Receptionist.
	· c)	GRE.	d)	Both b) & c).
42.	accomm	—— means any building equippe nodations are rented to temporary or	ed, u tran	sed to the public.as a place where sleeping sient guests.
	a)	Hospital.	b)	Wash Room.
	(c)	Hotel.	d)	None of the above.
43.	Rooms a	at different levels or floors and both	bein	g connected by stairs is known as:
	a)	Lanai.	b)	Suite.
	c)	Cabana.	۹)	Duplex.

44.	Hotene	er means:		
	a)	Worker of the house keeping depa	rtme	nt.
	b)	Owner of the restaurant.		
	c)	Manager of the front office.		
	d)	A manager or owner of a hotel.		
45.	The far	nous church Basilica of Bom Jesus i	is loca	ated in :
	a)	Kerala.	b)	Pondicherry.
	c)	Nagaland.	d)	Goa.
46.	Which	state has the maximum number of	herit	age hotels in India ?
	a)	Rajasthan.	b)	Uttar Pradesh.
	c)	Maharashtra.	d)	Karnataka.
47.	Lodgin	g properties are a segment within t	he in	dustry:
	a)	Tourism.	b)	Hospital.
	c)	Hospitality.	d)	All the above.
48.	<del></del>	—— is responsible for shifting of ba	ggage	e of guests, within and out of the room.
	a)	Doorman.	b)	Bell Captain.
	c)	Lobby Manager.	d)	Bellboy.
49.	The div	vision of biosphere which contains m	inera	als, coals etc. is called:
	(a)	Lithosphere.	(b)	Atmosphere.
	(c)	Hydrosphere.	(d)	Troposphere.
50.	The fire	st five star hotel in India is :		
	a)	Taj Mahal Palace hotel - Mumbai.		
	b)	Hotel Ashoka - New Delhi.		
	c)	Hotel Oberoi - New Delhi		
	d)	Hotel Chola Sheraon - Chennai.		

51.	Dhokl	a is a savory snack that originates t	rom	which State?
	(a)	Rajasthan.	(b)	Delhi.
	(c)	Tamil Nadu.	(d)	Gujarat.
52.	Which	one of the following Organizations	is or	perating youth hostels around the world?
	a)	CARE.	b)	UNESCO.
	c)	YMCA.	d)	UNHCR.
53.	The th	neme of World Tourism Day 2021 is	•	
	a)	Tourism for Inclusive Growth.		, ()'
	b)	Tourism and Rural Development.		
	c)	Tourism and Jobs: a better future	for a	all.
	d)	None of the above.		
54.	Identif	fy the hierarchical sequence:		
	a)	Chef de cuisine, Sous chef, Chef d	le pa	rtie.
	b)	Chef de partie, Chef de cuisine , S	ous (	chef.
	c)	Sous chef, Chef de partie, Chef de	cuis	ine.
	d)	Chef de partie, Sous chef, Chef de	cuis	ine.
55.	A grou	p of hotels that are owned or manag	ed b	y one company is called
	a)	Franchise Hotels.	b)	Freeway Hotels.
	c)	Referral chain Hotels.	d)	Chain Hotels.
56.	Thenma	ala is an ——— tourism destina	ition	in Kerala.
	a)	Sports.	b)	Eco.
	<b>c</b> )	Cultural.	d)	Agri.
57.	Pension	s are found in		
	a)	UK and France.	b)	Europe and USA.
1	c)	India and Europe.	d)	None of these.
8.	The star	ndard cocktail glass is often referred	l to a	s:
, *		Flute.	b)	Martini.
	c)	Hurricane.	d).	an cahioned.
			-,	

59.	Custon	ners who want to stay for a longer pe	eriod	prefer:
	a)	Commercial Hotels.	b)	Resort Hotel.
	c)	Residential Hotels.	d)	Motels.
60.	Which	of the following are Ecotels in India	?	
	a)	The Rain Tree.	b)	The Fern, Jaipur.
	c)	Rodas, Mumbai.	d)	All the above.
61.	Itinera	ry is also known as :		
	a)	Tour Plan.	b)	Tour Product.
	c)	Travel Facilities.	d)	Tour services.
62.	The siz	te of the bed in king room is:		10.
	a)	60" × 80".	b)	80" × 72".
	c)	45" × 60".	d)	60" × 60".
63.	Who is	responsible for guest laundry service	e ?	23
	a)	Laundry Manager.	b)	Laundry Valet.
	c)	Floor Supervisor.	d)	Concierge.
64.	A food	service operation of a limited menu a	and s	self-service is :
	a)	Buffet.	b)	Bar.
	c)	Pantry.	d)	Grill room.
65.		—— attendant is responsible to check	k, cle	ean and restock all public area restrooms.
	a)	Cloakroom.	b)	Bell.
	c)	Front office.	d)	Room.
66.	Who is	the head of the housekeeping depar	tmer	at?
	a)	Chef De Cuisine.	b)	Executive Housekeeper.
	c)	Engineer.	d)	None of these.
67.	7.	— are mainly located in countrysid	e, es	specially in forests.
	a)	Green Hotels.	b)	Capsule Hotel.
	c)	Ice Hotel.	d)	Tree House.
				Turn over

68.	Where	is hotel Ashok located in	New Delhi?			
	<b>a</b> )	New Friends Colony.	b)	Chanakya j	puri.	
	c)	Sunder Nagar.	d)	JorBagh.	,	
69.		room has four sepane room.	arate single be	ds and can ac	commodate four p	persons together in
	a)	Twin.	b)	Quad.		
	c)	King.	d)	Queen.		
70.		e responsibility of this dep d pans used :	partment to ma	iintain cleanli	iness in the kitche	en and to wash the
	a)	Kitchen Stewarding.	b)	Kitchen.		
	c)	Restaurant.	·d)	Laundry.		
O,						

D 10545	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg. No

# FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS—UG)

#### **BTHM**

# BTH 5B 14—EVENT MANAGEMENT

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

#### Section A

Answer at least eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 16.

- 1. What is Staging?
- 2. Who is an event co-ordinator?
- 3. What is Backdrop?
- 4. Write down the concept of Sporting event?
- 5. What is Travel Desk?
- 6. What is Teleconferencing?
- 7. What do you mean by event decoration?
- 8. What is the importance of venue in event management?
- 9. Who are spectators?
- 10. What are leisure events?
- 11. What is WTM event?
- 12. What is Event evaluation?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

#### Section B

Answer at least **four** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 13. Explain the different types of events.
- 14. Discuss the role of advertisement in event marketing.
- 15. Explain the steps involved in designing the material for display in an exhibition.
- 16. State the importance of communication in event management.
- 17. Describe the various activities of back stage management.
- 18. How to organize a sports tournament? Explain.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 19. 'Stage decoration plays a vital role in event management' —Evaluate the statement.
- 20. Illustrate the crucial role of show manager in planning a successful Tourism Fair.
- 21. Health, safety and water are high priority areas in event organization—Illustrate.
- 22. Discuss the relevance of trade fairs and travel marts in tourism promotion.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

D 10080	(Paş	ges:	14)	Name
				Reg. No
FIFT	H SEMESTER U.G. DEGREI	E EX	KAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
	(CUCB	CSS-	–UG)	
Hotel M	Ianagement and Catering Science	and	Hotel Managen	nent and Culinary Arts
	BCH 5B 08—COMPRI	EHE	NSIVE SELF ST	UDY
	(2017 A	Admis	ssions)	
Time: Three	Hours			Maximum : 100 Marks
	Answer a Each question	-		
1. Smal	l crack stage of sugar is formed at —		°C	O,
(a	_	(b)	153.	
(c		(d)	119.	
	od of mechanical leavening is:	(4)	22	
(a	Folding.	(b)	Rolling.	
(c	e) Beating.	(d)	None of these.	
3. Brais	sing is a combination of :			
(a	) Boiling and roasting.	(b)	Roasting and stea	aming.
(c	) Roasting and stewing.	(d)	Stewing and grill	ing.
4. Frenc	ch term for "rare done" is:			
(a	) Au bleu.	(b)	A point.	
(с	) Biencuit.	(d)	Saignant.	
5. Take	out the odd one:			
(a	) Puree.	(b)	Consommé.	
(c	) Chowder.	(d)	Bisque.	
6. A fric	eassee is a:			
(a	) Braise.	(b)	Pot roast.	
(c	) Stew.	(d)	Roast.	Turn over
				iuin over

7.	Re-cha	uffe means:		
	(a)	Re heat.	(b)	Re use.
	(c)	Retrieve.	(d)	Re make.
8.	Blinis r	means:		
	(a)	Pancake.	(b)	Caviar.
	(c)	Strainer.	(d)	Oyster.
9.	Brioche	e is from :		
	(a)	Italy.	(b)	France.
	(c)	Germany.	(d)	Australia.
10.	Fukien	is a cooking style from:		
	(a)	China.	(b)	French.
	(c)	German.	(d)	India.
11.	Miniat	ure cream puff prepared with chou	paste	is:
	(a)	Croutons.	(b)	Croutes.
	(c)	Profiteroles.	(d)	Beignet.
12.	Veal is	the term given to the animal not m	ore th	nan:
	(a)	1 year old.	(b)	3 months.
	(c)	6 months.	(d)	11/2year.
13.	The do	cument used by departments to issu	e iter	ns from store:
	(a)	Purchase Requisition.		
	(b)	Purchase order.		
	(c)	Inter Departmental Transfer.		
	(d)	Indent.		
14.	Color g	as cylinder is associated with :		
,	(a)	Gueridon trolley.	(b)	Industrial kitchen.
	(c)	Soft drink.	(d)	Beer making.

15.	Anothe	r term for 'Serviette' is :		
	(a)	Hand towel.	(b)	Napkin.
	(c)	Waiter's cloth.	(d)	Slip cloth.
16.	EPNS s	stand for :		
	(a)	Expanded Pole Network System.		
	(b)	Extended Personal Night Service.		
	(c)	Electro plated Neon Surface.		
	(d)	Electro plated Nickel silver.		, ()'
17.	Vodka	is famous in :		
	(a)	Russia.	(b)	England.
	(c)	France.	(d)	Mexico.
18.	'Maitre	e d'hotel'is:		
	(a)	Station waiter.	(b)	Head waiter.
	(c)	Floor waiter.	(d)	Lounge waiter.
19.	Size (D	niameter) of Fish plate is :		
	(a)	20 cm.	(b)	18 cm.
	(c)	25 cm.	(d)	15 cm.
20.	'Jannea	au' is a brand name of:		
	(a)	Vodka.	(b)	Champagne.
	(c)	Armagnac.	(d)	Cognac.
21.	Crumb	fried fish is:		
	(a)	Meniere.	(b)	Colbert.
	(c)	Binder.	(d)	Filler.
22.	Which	is not a part of cigar?		
14.	(a)	Filter.	(b)	Wrapper.
	(c)	Binder.	(d)	Filler.

23.	Stilton	is a:		
	(a)	Fresh cheese.	(b)	Semi hard cheese.
	(c)	Soft cheese.	(d)	Blue cheese.
24.	The pe	rson who control hot plate during se	rvice	
	(a)	Chef de rang.	(b)	Aboyeur.
	(c)	Commis de rang.	(d)	Maître de hotel.
25.	'Solera	system' is the wine preparation follows:	owing	g in :
	(a)	Portugal.	(b)	France.
	(c)	Australia.	(d)	Spain.
26.	Which	type of wine do you suggest with eg	g dis	hes?
	(a)	Dry white wines.	(b)	Dry red wines.
	(c)	Sparkling wines.	(d)	None of the above.
27.	A guest	who made a reservation is:	<	
	(a)	Expected guest.	(b)	In house guest.
	(c)	Checked out guest.	(d)	VIP guest.
28.	IATO s	tands for :		
	(a)	International association of tour op	erato	ors.
	(b)	Indian association of travel organiz	zes.	
	(c)	Indian association of tour operators	S.	
	(d)	Indian agency of tour operators.		
29.	Down to	own hotel comes under which type o	f hote	el classification:
	(a)	Classification based on length of sta	ay.	
1	(b)	Classification based on star system.		
	(c)	Classification based on location.		
)`	(d)	Classification based on size.		

30.	Type of room which open to a scenic beauty is:					
	(a)	Pent house.	(b)	Lanai.		
	(c)	Duplex.	(d)	Cabana.		
31.	Which	one is correct as far as type of reser	vatio	n is concerned ?		
	(a)	Travel agents.	(b)	Tour operator.		
	(c)	E-mail.	(d)	Tentative.		
32.	Paging	is the responsibility of:				
	(a)	Information.	(b)	Reception.		
	(c)	Housekeeping.	(d)	Bell desk.		
33.	Who ha	as to supervise the turn down servi	e?			
	(a)	Uniform Room Supervisor.	(b)	Linen Room Supervisor.		
	(c)	Public area supervisor.	(d)	Floor Supervisor.		
34.	GRE st	tands for :	.<			
	(a)	Guest reservation extension.	(b)	Guest registration executive.		
	(c)	Guest reservation executive.	(d)	Guest relation executive.		
35.	Black '	Velvet Reserve is a brand of:				
	(a)	Canadian Whisky.	(b)	Bourbon Whisky.		
	(c)	Irish Whisky.	(d)	Scotch Whisky.		
36.	Gum c	an be removed by:				
	(a)	Glycerin.	(b)	Methylated spirit.		
	(c)	Starch paste.	(d)	Acetic Acid.		
37.	Fumig	ation is an effective method to eradi	cate	:		
1	(a)	Beetles.	(b)	Silver fish.		
X	(c)	Bed bugs.	(d)	Moth.		
1						

38.	Pick th	ne odd one :		
	(a)	Serviette.	(b)	Bath towel.
	(c)	Baize cloth.	(d)	Slip cloth.
39.	Which	one is an internal source of labour	?	
	(a)	Employment Burreau.	(b)	Industry employees.
	(c)	Transfer.	(d)	Recommendations.
<b>4</b> 0.	The pr	otein present in wheat is:		$C^{\gamma}$
	(a)	Albumen.	(b)	Gluten.
	(c)	Collagen.	(d)	Globulin.
41.	Caviar	is obtained from:		
	(a)	Skate.	(b)	Sturgeon.
	(c)	Salmon.	(d)	Hake.
<b>42</b> .	Which 1	type of wine do you suggest with de	essert	.?
	(a)	Dry white wines.	(b)	Dry red wines.
	(c)	Sparkling wines.	(d)	Rose wines.
43.	Which	one belongs to elements of design?		
	(a)	Emphasis.	(b)	Balance.
	(c)	Texture.	(d)	Harmony.
44.	Contou	ring is the other term used for :		
	(a)	Mitering.	(b)	Dusting.
	(c)	Buffing.	(d)	Polishing.
<b>1</b> 5.	Which o	of the following Diversey's Taski pro	duct	is used for Glass cleaning?
	(a)	R4.	(b)	R2.
	(c)	R1.	(d)	R3.

46.	The oth	er name for Night spread is :		
	(a)	Snooze sheet.	(b)	Duvet.
	(c)	Blanket.	(d)	Bed spread.
47.	The Ac	ronym MSDS stands for :		
	(a)	Mass segregate determining system	m.	
	(b)	Management system and diagnost	ic sof	tware.
	(c)	Material safety data sheet.		
	(d)	Management system for developing	ng sta	ndards.
	(e)	None of the above.		
48.	or cabin	_	to sto	ore vertically against the wall, or inside of a closet
			(1.)	Wing Cin A Dall
	(a)	Day Bed.	(b)	King Size Bed.
	(c)	Murphy Bed.	(d)	Zed Bed.
49.	English	n term for Pate de fois gras:		
	(a)	Goose Liver.	(b)	Chicken Liver.
	(c)	Terrine.	(d)	Galantine.
50.	The mo	ost popular leafy vegetable used in	maki	ng salad :
	(a)	Cabbage.	(b)	Parsley.
	(c)	Lettuce.	(d)	Bok Cho.
51.	Which	of the following is the universal sea	asonii	ng?
	(a)	Mustard.	(b)	Cinnamon powder.
	(c)	Chili Powder.	(d)	Pepper powder.
52.	What is	s the ratio of oil and vinegar in Am	ericai	n dressing?
	(a)	2:1.	(b)	1:1.
1	(c)	1:2.	(d)	3:1.

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53.	. The place in kitchen where cold dishes are prepared:					
	(a)	Pantry.	(b)	Main Kitchen.		
	. (c)	Butchery.	(d)	Garde Manger.		
54.	Thin s	slices of bread are used with any fill	ings c	eut into triangles and crust removed :		
	(a)	Buffet Sandwich.	(b)	French Sandwich.		
	(c)	Tea Sandwich.	(d)	Club.		
55.	Wains	coting is a type of:		$\mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{X}}$		
	(a)	Wall finish.	(b)	Paint.		
	(c)	Soft furnishing.	(d)	Floor finish.		
56.	Which	of the following is the Classical gar	nish	for Fish ?		
	(a)	Mirabeau.	(b)	Dieppoise.		
	(c)	Financiere.	(d)	Reforme.		
5 <b>7</b> .	Which	of the following Cheese is used as l	Pizza	topping?		
	(a)	Gruyere.	(b)	Cheddar.		
	(c)	Cream.	(d)	Mozzarella.		
	(e)	Parmesan.				
58.	Which	of the following is known as the ne	rve ce	enter of housekeeping department?		
	(a)	Control Desk.	(b)	Floor pantry.		
	(c)	Linen room.	(d)	Laundry.		
59.	The ord	der (sequence) of service refers to :				
	(a)	Writing up the food order docket.				
	(b)	The preparation of the restaurant	befor	e service.		
	(c)	The process to follow to prepare pl	ungei	coffee.		
11	(d)	The order of tasks to complete whe	en ser	ving guests.		
50.	When g	uests first arrive at a restaurant th	e wai	ter is required to :		
	(a)	Explain the style of service.	(b)	Collect their coats and jackets.		
	(c)	Acknowledge the guests.	(d)	Show the guests to their table.		

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61.	HACCI	P is related to :		
	(a)	Hygiene.	(b)	Billing.
	(c)	Costing.	(d)	MIS.
62.	Tequila	a is made from :		
	(a)	Barley.	(b)	Rye.
	(c)	Corn.	(d)	None.
63.	Which	of the following glasses has a stem	?	
	(a)	Highball.	(b)	Old fashioned.
	(c)	Balloon.	(d)	Tumbler.
64.	Identify	ying smaller groups within a target	mark	et and developing products and services to satisfy
	these g	roups is called :		5
	(a)	Franchising.	(b)	Market segmentation.
	(c)	Demand marketing.	(d)	Supply marketing.
65.	The lev	vel of service quality in hotels is det	ermin	ned by:
	(8)	Independent rating services.		
	(b)	Increasing service variability.		
	(c)	Consistent service delivery.		
	(d)	The variety of amenities offered.		
66.	Which o	of the following areas of a hotel is a	supp	ort center?
	(a)	Hotel operated gift shop.	(b)	Food and beverage department.
	(c)	Housekeeping department.	(d)	Front office department.
	- 1 -			

67.	Which cycle?		offic€	e concern during the occupancy stage of the gu
	(a)	Security.		
	(b)	Account settlement.		
	(c)	Room assignment.		
	(d)	Maintaining the guest history rec	ord.	
68.	Which	of the following departments emplo	ys th	e largest staff in the rooms division?
	(a)	The front office.	(b)	Reservations.
	(c)	Uniformed services.	(d)	Housekeeping.
69.	Yield n	nanagement originated in ———	indus	stry.
	(a)	Airlines.	(b)	Cruise lines.
	(c)	Railways.	(d)	Hotels.
70.	PMS in	terfaces includes ———.	.<	
	(a)	Point of sale.	(b)	Call accounting system.
	(c)	Electronic locking system.	(d)	All.
71.	Where	are motels located?		
	(a)	At sea port.	(b)	At airport.
	(c)	Along highways.	(d)	At exotic locations.
72.	A room	having separate living and bed is l	knowi	a as ———•
	(a)	Double room.	(b)	Suite.
	(c)	Twin room.	(d)	Hollywood twin room.
73.	Hotels o	can be classified on the basis of ——	<del></del> .	
	(a)	Location.	(b)	Size.
	(c)	Level of service.	(d)	All of the above.

74.	The gro	oup market segment includes ———		
	(a)	Group.	(b)	Tour operators.
	(c)	Travel agencies.	(d)	All.
75.	The phy	ysical evidence for a hotel guest wil	l be –	<del></del> .
	(a)	Hotel brochure.	(b)	Air ticket.
	(c)	Rail pass.	(d)	Theatre tickets.
76.	French	term SAIGNANT means ———.		
	(a)	Just done.	(b)	Under done.
	(c)	Rare done.	(d)	Well cooked.
77.	Cut fro	m the head part of the fillet is ———		
	(a)	Fillet steak.	(b)	Tournedos.
	(c)	Chateaubriand.	(d)	Fillet mignon.
78.	Horse r	radish sauce is serve with ———.		
	(a)	Roast beef.	,(b)	Roast lamb.
	(c)	Roast pork.	(d)	Boiled beef.
79.	Antipas	sto is a traditional firs course of —		•
	(a)	Italian meal.	(b)	German meal.
	(c)	French meal.	(d)	Spanish meal.
80.	Which	is not a napkin folding ———?		
	(a)	Cardinal hat.	(b)	Fan.
	(c)	Candle.	(d)	Sloth.
81.	'Chef d	e salle' means ———.		
	(a)	Lounge waiter.	(b)	Floor waiter.
	(c)	Salad cook.	(d)	Wine waiter.

82.	Diam	eter of a quarter plate ———.		
	(a)	15 cm.	(b)	18 cm.
	(c)	12 cm.	(d)	20 cm.
83.	Tequi	la is famous in ———.		
	(a)	Germany.	(b)	France.
	(c)	Mexico.	(d)	Italy.
84.	Which	is known as 'champagne of Teas'	?	
	(a)	Earl grey Tea.	(b)	Jasmine Tea.
	(c)	Tisanes.	(d)	Darjeeling Tea.
85.	Tia Ma	aria is ———— flavored liqueur.		
	(a)	Coffee.	(b)	Almond.
	(c)	Orange.	(d)	Grape.
86.	Rate pr	rinted on a tariff is ———.		,23
	(a)	Room rate.	(b)	Family rate.
	(c)	Rack rate.	(d)	Commercial rate.
87.	Earlies	t lodging places are called		
	(a)	Rotels.	(b)	Inns.
	(c)	Motels.	(d)	Flotels.
88.	'House	count' means		
	(a)	Number of rooms.	(b)	Number of occupied rooms.
	(c)	Number of guest staying.	(d)	None of these.
89.	P. B. X.	is a ——.		
	(a)	Billing system.	(b)	Reservation system.
11	(c)	Cash register.	(d)	Telephone system.
0.	A vacan	at room appears to be occupied due	to the	e negligence of front desk is :
,	(a)	Sleep out.	(b)	Slide.
	(c)	Sleeper.	(d)	Skipper.

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C,		

- 99. The main use of a waiter's cloth is for:
  - (a) Wiping customer's fingers after eating snails.
  - (b) Polishing plates and glasses when laying them on the table.
  - (c) Covering stains on the tablecloth.
  - (d) Wiping spilt food from the carpet.

## 100. A Chateaubriand is a:

(a) Porterhouse steak.

(b) Thick rump steak.

(c) Thick salmon steak.

(d) cut fillet of tenderloin.

 $(100 \times 1 = 100 \text{ marks})$ 

D 10079		(Pages:	16) N	ame
			R	eg. No
FIFTH	SEMESTER U.G.	DEGREE E	XAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
		(CUCBCSS	—UG)	
Hotel Ma	anagement and Caterin	g Science and	d Hotel Managem	nent and Culinary Arts
			NSIVE SELF ST	
		(2017 Adm	issions)	
Time : Three	e Hours			Maximum: 100 Marks
		wer any <b>hundr</b> correct answer	-	OF O
1. Small	crack stage of sugar is for	med at	°c.	0.
a)	140	b)	153.	
c)	121.	d)	119.	
2. Method	d of mechanical leavening	is:	.03	
a)	Folding.	b)	Rolling.	
c)	Beating.	d)	None of these.	
3. Odd on	ne out :	1011		
a)	Tartare.	b)	Vincent.	
c)	Cocktail.	d)	Provençale.	
4. French	term for "rare done" is:			
a)	Au bleu.	b)	A point.	
c)	Biencuit.	d)	Saignant.	
5. Take o	ut the odd one :			
a)	Puree.	b)	Consommé.	
c)	Chowder.	d)	Bisque.	
6. What is	s court bouillon ?			
a)	Egg white.	b)	Salt solution.	
c)	Corn starch.	d)	Aromatic liquid.	Turn over

Turn over

A frica	ssee is a:		
a)	Braise.	b)	Pot roast.
c)	Stew.	d)	Roast.
Blinis	means:		
a)	Pancake.	b)	Caviar.
c)	Strainer.	<b>d</b> )	Oyster.
Which	one is a Dutch cheese?		
a)	Cemembert.	b)	Roquefort.
<b>c</b> ) `	Edam.	d)	Gruyere.
Debone	ed meat, minced and stuffed is:		
a)	Galantine.	b)	Supreme.
c)	Winglet.	d)	Ballotine.
A milk	treatment which prevent the separa	tion	of fat from the rest of the milk:
a)	Pasteurization.	b)	Homogenization.
c)	Ultra-heat Treatment.	d)	None.
Miniatu	are cream puff prepared with chou p	aste	is:
a)	Croutons,	b)	Croutes.
c)	Profiteroles.	d)	Beignet.
Florent	ine means:		
a)	Cauliflower,	b)	Brocoli.
c)	Spinach.	d)	Onion.
Black V	elvet Reserve is a brand of :		
a)	Canadian Whisky.	b)	Bourbon Whisky.
c)	Irish Whisky.	d)	Scotch Whisky.
Color ga	as cylinder is associated with:		
a)	Gueridon trolley.	b)	Industrial kitchen.
c)	Soft drink.	d)	Beer making.
	a) c) Blinis i a) c) Which a) c) Debone a) c) A milk a) c) Miniatu a) c) Florent a) c) Color ga a)	c) Stew.  Blinis means:  a) Pancake. c) Strainer.  Which one is a Dutch cheese?  a) Cemembert. c) Edam.  Deboned meat, minced and stuffed is: a) Galantine. c) Winglet.  A milk treatment which prevent the separa a) Pasteurization. c) Ultra-heat Treatment.  Miniature cream puff prepared with chou p a) Croutons. c) Profiteroles.  Florentine means: a) Cauliflower. c) Spinach.  Black Velvet Reserve is a brand of: a) Canadian Whisky. c) Irish Whisky.  Color gas cylinder is associated with: a) Gueridon trolley.	a) Braise. b) c) Stew. d)  Blinis means: a) Pancake. b) c) Strainer. d)  Which one is a Dutch cheese? a) Cemembert. b) c) Edam. d)  Deboned meat, minced and stuffed is: a) Galantine. b) c) Winglet. d)  A milk treatment which prevent the separation a) Pasteurization. b) c) Ultra-heat Treatment. d)  Miniature cream puff prepared with chou paster a) Croutons. b) c) Profiteroles. d)  Florentine means: a) Cauliflower. b) c) Spinach. d)  Black Velvet Reserve is a brand of: a) Canadian Whisky. b) c) Irish Whisky. d)  Color gas cylinder is associated with: a) Gueridon trolley. b)

16.	Which	is more appropriate for the 'under b	ar'?	
	a)	Storing area.	b)	Preparation area.
	c)	Both (a) and (b).	d)	None of these.
17.	'Janne	eau' is a brand name of :		
	a)	Vodka.	b)	Champagne.
	c)	Armagnac.	d)	Cognac.
18.	Cover	for cheese service :		
	a)	Side plate and cheese knife.	b)	Side plate, fork and cheese knife.
	c)	Side plate, Knife and fork.	d)	Full plate and cheese knife.
19.	Crumb	fried fish is :		, 0,
	a)	Meuniere.	b)	Colbert.
	c)	Binder.	d)	Filler.
20.	Which	is not a part of cigar?		72,
	a)	Filter.	b)	Wrapper.
	c)	Binder.	d)	Filler.
21.	Darjeel	ling tea has a light flavor of :		
	<b>a</b> )	Peach.	b)	Grape.
	c)	Lemon.	d)	Apricot.
22.	Tuberg	is from:		
	a)	Denmark.	<b>b</b> )	Holland.
	c)	Mexico.	d)	Sweden.
23.	The per	rson who control hot plate during se	rvice	:
	a)	Chef de rang.	b)	Aboyeur.
	1/	Commis do non s	d)	Maître de hotel.
11	(C)	Commis de rang.		
4.		system' is the wine preparation follo		
¥		Portugal.	b)	France.
	c)	Australia.	d)	Spain. Turn over

25.	The fla	vor of grand Marnier is :		
	a)	Apricot.	b)	Orange.
	<b>c</b> )	Chocolate.	d)	Grape.
26.	Which	one is not a mineral water?		
	a)	Aquafina.	b)	Perrier.
	c)	Vichy.	d)	Volvic.
27.	A guest	t who made a reservation is :		
	a)	Expected guest.	b)	In house guest.
	c)	Checked out guest.	d)	VIP guest.
28.	Examp	le for a social need of human being i	s:	
	a)	Food.	b)	Friendship.
	c)	Self-pride.	d)	Shelter.
29.	Bermu	da plan means :		,03
	a)	Room rent + two meals.	b)	Room rent + American breakfast.
	c)	Room rent + one meal.	d)	Room rent only.
30.	The tea	am 'blanket reservation' means:		
	a)	Block of room held for particular gr from that block.	oup	with individual members requesting assignments
	b)	A room reserved by a group.		
	c)	Hotels blocking a bulk quantity.		
	d)	A room reservation which is tentat	ive.	
31.	A vaca	nt room appears to be occupied due t	to the	e negligence of frontdesk is :
	a)	Sleep out.	b)	Slide.
	c)	Sleeper.	d)	Skipper.
32.	Which	one is a fully automatic system of re	serv	ation?
	a)	Cardex.	b)	Whitney.
	c)	Centralized reservation system.	d)	All of these.

33.	Regist	ering a guest even before his arrival	is te	rmed as:
	a)	Pre-arrival.	b)	Pre-registration.
	c)	Registration.	d)	Reservation.
34.	Paging	; is the responsibility of :		
	a)	Information.	b)	Reception.
	c)	Housekeeping.	d)	Bell desk.
35.	A prop	erty which provides full ownership o	f in i	t is called:
	a)	Bed and breakfast.	b)	Time share.
	c)	Condominiums.	d)	All the three.
36.	The rat	tio of number of rooms sold to the nu	ımbe	r of rooms available for sale is :
	a)	Average Room Revenue.	b)	Multiple occupancy percentage.
	c)	Room occupancy percentage.	d)	Average Revenue per guest.
37.	OPL m	eans:		20,
	a)	Open Premises Laundry.	b)	Off premises Laundry.
	c)	On Premises Laundry.	d)	Only personel Laundry.
38.		is the basic unit from wh	ich a	ny fabric is made.
	a)	T'extile.	b)	Weft.
	c)	Pewter.	d)	All of these.
39.	Grave y	vard shift is:		
	a)	Night shift.	b)	Morning shift.
	c)	Day shift.	d)	Evening shift.
40.	Which i	s a synthetic type detergent?		
	a)	Solvent based detergent.	b)	Biological detergent.
	c)	Sanitizers.	d)	All of these.
41.	Size of o	double sheet :		
Κ,	a)	$80 \times 117$ inches.	b)	$90 \times 108$ inches.
,	c)	108 × 177 inches.	d)	$117 \times 126$ inches.
				Turn over

42.	'Dutch	wife' is:		
	a)	Wet mop.	b)	Cleaning Kit.
	c)	Type of body pillow.	d)	Sewing kit.
43.	Which	of the following is a manual cleaning	g eqı	uipment?
	a)	Scrubber.	b)	Brush.
	c)	Broom.	d)	All of these.
44.	Large <sub>l</sub>	presses meant primarily for bed shee	ts, ta	able clothes, etc :
	a)	Steam press.	b)	Sleeve press.
	c)	Calendars.	d)	Steam cabinet.
45.	Gum c	an be removed by:		
	a)	Glycerin.	b)	Methylated spirit.
	c)	Starch paste.	d)	Acetic Acid.
46.	What i	s a silverfish?		,23
	a)	Type of Fabric.	b)	Insect.
	c)	Fish used in FengShui.	d)	Chemical.
47.	The Ac	eronym MSDS stands for :		
	a)	Management system and diagnosti	c sof	tware.
	b)	Material safety data sheet.		
	<b>c</b> )	Management system for developing	g sta	ndards.
	d)	None of the above.		
48.	-		one e	and to store vertically against the wall, or inside of
	a closet	or cabinet.		
	a)	Day Bed.	b)	King Size Bed.
	c)	Murphy Bed .	d)	Zed Bed.
49.	Time re	quired to clean a standard room is:		
	a)	15 minutes.	b)	28 minutes.
	c)	55 minutes.	d)	10 minutes.

Turn over

50.	Dado is	s a part of:						
	a)	Wall.	b)	Ceiling.				
	c)	Floor.	d)	Door.				
51.	Which	Which of the following does not denote a room status :						
	a)	DNCO.	b)	SL.				
	c)	DL.	d)	SPS.				
52.	Wainso	coting is a type of:						
	a)	Wall finish.	b)	Paint.				
	c)	Soft furnishing.	d)	Floorfinish.				
53.	The bes	st temperature for carving Ice :						
	a)	0°c.	b)	– 1°c.				
	c)	1°c.	d)	– 2°c.				
54.	The pla	ace in kitchen where cold dishes are	prep	ared:				
	a)	Pantry.	b)	Main Kitchen.				
	c)	. Butchery.	d)	Garde Manger.				
55.	A small holes are made in pastry to avoid distorting the pastry:							
	a)	Folding.	b)	Rubbing.				
	c)	Creaming.	d)	Docking.				
56.	A palet	te knife is used to :						
	a)	Carve.	b)	Scoop.				
	c)	Peel.	d)	Lift.				
57.	Which	of the following cereals has about 80	% o	f starch?				
	a)	Wheat.	b)	Rice.				
	c)	Corn.	d)	Barley.				
58.	At which	ch stage of food service should pre-di	nnei	drink glasses beremoved?				
1	a)	After the bread has been eaten.						
	b)	Just before the main course is serve	ed.					
	c)	After wine has been ordered, for th	e tal	ole.				
7	d)	When the drink is finished.		_				

59.		Food waiters should be familiar with the range of common allergens associated with life-threatening Food allergies. Which of the food products listed is considered a high allergy risk?					
	a)	Pork.	b)	Eggs.			
	c)	Tomatoes.	d)	Hot chilies.			
60. In a large kitchen, food items can be collected from a range of areas menu item. Items collected from the larder section are typically:				-			
	a)	Salads.	b)	Pasta dishes.			
	c)	Hot main course items.	d)	Extra plates and service gear.			
61.	What	are the special dietary requirements	of a	vegan?			
	a)	Is vegetarian but also eats fish.					
	b)	Only eats organic and biodynamic	food				
	c)	Must strictly avoid any foods conta	ainin	g gluten.			
	d)	Is vegetarian and avoids all anima	ıl pro	oducts.			
62.	ADR s	tands for :					
	a)	Average daily rate.	<b>b</b> )	All day rate.			
	<b>c</b> )	Actual daily rate.	d)	Average dormitory rate.			
63.	The gr	oup market segment includes		<del></del> .			
	a)	Group.	b)	Tour operators.			
	<b>c</b> )	Travel agencies.	d)	All.			
64.	The P's	s of marketing are ————.	•				
	a)	Product.	b)	Price.			
	<b>c</b> )	Promotion.	d)	All.			
65.	MILK s	sugar is ———.					
	a)	Glucose.	b)	Fructose.			
	c)	Lactose.	d)	Sucrose.			
66.	Cut from	m the head part of the fillet is ———		<del></del>			
) •	a)	Fillet steak.	b)	Tournedos.			
	c)	Chateaubriand.	d)	Fillet mignon.			
				•			

67.	Horse i	adish sauce is serve with ————		<del></del> .
	a)	Roast beef.	b)	Roast lamb.
	c)	Roast pork.	d)	Boiled beef.
68.	Ciabatt	ta is a bread from ————.		
	a)	Italy.	b)	France.
	c)	Germany.	d)	Iran.
69.	Burned	l wine is ———.		
	a)	Champagne.	b)	RUM.
	c)	Cider.	d)	Cognac.
70.	'House	count' means:		
	a)	Number of rooms.		
	b)	Number of occupied rooms.		G\'
	c)	Number of guest staying.		,23
	d)	None of these.	1	
71.	Which	one is not a part of brush,	7	<u></u> .
	a)	Bristle.	<b>b</b> )	Ferrule.
	c)	Head stock.	d)	Handle.
72.	Size of	a King size bed sheet —	<del></del> ,	
	<b>a</b> ).	90 × 108 inches.	b)	$108 \times 117$ inches.
	c)	$117 \times 125$ inches.	d)	$80 \times 117$ inches.
73.	The fab	oric which conceal the curtain top an	d roo	ds from which the curtain hangs ————?
	a)	Shades.	b)	Valances.
	c)	Quilts.	d)	Screens.
74.	Grass s	tain can be removed by ————		-?
	a)	Glycerin.	b)	Acid.
1	c)	Alkali.	d)	Aceticacid.

- 10 75. The person in charge of room service in a hotel is called a: Demi-chef de rang. Chef d'etages. (a) (d) Station head waiter. (c) Chef de rang. 76. If wine is spilt on the table cloth a waiter should: Clear the table of everything and sponge the stain with milk. a)
  - Cover the soiled area with a clean table napkin by unrolling it over the spillage. b)
  - Ask the customers to wait in the lounge while he fetches a clean cloth. c)
  - Take the plates of food to the sideboard and change the cloth. d)
  - 77. A customer who orders Coeur de Filet would expect it to be:
    - Braised lambs heart. a)

Stewed ox-tail.

Fried calf's liver. c)

Fillet of beef. d)

- 78. Canard it la Presse is:
  - Roast wild duck finished by the waiter.
  - Pot-roasted Aylesbury duckling with herbs.
  - Duck liver pate flavoured with Armagnac.
  - Conserve of duck and goose with calvados.
- 79. State which of the following selections represents the ideal cheeseboard:
  - Cheddar, Camembert, Stilton, demi-sel, Wensleydale.
  - b) Gruyere, sbrinz, Emmenthal, Parmesan, bel paese.
  - Edam, Gouda, processed, quark, mozzarella.
  - Gorgonzola, Stilton, Rocquefort, Mycella, danablu.
- 80. The main accompaniments for caviar are:
  - Ratafia biscuits, quarters of lemon, grated Parmesan. a)
  - Fingers of hot toast, melted butter, quarter of lemon.
  - Brown bread and butter, oriental salt.
  - Melba toast, mayonnaise, French mustard.

- 81. A humidor is a box in which:
  - a) A hydrometer for measuring density of liquids is kept.
  - b) All the gratuities given by customers are pooled.
  - c) Waiter's checks are placed whilst waiting for the food.
  - d) Cigars are kept in perfect condition.
- 82. The abbreviation 'B and B' means:
  - a) A bartender's beaker.
  - b) Benedictine liqueur and brandy.
  - c) A barbecue for spit-roasting foods outdoors.
  - d) Babycham and Bacardi.
- 83. Which well-known cocktail is made of vodka and tomato juice?
  - a) Bloody Mary.
  - b) Harvey Wallbanger.
  - c) Manhattan.
  - d) White Lady.
- 84. Which of the following is the best source of Vitamin C in the dailydiet?
  - a) Baked beans on toast.
  - b) New potatoes sprinkled, with parsley.
  - c) Oatmeal porridge with gold syrup.
  - d) Hot beef essence such as Bovril.
- 85. A rognonnade is a:
  - a) Loin of veal cooked with the kidney in it.
  - b) Hard roe of the sturgeon.
  - c) Stew of lamb kidney, chipolata and mushrooms.
  - d) Mixture of cockscombs and kidneys.

86.	The d	lefinition of amontillado sherry is :							
	a	Rather fragrant and slightly sweet.							
	<b>b</b> )	Mellow but medium-dry and nutty.							
	<b>c</b> )	Very dry and crisp.							
	<b>d</b> )	Darkish coloured and medium sw	eet.						
87.	From	which of the following areas does N	uits S	Saint-Georges come :					
	a)	The Cotes du Rhone.	b)	The Cote d'Or of France.					
	c)	The Rioja of Spain.	d)	The Mc5doc region of Bordeaux.					
88.	Floor	pantry stores ———.							
	a)	All cleaning agents, equipment, a	nd g	uest supplies.					
	b)	Newspapers and magazines							
	<b>c</b> )	Staff uniforms.							
	d)	None of the above.		,00					
89.	Chamb	er maids cart is also known as ——							
	a)	Linen trolley.	b)	Janitor's trolley.					
	c)	Room attendants trolley.	d)	Gueridon trolley.					
90.	Turndo	own service is also known as ———							
	a)	Evening service.	b)	Second service.					
	c)	Morning service.	d)	Late service.					
91.		——— was the first hotel starte	ed by	an Indian for Indians.					
	a)	The Oberoi Udaivilas, Udaipur.							
	b)	Taj Mahal Palace, Mumbai.							
	c)	The Taj West End, Bangalore.							
	d)	The Oberoi Grand, New Delhi.							
92.	7,	is a hotel located mostly	on h	ighways, with parking facility.					
)	a)	B and B.	b)	Motels.					
	<b>c</b> )	Condominiums.	d)	Resorts.					

93.		———— is a revenue generating of	depa	rtment in a hotel.
	a)	Accounts.	b)	Personnel.
	c)	Front office.	d)	Security.
94.	The ac	ronym CRM in hospitality stands for	r —	
	a)	Customer Relationship Manageme	nt.	
	b)	Computerized retail Management.		
	c)	Calibration Retention and Manage	emen	ıt.
	d)	None of the above.		/ 0'
95.	Which	of the following is seen in an ecotels	?	
	a)	Jute bags.	b)	Helipad.
	. c)	Kiosk.	d)	ATM.
96.		is a hotel on wheels.		
	a)	Floatel.	b)	Rotel.
	c)	Motel.	d)	Lotel.
97.	A medi	um size hotel has ————.	1	
	a)	151 to 299 rooms.	b)	Less than 50 rooms.
	<b>c</b> )	300 to 600 rooms.	d)	More than 600 rooms.
98.		ge hotels cover running hotels in pala e built prior to ————.	aces/	havelies/ forts/castle/ hunting lodges/residence of
	a)	1974.	b)	1952.`
	c)	1950.	d)	1947.
99.	The Ta	Group of hotels is owned by ———		<del></del> ,
	a)	TATA group.	b)	Aditiya Birla group.
	<b>c</b> )	ITC group.	d)	ITDC.
100.	The wo	rd hospitality is derived from ———		word hospes.
	a)	French.	b)	Greek.
	<b>c</b> )	Spanish.	d)	Latin.

14

101.	Growt	h of modern hotel industry started in	US.	A with opening of in New York in 1794 A.D.:
	a)	City Plaza.	b)	Warwick Hotel.
	c)	City hotel.	d)	The InterContinental hotel.
102.	Which	of the following are part of uniforme	d se	rvices in a hotel :
	a)	Bell attendants.	b)	Door attendants.
	<b>c</b> )	Valet parking attendants.	d)	All of the above.
103.	Sarais	and Dharmashala's are examples of		accommodation.
	a)	Supplementary.	b)	Luxury.
	c)	Primary.	d)	Subtractive.
104.	Caviar	is obtained from:		
	a)	Skate.	b)	Sturgeon.
	c)	Salmon.	d)	Hake.
105.	Braisin	g is a combination of :		
	a)	Boiling and roasting.	b)	Roasting and steaming.
	c)	Roasting and stewing.	d)	Stewing and grilling.
106.	A fruit	based salad is :	•	
	a)	Coieslaw.	b)	Russian.
	c)	Waldorf.	d)	Nicoise.
107.	What is	s court bouillon?		
	a)	Egg white.	b)	Salt solution.
	<b>c</b> )	Corn starch.	d)	Aromatic liquid.
108.	Espress	so is a coffee from:		
	a)	Ireland.	b)	Turkey.
	c)	Tempura.	d)	Scotland.
109.	Execut	ive housekeeper reports to :		
)	a)	Front Office Manager.	b)	Director.
	c)	Resident Manager.	d)	Executive ENGINEER.

110. Temporary hardness of water is due to the presence of:					
a) Calcium chloride.	b) Calcium bicarbonate.				
c) Magnesium Sulphate.	d) Calcium Oxalate.				
111. pH value of acid is:					
a) Below 7.	b) Above 7.				
c) 7.	d) 8.				
112. Fumigation is an effective method to eradic	ate:				
a) Beetles.	b) Silver fish.				
c) Bed bugs.	d) Moth.				
113. ———— is an example for a floati	ng flower arrangement.				
a) Ikebana.	b) Hogarth.				
c) Moribana.	d) Ukibana.				
114. Yield management originated in ———	industry.				
a) Airlines.	b) Cruise lines.				
c) Railways.	d) Hotels.				
115. French term SAIGNANT means	<del></del> .				
a) Just done.	b) Under done.				
c) Rare done.	d) Well cooked.				
116. Diameter of a quarter plate ————	<del></del> ,				
a) 15 cm.	b) 18 cm.				
c) 12 cm.	d) 20 cm.				
117. Which grape variety is used in champagne	e making ————?				
a) PinotGRIS.	b) Sauvignon.				
c) Pinot Meunier.	d) Muscat.				
118. Pre-plated service is otherwise known as:					
a) French service.	b) American service.				
c) Russian service.	d) English service.  Turn over				

119. Horseradish sauce should be offered when serving:

a) Smoked mackerel.

b) Wiener schnitzel.

c) Fried whitebait.

d) Roast leg of lamb.

120. Tia Maria is a flavored liqueur:

a) Coffee.

b) Almond.

c) Orange.

d) Grape.

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# FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Hotel Management and Catering Science and Hotel Management and Culinary Arts
BSH/C5 D03—INTRODUCTION TO BANQUETS AND BUFFETS

		(2017	Admi	ssions)	
Time: Two	Hours				Maximum: 40 Marks
I. Answe	er <i>all</i> question	ns:			, 0
1 -		— is a stand upon wh	nich a s	peaker may rest notes or	books
	a) Riser.	•	b)	Podium.	
	c) Canopy		d)	Lectern.	
0 11					
2 V	vnich one of th	he following will come	under	public relations?	
	a) Political	l conference.	b)	Birthday party.	
	c) Dinner	dance.	d)	Dealers meet.	
3 T	The width of a	standard banquet tal	ole is :	<b>y</b>	
	a) 1.5 ft.	16	b)	2.5 ft.	
	c) 3.5 ft.	10,	d)	4.5 ft.	
4 T	okra lined wi	th aluminium is used	to keep	in buffe	ts.
	a) Dahi.		b)	Pickle.	
	c) Papad.		d)	Icecream.	
5 A	n insulated co	ontainer that keeps fo	od hot	or cold is known as ——	<del></del> .
4	a) Bus tub	s.	b)	Bain marie.	
	c) Cambro		d)	Pitchers.	
					$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$
II. Write	any four shor	t answer. Each quest	ion car	ries 2 marks :	
6 E	explain the job	of a toast master.			
		banquet table arran	gement	ts.	Turn over

- 8 What is a cocktail party?
- 9 Name any four facilities required in a fashion show function.
- 10 Define ancillary area in banquets.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

- III. Write any three short essay questions. Each one carries 4 marks:
  - 11 What is preliminary service and why is it done?
  - 12 Compile a five course Indian menu for an outdoor catering of 300 guests with service equipments required to cater.
  - 13 Draw the banquet hierarchy of a five star hotel.
  - 14 Explain about any four types of buffets.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Write any one essay in 600 to 800 words of 15 marks:
  - 15 Explain the steps in service procedure of a formal banquet function.
  - 16 Explain about the procedure for toasts in a formal wedding function.

 $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

D 10077	(Pages: 2)	Name
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# FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Hotel Management and Catering Science and Hotel Management and Culinary Arts

# BSH/C5 D02—BASICS IN CULINARY

Time: Two Hou	ırs		Maximum: 40 Marks				
I. Objective	e Questions. Answer all questions. Each	n carries 1 mark :					
1. Coo	1. Cooking food is hot liquid, steam or a combination of the two:						
(:	a) Moist heat.	(b) Dry heat.					
(	c) Deep Fat Fry.	(d) Radiation.					
2	is the continuation of the blade	and extends into a knife's l	nandle.				
(;	a) Bolsters.	(b) Tang.					
(	(c) Rivets.	(d) Handle.					
3. Bad	cteria grow most rapidly in the range of te	emperatures between	doubling in number				
in a	as little as 20 minutes.						
(;	a) 40° F and 140° F.	(b) 0° F frozen storage.					
(	(c) 32° F water freezes.	(d) 212° F water boils.					
4. Hol	llandaise sauce formerly also called	sauce.					
(;	a) Bechamel.	(b) Dutch.					
(	c) Espagnole.	(d) Voloute.					
5	is a durable board on which to p	lace material for cutting.					
(;	a) Knife.	(b) Fry pan.					
(	c) Thermometer.	(d) Chopping board.					
	<b>V</b>		$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$				
II. Write an	y <i>four</i> short answer. Each question car	ries 2 marks :					
6. Def	fine "Poaching".						
7. Wh	at do you mean by "Julienne"?						

- 8. Define "Food Poisoning".
- 9. Define "Brown Stock".
- 10. What do you mean by "brown bag lunch"?

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

- III. Write any three short essay questions. Each question carries 4 marks:
  - 11. Give short notes on Boiling and Stewing.
  - 12. Write any two knife cuts.
  - 13. What do you understand by "Slow cookers"?
  - 14. Write a method of Making Beef Stock.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Write any one essay 600 to 800 words of 15 marks:
  - 15. Explain Poultry Safety Tips and Ground Beef Safety.
  - 16. Give the recipes of the following:
    - (i) Chicken stock.
    - (ii) Supreme sauce.
    - (iii) Demi Glace.

(15 marks)

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FIFTH	SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXA	AMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
	(CUCBCSS—	·UG)	
	Hotel Management and	Catering Science	
HCS 5B	08—ADVANCED FOOD AND BEV	ERAGE PRODU	CTION—II (Theory)
	(2014 Admiss	sions)	
Time: Three	Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks
	Part A		
	Attempt <b>all</b> questions in Each question carri		$O_{\ell}$
Describe the following	owing terms :	X	
1. Yield.			
2. Green B	acon.	23'	
3. Purchas	e.		
4. Mousse.			
5. Plannin	g.		
6. Appetize	er.		
7. Herbs.			
8. Layout.			
9. Curing.	2/2		
10. Diet.	,0,1		
11. Pate.			
12. Galantii	1e.		
LIMIT			$(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ marks})$
<i>C</i> ,			

# Part B

Briefly explain all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define Larder.
- 3. Explain Menu.
- 5. What is non-edible display?
- 7. Explain Inventory.
- 9. Explain Buffet.

- 2. What is garbage disposal?
- 4. What is Hygiene?
- 6. Describe Sandwich.
- 8. Define Storage.

 $(9 \times 2 = 18 \text{ marks})$ 

# Part C

Attempt any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 1. Discuss the duties of larder chef in a hotel.
- 2. Write a note on : volume feeding.
- 3. Illustrate the purchase techniques.
- 4. Illustrate the elements of quality purchase.
- 5. Write note on: hospital catering.
- 6. Discuss features of standard purchases.
- 7. Give five equipments of quantity kitchen.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Part D

Attempt any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Illustrate the procedure and importance of larder control in a five star hotel.
- 2. Elaborate menu planning for off premises catering.
- 3. What is storage management? Discuss records and documentations maintained in storage management.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

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FIF	TH SEMESTER U.G. DE			EXAMINATION
	NOVE	MBE	R 2020	
	(CUC)	BCSS-	—UG)	
Hotel Ma	nagement and Catering Science	e and	l Hotel Manag	rement and Culinary Arts
	BSH 5B 08—COMPR	EHE	NSIVE SELF S	STUDY
	(2017	Admi	ssions)	
Time : Three	Hours			Maximum : 100 Marks
	Answer any <b>I</b> Each questi		-	OK
1. Flour fr	om whole milled wheat kernel is :			
(a)	Whole flour.	(b)	Enriched flour	
(c)	All purpose flour.	(d)	Cake flour.	
2. This is	made by introducing specific bacte	ria str	ains into milk :	
(a)	Yoghurt.	(b)	Curd.	
(c)	Sour cream.	(d)	Smoothies.	
3. Chef To	ournant is also called as :			
(a)	Swing cook.	(b)	Both (c) and (a	).
(c)	Relief cook.	(d)	Station cook.	
4. Browni	ng foods quickly over high heat in	a sma	all amount of hot	t fat:
(a)	Stir frying.	(b)	Pan frying.	
(c)	Sautéing.	(d)	Grilling.	
5. Parath	as made from dough of flour saffro	on mill	k and ghee and l	paked tandoor :
(a)	Rogni Naan.	(b)	Sheermal.	

(d)

(b) Phirni.

(d) Rasmalai.

Baquerkhani Naan.

Turn over

(c) Dhakai Paratha.

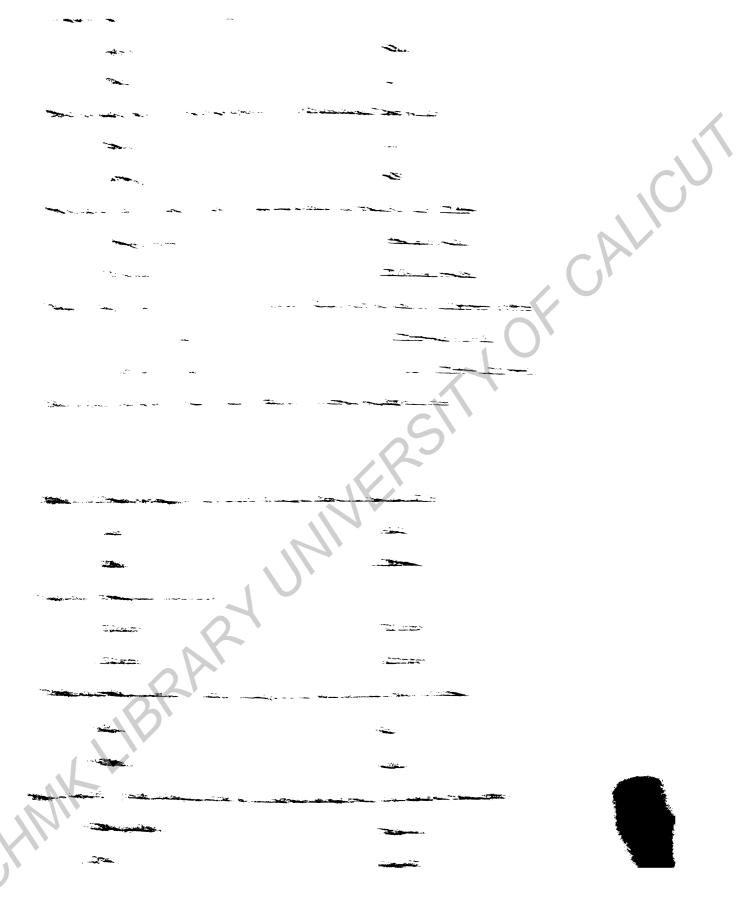
(a) Halwa.

(c) Kheer.

6. Which of the following is not a sweet of Awadhi cuisine?

7.	Sauce	is a French word taken from the La	atin w	vord :
	(a)	Salata.	(b)	Sauccission.
	(c)	Saucie.	(d)	Salsus.
8.	Which	of the following is a part of Standa	rd red	cipe ?
	(a)	Yield testing.	(b)	Bin card.
	(c)	Inventory.	(d)	Menu planning.
9.	Gazpac	cho is cod international soup from :		
	(a)	Germany.	(b)	France.
	(c)	Spain.	(d)	Italy.
10.	When t	the cost of the ingredients divided	by th	e number of portions produced by the recipe you
	get:			
	(a)	Food cost.	(b)	Portion cost.
	(c)	Commodity cost.	(d)	Recipe cost.
11.	A writt	en request made to acquire raw ma	terial	from the stores:
	(a)	Indent.	(b)	Indenting.
	(c)	Requisition.	(d)	Ordering.
12.	FIFO a	nd LIFO is a method of control :	7	
	(a)	Purchasing.	(b)	Issuing.
	(c)	Production.	(d)	Storing.
13.	The cor	mbination of onions, carrots, celery,	and s	sometimes other vegetables:
	(a)	Mirepoix.	(b)	Bouquet Garni.
	(c)	Fond Brun.	(d)	Entrement.
14.	A liquid	d food served in the beginning of a r	meal	or for lunch, a snack :
	(a)	Finger food.	(b)	Starter.
	(c)	Soup.	(d)	Sauce.
15.	Fond de	e cuisine means :		
)	(a)	Salad.	(b)	Starter.
	(c)	Sauce.	(d)	Stock.

16.	This is	derived from sugar cane, is also call	led Ru	ım :
	(a)	Arrack.	(b)	Mezcal.
	(c)	Palm sap.	(d)	Sake.
17.	This liq	uor is not aged in oak casks, but ag	ed in	stainless steel tanks:
	(a)	Whisky.	(b)	Rum.
	(c)	Cider.	(d)	Tequila.
18.	Relatio	nship between F and B sales to the	numl	per of customers served :
	(a)	Sales mix.	(b)	Ratio to sales.
	(c)	Average spending power.	(d)	Productivity index.
19.	Bar wit	th dual function: as a decorative an	d as a	a hard-working storage space :
	(a)	Front.	(b)	Back.
	(c)	In-flight.	(d)	Under.
20.	This m		alcul	ates the quantity of spirit needed to produce the
	(a)	Standard sale.	(b)	Percentage system.
	(c)	Inventory.	(d)	Standard cost system.
21.	This is	a term used to describe a large form	nal oc	casion :
	(a)	Meeting.	(b)	Function.
	(c)	Banquet.	(d)	Ballet.
22.	Which	of the following is not necessary for	ferm	entation?
	(a)	Sugar.	(b)	Yeast.
	(c)	Temperature.	(d)	Humidity.
23.	Proces	s of simultaneous evaporation and o	conde	nsation to purify them is :
	(a)	Fermentation.	(b)	Distillation.
. \$	(c)	Filtration.	(d)	Titration.
24.	Which	of the following refers to the plucki	ng of	grapes?
	(a)	Château.	(b)	Vitis.
7	(c)	Vintage.	(d)	Vatting. Turn over
				i urn over



34.	Flour w	vith low protein content:			
	(a)	Low flour.	(b)	Weak flour.	
	(c)	Soft flour.	(d)	Lump flour.	
35.	Frozen	dessert similar to ice cream, made v	with y	ogurt instead of milk :	ν,
	(a)	Smoothies.	(b)	Sundae.	
	(c)	Baked Alaska.	(d)	Frozen Yoghurt.	
36.	Liquid	desert that uses carbonated bubbles	s scoo	op of ice cream on the top :	
	(a)	Floats.	(b)	Slush.	
	(c)	Iced water.	(d)	Sherbet.	
37.	Ice crea	am mix is aged for at least 4 hours a	at:	10'	
	(a)	10°F.	(b)	40°F.	
	(c)	– 15°F.	(d)	20°F.	
38.	Unlike	biscuits, these are a low fat, low sug	gar p	roduct:	
	(a)	Biscuit.	(b)	Cookies.	
	(c)	Rolls.	(d)	Wafers.	
39.	Which	of the following make cookie brown	er?		
	(a)	Corn syrup.	(b)	Brown sugar.	
	(c)	Honey.	(d)	Demerara sugar.	
<b>4</b> 0.	Which	provides definite flavour, texture a	nd tas	ste to cookies ?	
	(a)	Butter.	(b)	Vegetable fat.	
	(c)	Lard.	(d)	Oil.	
41.	Raw ve	getable served as a relish :			
	(a)	Crudités.	(b)	Antipasto.	
	(c)	Pickle.	(d)	Marinara.	
<b>4</b> 2.	Vegeta	ble or fruit puree, used as a sauce:			
	(a)	Ketchup.	(b)	Konjee.	
7	(c)	Coulis.	(d)	Pedigree.	7 <b>01</b>

43.	3. Mixture of chopped meat and other ingredients used for pates, sausages:				
	(a)	Minced meat.	(b)	Force meat.	
	(c)	Pressed meat.	(d)	Ground.	
44.	Which o	of the following is not used in Tallov	v scul	lptures?	
	(a)	Bee wax.	(b)	Butter.	
	(c)	Paraffin wax.	(d)	Beef fat.	
45.	Tallow	display piece chosen should essenti	ally n	natch:	
	(a)	Theme of food.	(b)	Design of buffet.	
	(c)	Buffet set-up.	(d)	Décor of Hall.	
46.	Which	of the following is not used in tallov	v fat 1	models?	
	(a)	Wood.	(b)	Styrofoam.	
	(c)	Metal armature.	(d)	Aluminium Foil.	
47.	Germa	n sausage made of blood, spices and	l onio	ns:	
	(a)	Bratwurst.	(b)	Slutwurst.	
	(c)	Banger.	(d)	Kielbasa.	
48.	The ter	rrine vessel is an earthenware mold	in th	e shape of:	
	(a)	Oblong.	(b)	Rectangle.	
	(c)	Round.	(d)	Square.	
49.	Boned	poultry or game animal stuffed with	n forc	emeat:	
	(a)	Roulade.	(b)	Pate.	
	(c)	Galantine.	(d)	Ballontine.	
50.	The ga	llantines are sliced and served with	smal	cubes of:	
•	(a)	Carrot.	(b)	Celery.	
	(c)	Aspic.	(d)	Olives.	
51.	Savory	terrine with vegetables, seafood, po	oultry	or other light meats:	
	(a)	Mousseline.	(b)	Mousse.	
	(c)	Chorizo.	(b)	Parfait.	

52.	2. When their customers become bored with the choices that are offered:				
	(a)	Menu boredom.	(b)	Menu frustration.	
	(c)	Menu flops.	(d)	Menu fatigue.	
53.	Which	of the following is not correct about	Men	u designing?	
	(a)	Menu should be legible.	(b)	Menu should be elaborate.	
	(c)	Reflect current awareness.	(d)	Should complement the occasion.	
54.	Menu l	Item Sold ÷ Total No. Sold (all item	s) = :		
	(a)	Menu achievement rate.	(b)	Menu mix.	
	(c)	Menu performance.	(d)	Menu contribution.	
55.	Menu i	tems low in menu mix (Popularity)	and l	nigh in contribution margin :	
	(a)	Dog.	(b)	Puzzle.	
	(c)	Plow horse.	(d)	Star.	
56.	Menu d	clip-ons, to advertise specialty items	, are	most commonly used in :	
	(a)	Banquet.	(b)	Off-premise catering.	
	(c)	Restaurant.	(d)	Fast food.	
57.	Wall di	splays, showing enlarged colour ph	otogr	aphs of the food, are used in :	
	(a)	Take away.	(b)	Fine dining.	
	(c)	Theme restaurants.	(d)	Fast food.	
58.	An indi	vidual counts each product which is	s pres	sent in the store :	
	(a)	Manual inventory.	(b)	Physical inventory.	
	(c)	Personalised inventory.	(d)	Mark-up inventory.	
59.	Process	s of finding the future, considering t	he pr	resent trends and post data:	
	(a)	Post budget.	(b)	Predicting.	
	(c)	Analysing.	(d)	Forecasting.	
60.	It refers	s to stock of goods :			
)	(a)	Stores.	(b)	Pantry.	
	(c)	Inventory.	(d)	Cellar.  Turn over	
				Turn over	

61.	This is	used for recording additions and de	letion	s from product inventory :
	(a)	Bin card.	(b)	Cardex.
	(c)	Folio.	(d)	Purchase order.
62.	Purcha	se order is prepared in :		
	(a)	Multiple copies.	(b)	Triplicate.
	(c)	Quadruplicate.	(d)	Duplicate.
63.	Buying	large quantities or buying extreme	ly sm	all parcels of fine wine/spirit :
	(a)	Direct Buying.	(b)	Auction.
	(c)	Wholesalers.	(d)	Cellar Stocks.
64.	Produc	t delivered to the hotel be always ac	comp	panied with this document :
	(a)	Folio.	(b)	Voucher.
	(c)	Invoice.	(d)	Tag.
65.	A comp	orehensive and co-ordinated plan ex	press	ed in financial terms :
	(a)	Budgeting.	(b)	Planning.
	(c)	Co-ordinating.	(d)	Establishing.
66.	In each	organization there is always some	facto	r which governs the scale of its activity:
	(a)	Key factor.	(b)	Lack of capital.
	(c)	Shortage of skilled labour.	(d)	Production capacity.
67.	Which	of the following not an element of d	esign	?
	(a)	Form.	(b)	Flow.
	(c)	Follow.	(d)	Function.
68.	Examp	les of neutral colours :		
	(a)	Beige.	(b)	Pink.
	(c)	Orange.	(d)	Yellow.
69.	Which	of the following is an example of dir	ect li	ghting?
	(a)	Valence.	(b)	Soffit.
	(c)	Cornice.	(d)	Covered.

70.	. Short curtains that cover the portion of a window hung on decorative rods :			
	(a)	Café curtain.	(b)	Criss-cross.
	(c)	Sash curtain.	(d)	Casement curtain.
71.	It is an	elevated bed similar to a bunk bed	but v	vithout the lower beds :
	(a)	Sofa-cum bed.	(b)	Hammock.
	(c)	Loft bed.	(d)	Bunk bed.
72.	Provide	es a warm light bed covering but are	e quit	te expensive :
	(a)	Bolster.	(b)	Counterpane.
	(c)	Bed spread.	(d)	Quilt.
73.	Flower	arrangement with unequal but stil	l hav	e equal visual weight :
	(a)	Formal.	(b)	Asymmetric.
	(c)	Lopsided.	(d)	Unconventional.
74.	In flow	er arrangement this can be describe	ed as	a sense of movement:
	(a)	Scale.	(b)	Focal point.
	(c)	Rhythm.	(d)	Harmony.
75.	Florist'	's cone, also called :		
	(a)	Funnel.	(b)	Prong.
	(c)	Chicken wire.	(d)	Holder.
76.	This co	nsists of tall stems, flowering spikes	s, or b	old:
	(a)	Flower.	(b)	Buds.
	(c)	Sticks.	(d)	Foliage.
77.	Hogart	h is a shape of lower arrangement v	vhich	resemble :
	(a)	Circle.	(b)	Fan shape.
. 1	(c)	Crescent shape.	(d)	S-shape.
78.	Which o	of the element is not represented in	Japa	anese flower arrangement?
	(a)	Animal.	(b)	Haven.
	(c)	Man.	(d)	Earth.

79.	Differe	nce in colour and light between part	s of a	an image is called :
	(a)	Shade.	(b)	Contrast.
	(c)	Tint.	(d)	Depth.
80.	They do	o not necessarily clean but produce	a shii	ne:
	(a)	Abrasive.	(b)	Organic solvent.
	(c)	Polishes.	(d)	Alkali.
81.	Which	of the following is not a cleaning ag	ent?	
	(a)	Bleach.	(b)	Phenol.
	(c)	Acid.	(d)	Alkali.
82.	The are	ea provided as a common meeting po	oint f	or Guest near the reception :
	(a)	Bell desk.	(b)	Registration.
	(c)	Lobby.	(d)	Lounge.
83.	An upd	ated report that reflects a more cur	rent e	estimate of room availability:
	(a)	10 day.	(b)	3 day.
	(c)	Sample.	(d)	Daily.
84.	Statem	ent of all transactions (i.e. debits ar	id cre	edits) reflecting the balance of a single account:
	(a)	Folio.	(b)	Statement.
	(c)	Voucher.	(d)	Bill.
85.	This vo	oucher is used when some mount ha	s to b	e retuned to the guest :
	(a)	Charge.	(b)	Credit card.
	(c)	Paid out.	(d)	Allowance or correction.
86.	Updati	ng of room status and maintenance	statu	as of all rooms in the hotel :
	(a)	Guest accounting.	(b)	Night auditing.
1	(c)	Room management.	(d)	Sales.
87.	This m	odule has number of terminals locat	ted at	various outlets in the hotel :
) *	(a)	POS.	(b)	E-concierge.
	(c)	EMS.	( <del>b</del> )	CRS

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88.	GDS so	oftware is associated with :		
	(a)	Sales office.	(b)	Front office.
	(c)	Air line.	(d)	Travel Agent.
89.		ated system of man and machine ement, and decision making:	pro	viding information to support operations, th
	(a)	Yield management.	(b)	PMS.
	(c)	MIS.	(d)	CRS.
90.	Which	of the following is an advantage of	MIS	?
	(a)	Determine promotion.	(b)	Accuracy.
	(c)	Determine credit level.	(d)	Determine product mix.
91.	This is	types of beer except that it is a term	ı use	d for ordinary mild beer :
	(a)	Lager.	(b)	Draught.
	(c)	Porter.	(d)	Ale.
92.	The wo	ord 'rum' is derived from the Latin to	erm "	saccharum" meaning :
	(a)	Sweetness.	(b)	Sugar cane.
	(c)	Saccharine.	(d)	Saccharides.
93.	An alco	pholic spirit that is created from the	sap	of the blue agave plant :
	(a)	Tequila.	(b)	Absinthe.
	(c)	Aperitif.	(d)	Sake.
94.	An alco	pholic beverage produced by combin	ing s	pirits with fruits, herbs is :
	(a)	Mocktail.	(b)	Cocktail.
	(c)	Liqueur.	(d)	Aperitif.
95.	This is	liqueur made from Caraway seed:		
	(a)	Tia Maria.	(b)	Kummel.
	(c)	Aquavit.	(d)	Sambuca.

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96.	Spirits	flavoured and serve as an aperitif of	r for	flavouring cocktails is :
	(a)	Flavouring.	(b)	Herbs.
	(c)	Bitters.	(d)	Sweetener.
97.	Neutra	l spirit distilled from fermented mat	erial	without any distinctive colour, taste or aroma
	(a)	Fenny.	(b)	Arrack.
	(c)	White Rum.	(d)	Vodka.
98.	"Drunk	for a penny and dead drunk for two	o pen	ce" refers to which Spirit?
	(a)	Gin.	(b)	Rum.
	(c)	Whisky.	(d)	Brandy.
99.	Spirit d	listilled from fermented mash of gra	iin, u	sually: barley, wheat or maize :
	(a)	Vodka.	(b)	Port.
	(c)	Sherry.	(d)	Whisky.
100.	Grain V	Whisky is made chiefly from :		
	(a)	Barley.	(b)	Corn.
	(c)	Rye.	(d)	Oats.
101.	Type of	catering offering a variety of cateri	ing se	ervices to their customers :
	(a)	Conference and convention service	es.	
	(b)	Packaged take-out foodservices.		
	(c)	Full restaurant service.		
	(d)	Off-premise service.		
102.	When p	planning the layout, which main int	tentic	ons need to be understood?
	(a)	Receiving of commodities.		
	(b)	Regulating the supply of food.		
1	(c)	Kitchen design.		
M	(d)	Both (a) and (b).		

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103.	Simple because		and	use of convenience food in kitchen planning i				
	(a)	High labour cost.	(b)	Trend of the present.				
	(c)	Speed of operation.	(d)	Reduction of capital.				
104.	Rule of	thumb of floor area per person acco	mmo	dated in the dining room is:				
	(a)	6sq feet of floor area per person.						
	(b)	4sq feet of floor area per person.						
	(c)	2 sq feet of floor area per person.						
	(d)	1.5 sq feet of floor area per person						
105.	In case	ase of gas tank this one has to be, from the main building at a distance of:						
	(a)	75 yards.	(b)	100 yards.				
	(c)	150 yards.	(d)	40 yards.				
106. How wet garbage is stored in containers in				to prevent fermentation and smell?				
	(a)	Open yard.	(b)	Air-conditioned shelter.				
	(c)	Roofed shelter.	(d)	Vacuumed shelter.				
107.	Disposal of garbage is done on:							
	(a)	Regular basis.	(b)	Twice daily.				
	(c)	Daily basis.	(d)	Weekly basis.				
108.	In stores height of bottom shelf from the floor is:							
	(a)	8 inches.	(b)	12 inches.				
	(c)	14 inches.	(d)	6 inches.				
109.	The dis	tance between store shelves and wa	ıll sho	ould be a minimum of :				
	(a)	5 inches.	(b)	1 inch.				
11	(c)	6 inches.	(d)	2 inches.				
110.	Temper	rature of fruit stores is maintained a	ıt:					
)`	(a)	50°F.	(b)	60°F.				

(d) 50 - 60°F.

(c) 30°F.

111.	The digitisation of all the processes and value chains in the tourism, travel, hospitality and catering industries:							
	(a)	T - tourism (technology).						
	(b)	E-tourism (electronic).						
	(c)	I - tourism (information).						
	(d)	C - tourism (communication).						
112.	12. An electronic intermediary that provides and/or controls information flow and selling it to otherwed:							
	(a)	Infomediaries.	(b)	Internet.				
	(c)	Intranet.	(d)	Search engine.				
113.	13. Which of the following is not applicable to tourism industry?							
	(a)	E-ticketing.	(b)	E- hospitality.				
	(c)	E- Travel agencies.	(d)	E- auctioning.				
114.	Which	of the following is not an online tra	vel a	gency ?				
	(a)	Make my trip.	(b)	Trivago.				
	(c)	Magic brick.	(d)	Travelocity.				
115.	115. Which of the following is not CRS software?							
	(a)	Amadeus.	(b)	Galileo.				
	(c)	Ethernet.	(d)	Fidelio.				
116.	116. First reservation system application in tourism industry is:							
	(a) ARS (airline reservation system).							
	(b) CRS (computer reservation system).							
	(c)	ICT (infor. & comm technology).						
	(d) GDS (global distribution system).							
117.	117. In customer care management contact with the customer is:							
Χ,	(a)	Long term.	(b)	Episodic.				
	(c)	Continual.	(d)	Till he is profitable.				

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118.	Quality	concern in customer care managem	ient i	s entirely based on :
	(a)	Limited to customer base/segment.		
	(b)	Limited to production.		
	(c)	Limited to operation.		
	(d)	Organisation.		
119.	This m	ore important than acquiring new o	nes i	n customer care management :
	(a)	Response.	(b)	Satisfaction.
	(c)	Retention.	(d)	Partnering.
120.	This in	creases the scope to adopt innovativ	e sty	
	(a)	Supply chain.	(b)	Resource planning.
	(c)	Technology.	(d)	Collaborative relationship.
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				Reg	s. No			
FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE [SPECIAL] EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020								
Hotel Management and Catering Science and Hotel Management and Culinary Arts								
BSH/C5 D02—BASICS IN CULINARY								
(2017 Admissions)								
Time: Two Hours					Maximum: 40 Marks			
Part A								
All questions to be attended.								
I. Objectiv	ve questi	ons. Each question carries	s 1 ma	ırk:	)`			
1	s with pan searing followed							
		cooking in a liquid. Stewing.	(b)	Steaming.				
	(c)	Braising.	(d)	Boiling.				
2	is usually made up of a metal compound called high carbon stainless steel.							
	(a)	Bolsters.	(b)	Tang.				
	(c)	Rivets.	(d)	Blade.				
3 ———— is physical movement or transfer or harmful from one person place to another.								
	(a)	Cross Contamination.	(b)	Food Safety.				
	(c)	Danger Zone.	(d)	Chemical Contamin	ation.			
4	Bechamel Sauce is a sauce traditionally made from a ————.							
	(a)	Blonde Roux.	(b)	Brown Roux.				
	(c)	White Roux.	(d)	White Sauce.				

is the safety process of producing and edible food by preparing and combining ingredients.

(a) Frying.

(b) Cooking.

(c) Broiling.

(d) Poaching.

(5 × 1 = 5 marks)

#### Part B

All questions can be attended and Overall Ceiling.

- II. Write any four short answer. Each carries 2 marks:
  - 6 Define Cooking.
  - 7 Write any two types of knife cuts.
  - 8 Define cross contamination.
  - 9 What is meant by Beurre Blanc Sauce.
  - 10 Write any two steps in washing hands.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C

All questions can be attended and Overall Ceiling.

- III. Write any *three* short essay questions. Each one carries 4 marks:
  - 11 Give a short note on "Moist-heat cooking".
  - 12 Explain "How to chop on onion".
  - 13 Write about Food Safety.
  - 14 Write the recipe for "Bechamel Sauce".

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part D

All questions can be attended and Overall Ceiling.

- IV. Write any one essay in 600 to 800 words of 15 marks:
  - 15 Elaborate note on "Mother Sauces".
  - 16 Briefly explain about "Food temperature danger zone".

 $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$