

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4 (3) C07—HISTORY OF TOURISM DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Shiwaliks.
2. Kanha National Park.
3. River Yamuna.
4. Lothal.
5. Ellora Caves.
6. Sravanabalgola.
7. Rameswaram.
8. Kerala Coast.
9. Anamudi.
10. Bakel Fort.
11. Cheraman Masjid.
12. Thrissur Pooram.
13. Theyyam.
14. Maraman Convention.
15. Gwalior Fort.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Assess the climatic conditions of India ?
17. What are the Bird Sanctuaries of India ?
18. Briefly mention important pilgrim centers of India ?
19. Write a note on Tanjore Brihadeswara temple ?
20. Briefly assess geographical settings of Kerala ?
21. Examine the significance of porkalam ?
22. Write a note on Guruvayoor temple ?
23. Briefly discuss various fairs and festivals of Kerala ?

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Write an essay on Geographical Divisions of India ?
25. Briefly discuss the Significance of historical sites of India ?
26. Assess the origin and development of Eco-tourism in Kerala ?
27. Write an essay on various Forts of Kerala ?

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4 (3) C06—HISTORY OF JOURNALISM—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Augustus Hicky.
2. James Silk Buckingham.
3. Mirat-ul-Akhbar.
4. Bombay Samachar.
5. Nil Darpan.
6. Digidarshan.
7. National Herald.
8. Young India.
9. Barindra Kumar Ghosh.
10. The Vernacular Press Act.
11. PTI.
12. Suguna Bodhini.
13. Mitavadi.
14. Vivekodayam.
15. Vrithantha Pathra Pravarthanam.

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Give an account on the early publications from Bengal.
17. Discuss the aims and objectives of early newspapers.
18. Assess the impact of the Revolt of 1857 on the Indian press.
19. Elucidate the impact of technological development on Indian press.
20. Analyse the contributions of Bal Gangadhar Tilak to the Indian press movement.
21. Examine anti-Indian press regulation under the English East India Company.
22. Write a note on the women Magazines of Kerala.
23. Assess the role of press in the evolution of communist movements in Kerala.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Give an account on the important press organisations in India.
25. Describe the evolution of Indian press through early publications.
26. Analyse the role of press in the Indian National Movement.
27. Assess the contributions of press to the social reform movement of Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

[India map to accompany]

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4(3)C 05—ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answers)

*Answer atleast ten questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Indian Antiquary.
2. Pallavaram Finding.
3. Ancient Monuments Preservation Act of 1904.
4. Brahmagiri Excavation.
5. Kodumanal Excavation.
6. Babington.
7. Fawcett.
8. Imperial Gazetteer of India.
9. Rajendralal Mitra.
10. Charles Mason.
11. Dayaram Sahni.
12. Chief features of Mohenjodaro.
13. Anujan Achan.
14. KUR.Todd.
15. Extent of Harappan Civilization.

Section B (Paragraphs)

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Assess the contributions of James Princep to the history of India.
17. Alexander Cunningham and Indian Archaeology.
18. John Marshall.
19. Trace the early and urban traditions of Coromandal Coast.
20. Analyse the significance of Areca medu excavation.
21. Marayur paintings.
22. Robert Sewell.
23. Mark the following Harappan sites in the outline map provided :
Harappa, Mohenjo-Daro, Lothal, Rupa, Chanhudaro.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Analyse the contributions of Archaeological Survey of India in unraveling the history of India.
25. Highlight the various discussions and debates on the decipherment of Indus script.
26. Assess the contributions of Mortimer Wheeler to Indian history.
27. Trace the progress of Archaeology in Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

History

HIS 4(3) C04—WEST ASIAN STUDIES—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Balfour Declaration. | 2. Haj Amin. |
| 3. Yasar Arafat. | 4. OAPEC. |
| 5. Saddam Hussein. | 6. Arab Spring. |
| 7. NORKA. | 8. PLO. |
| 9. Partition of Palestine. | 10. Intifada. |
| 11. Muslim World League. | 12. Theodor Herzi. |
| 13. People's Mujahedin of Iran. | 14. Operation Desert Storm. |
| 15. Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC). | |

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Write a short note on Zionism.
17. Examine the causes of anti-Jewish rebellion.
18. Discuss the various stages of the formation of Gulf Co-operation Council.
19. Examine the development of oil industry after revolution in Iran.

Turn over

20. Describe the importance of US intervention in Gulf War.
21. Analyze the significance of Indo-Palestine relations.
22. Write a note on Talibanism.
23. Discuss the contributions of Indian labours in Gulf nations.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Describe the causes and consequences of the Arab-Israel wars.
25. Assess the role of Ayatollah Khomeini in the Islamic revolution in Iran.
26. Write an essay on the significance of the Gulf war in world politics.
27. Examine the impacts of Gulf money on Indian society and economy.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020****History****HIS 4(3)C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4(3)C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. _____, an avowed Catholic and believer of the Devine Right, like previous Stuart kings, came into throne in 1685.
- (A) James II. (B) Robert Owen.
(C) John Russell. (D) Charles II.
2. The main cause behind the Glorious revolution was _____ attempt to revive Catholicism in England.
- (A) James II's. (B) Robert Owens.
(C) John Russell's. (D) Charles IPs.
3. The Glorious Revolution of _____ reduced the power of the king and established the supremacy of the Parliament.
- (A) 1688. (B) 1693.
(C) 1694. (D) 1697.
4. _____ is often regarded as the founder of a school of thought known as British Empiricism.
- (A) Robert Owen. (B) Elias Howe.
(C) Thomas Edison. (D) John Locke.
5. The Hanoverian succession came about as a result of the Act of Settlement _____, passed by the Parliament of England.
- (A) 1601. (B) 1654.
(C) 1678. (D) 1701.
6. _____ invented the power loom in 1785.
- (A) Edmund Cartwright. (B) Robert Owen.
(C) Samuel F. B. (D) Elias Howe.
7. _____ created the sewing machine in 1844.
- (A) Elias Howe (B) Isaac Singer
(C) Jean Lenoir (D) Alexander Graham Bell.
(E) Thomas Edison.

8. _____ created the phonograph in 1877.
- (A) Thomas Edison. (B) Robert Owen.
(C) Henry Hetherington. (D) William Lovett.
9. The British economist _____ wrote Principles of Political Economy (1848).
- (A) Adam Smith. (B) John Stuart Mill.
(C) Turgot. (D) Robert Owen.
10. In 1810, _____ produced his first publication, The High Price of Bullion, a Proof of the Depreciation of Bank Note, which argued for the use of metallic currency.
- (A) David Ricardo. (B) Thomas Malthus.
(C) Charles Darwin. (D) Alfred Russell Wallace.
11. _____ produced 'An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations in 1776.
- (A) Queen Victoria. (B) Benjamin Disraeli.
(C) Adam Smith. (D) Bismarckian.
12. Social Darwinism was the name given to the theories of _____, an elitist philosopher.
- (A) Herbert Spencer. (B) Charles Darwin.
(C) Dickens. (D) Thackeray.
13. Matthew Arnold is one of the great social voices of the _____ era.
- (A) Victorian. (B) Tudor.
(C) Stuart. (D) Windsor.
14. _____ wrote his autobiography Apologia (1865-66).
- (A) John Henry Newman (B) Dickens.
(C) Trollope. (D) Thackeray.
15. _____ of Ireland during much of Queen Victoria's reign and remains one of the most popular British poets.
- (A) Alfred Tennyson. (B) Carlyle.
(C) Ruskin. (D) Matthew Arnold.

16. "The Strayed Reveller and Other Poems" was the first book of poetry penned by _____, which was published in 1849.
- (A) Matthew Arnold. (B) Christina Rossetti.
(C) William Wordsworth. (D) Henry James.
17. Apart from the poetry, _____ penned many prominent critical works, which includes 'Essays in Criticism' (1865), and 'Culture and Anarchy' (1869).
- (A) Goethe. (B) Matthew Arnold.
(C) William Wordsworth. (D) Charles Swinburne.
18. _____ rejected the notions, common at the time, of hereditary privilege, religion, absolute, and the Divine Right of Kings.
- (A) Liberalism. (B) Capitalism.
(C) Communalism. (D) Communism.
19. _____ literary success began with the 1836 serial publication of *The Pickwick Papers*.
- (A) Isaac Williams. (B) Robert Wilberforce.
(C) Charles Dickens's. (D) William Palmer.
20. _____ is best known for *Ulysses* (1922), a landmark work in which the episodes of Homer's *Odyssey* are paralleled in an array of contrasting literary styles.
- (A) James Joyce. (B) T. S. Eliot.
(C) W. H. Auden. (D) Edward Thomas.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020

History

HIS 4(3)C 03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

*Answer at least ten questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Christopher Marlow.
2. Oliver Cromwell.
3. Law of Gravitation.
4. Thomas Paine.
5. Imperialism.
6. Enclosure Movement.
7. Mercantilism.
8. John Kay.
9. De-colonization.
10. Social Darwinism.
11. Winston Churchill.
12. Fabian Socialism.
13. Feminism.
14. BREXIT.
15. European Union.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Write a note on Anglican reformation.
17. Bring out the impact of French Revolution in England
18. Write a note on Chartist Movement.
19. Point out the evil effects of Factory system in England.
20. Bring out the features of Victorian Society.
21. Give an account of the concept of Welfare State.
22. Critically examine the growth of terrorism.
23. Discuss briefly on the impact of Globalization.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Give an estimate of the Glorious Revolution.
25. Bring out the major changes in technology on the eve of Industrial Revolution.
26. Trace out the impact of Second World War on England.
27. Trace out the history of British Commonwealth.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4(3)C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM AD 1500—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

*Answer atleast ten questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Treaty of Versailles.
2. Woodrow Wilson.
3. Bolsheviks.
4. New Economic Policy.
5. Black Shirts.
6. Mein Kampf.
7. WHO.
8. Marshal Plan.
9. SEATO.
10. Cominform.
11. Neo-colonialism
12. PLO.
13. Long March.
14. Apartheid.
15. Suez crisis.

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. What were the important causes of the First World War ?
17. Critically examine the failures of the League of Nations.
18. Write an essay on fascism in Italy.
19. What was the historical significance of Cold War ?
20. Describe the causes of the Arab-Israel wars.
21. Trace the causes of the emergence of People's Republic of China.
22. Assess the role of Nelson Mandela in the freedom struggle of South Africa.
23. Write an essay on globalization.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Examine the causes and consequences of the Russian Revolution.
25. Discuss the impact of Second World War on world politics.
26. Write an essay on the significance of NATO.
27. Trace the causes of the Gulf Wars.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4(3)C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4(3)C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who is the chief exponent of Two nation theory ?
 - (A) Vivekananda.
 - (B) Gokhale.
 - (C) Gandhiji.
 - (D) Mohammed Ali Jinnah.
2. V.D Savarkar was born in :
 - (A) 1885.
 - (B) 1883.
 - (C) 1888.
 - (D) 1870.
3. Tilak regarded that Swaraj was not only a right but a :
 - (A) Justice.
 - (B) Dharma.
 - (C) Power.
 - (D) Status.
4. Who is the Champion of secularism ?
 - (A) Jinnah.
 - (B) Nehru.
 - (C) Savarkar.
 - (D) Thilak.
5. Name the important work of V.D. Savarkar :
 - (A) Princess.
 - (B) Politics.
 - (C) Freedom struggle.
 - (D) Hindutval.
6. Independent India was founded by :
 - (A) Gopalakrishna Gokhale.
 - (B) Thilak.
 - (C) M.N. Roy.
 - (D) Jayaprakas Narayanan.
7. Radical Democratic party was organised by :
 - (A) Lohia.
 - (B) M.N.Roy.
 - (C) Jayaprakash Narayanan.
 - (D) Thilak.

8. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi was born on 2nd October _____.
- (A) 1869. (B) 1859.
(C) 1889. (D) 1900
9. A series of non-violence campaigns of Civil Disobedience Movement were launched by the Indian National Congress under the leadership of _____.
- (A) Mohammad Ali Jinnah. (B) Sri Aurabinclo.
(C) Motilal Nehru. (D) Mahatma Gandhi.
10. Mahatma Gandhi on August 8, _____ gave the call for Quit India Movement.
- (A) 1942. (B) 1920.
(C) 1930. (D) 1940.
11. In 1946, upon persuasion of _____, Mahatma Gandhi reluctantly accepted the proposal of partition and independence offered by the British cabinet, in order to evade a civil war.
- (A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. (B) Rajguru.
(C) Sukhdev. (D) Mohammed Ali Jinnah.
12. The constitution of India became fully operational with effect from 26th January _____.
- (A) 1905. (B) 1935.
(C) 1947. (D) 1950.
13. All men and women of _____ years or above of age whose names are registered in the voters lists vote in elections for electing the members of Lok Sabha.
- (A) 14. (B) 16.
(C) 17. (D) 18.
14. The Montague-Chelmsford Reforms of _____ had brought a large scale discontentment among the people of India.
- (A) 1909. (B) 1911.
(C) 1916. (D) 1919.
15. The States Reorganization Act was passed by parliament in November _____.
- (A) 1916. (B) 1926.
(C) 1946. (D) 1956.

16. On June 25, _____ prime minister Indira Gandhi imposed Emergency in India citing grave threat to her government and sovereignty of the country from both internal and external forces.
- (A) 1955. (B) 1965.
(C) 1968. (D) 1975.
17. The firebrand trade union leader _____ had successfully organised an all India Railways strike bringing the public transport and economy to a halt.
- (A) George Fernandes. (B) Fakruddin Ali Ahmed.
(C) Jaya Prakash Narayan. (D) EMS.
18. In the historic Lok Sabha election held in March 1977, _____ led Congress lost power.
- (A) Indira Gandhi. (B) JB Patnaik.
(C) Jyoti Basu. (D) Madhu Dandavate.
19. One of Nehru's key economic reforms was the introduction of the Five Years Plan in _____.
- (A) 1901. (B) 1911.
(C) 1941. (D) 1951.
20. In _____, with the emergence of a new politically independent nation, India continued to march ahead pursuing a programme of using modern science and technology for national development.
- (A) 1907. (B) 1917.
(C) 1937. (D) 1947.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 4(3)C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)—II

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

*Answer atleast ten questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Champaran Sathyagraha.
2. Rowlatt Act.
3. General O Dyer.
4. Chouri Choura Incident.
5. Dandi March.
6. 'Do or Die'
7. Sathyasodhak Samaj.
8. Temple Entry Proclamation of 1936.
9. Santhi Nikethan.
10. Poona Pact.
11. INA.
12. Sardar Vallabhabai Patel.
13. Liberalization.
14. Man Mohan Singh.
15. Bipan Chandra.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

*Answer atleast five questions.
Each question carries 6 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Describe the significance of Gandhian ideology to the freedom struggle of India.
17. Write an essay on the Civil Disobedience Movement.
18. Trace the programmes of the anti-caste movements in India.
19. Write a note on the constructive programmes of Gandhi.
20. Assess the role of Subash Chandra Bose to the freedom struggle of India..
21. Examine the programmes and activities of the Congress Socialists.
22. Describe the silent features of Indian Constitution.
23. Write an essay on Globalization.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Write an essay on the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919.
25. Trace the growth and development of communalism in India.
26. Describe the contribution of Jawaharlal Nehru to the Indian politics.
27. Examine the causes and consequences of emergency.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The earliest evidence of settled agriculture in the subcontinent comes from :
(A) Kalibangan. (B) Amri.
(C) Mehrgarh. (D) Inamgarh.
2. The OCP Culture is found mainly in :
(A) Eastern UP. (B) Western UP.
(C) Bihar. (D) Bengal.
3. The half-life of Carbon-14 is :
(A) 3750 years. (B) 5730 years.
(C) 7350 years. (D) 9530 years.
4. Which one of the following is the latest Indus city discovered in India ?
(A) Manda. (B) Dholavira.
(C) Daimabad. (D) Rangpur.
5. The religious iconography of Indus people consists of :
(i) Seals and Sealings. (ii) Images and Statues.
(iii) Terracotta figurines. (iv) Amulets and Tablets.
Choose the answer from the codes given below :
(A) (i) and (ii). (B) (i), (ii) and (iii).
(C) (i), (iii) and (iv). (D) All of them.
6. The majority of the Harappan pottery was :
(A) Polychrome pottery. (B) Black-painted pottery.
(C) Red-painted pottery. (D) Plain pottery.
7. Of the all Harappan sites, which has the most impressive drainage system ?
(A) Harappa. (B) Banawali.
(C) Dholavira. (D) Mohenjodaro.

8. Which one of the following places had a culture, called Jhanger culture, in its late Harappan phase ?
- (A) Kalibangan. (B) Mohenjodaro.
(C) Chanhudaro. (D) Amri.
9. The cemeteries of the Harappan cities were generally located :
- (A) Around the perimeter of the settlements.
(B) Within the citadels
(C) At the heart of the cities.
(D) Near the residences.
10. Which one of the following Vedic texts, apart from the Rig Veda Samhita, cites Indra as the destroyer of the Indus civilisation ?
- (A) Atharva Veda Samhita. (B) Taittiriya Brahmana.
(C) Aitareya Brahmana. (D) Satapatha Brahmana.
11. According to the Rig Veda, Panis were indulged in :
- (A) Cultivation. (B) Trade and commerce.
(C) Handicrafts. (D) Hunting and gathering.
12. How many times does the term jana in the sense of a tribe occur in the Rig Veda ?
- (A) 250. (B) 275.
(C) 300. (D) 325.
13. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched ?
- (A) Sama Veda Samhita—Origins of Indian music.
(B) Atharva Veda Samhita—Origins of Indian medicine.
(C) Rig Veda Samhita—Earliest Prose.
(D) Yajur Veda Samhita—Origins of rituals.
14. Jaina philosophy is known as :
- (A) Pudgala. (B) Samkhya.
(C) Samachari. (D) Syadvada.

15. Which one of the following four Agnikula families was known for its patronage of Jainism ?
- (A) Chauhans. (B) Solankis.
(C) Pawars. (D) Pariharas.
16. What is Mahabhinishkramana ?
- (A) The renunciation of worldly life by Mahavira.
(B) The 'Great Going Forth' by Mahavira.
(C) The renunciation of worldly life by Buddha.
(D) The delivery of the first sermon by Buddha.
17. Nandas, the rulers of Magadha, were probably patrons of :
- (A) Brahmanism. (B) Buddhism.
(C) Jainism. (D) Ajivikas.
18. Sanchi stupa was said to be originally built by the following king of Mauryan empire :
- (A) Dasaratha. (B) Samprati.
(C) Asoka. (D) Bindusara.
19. Which of the following southern kingdoms were contemporaries of Asoka ?
- (i) Keralaputras. (ii) Cholas.
(iii) Pallavas. (iv) Pandyas.
(v) Satyaputras.
- Select the answer from the codes below :
- (A) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv). (B) (i), (ii), (iv) and (v).
(C) (iii), (iv) and (v). (D) All of these.
20. Didarganj in Bihar is known for :
- (A) Stone figure of yakshi. (B) Stone figure of yaksha.
(C) Stone figure of chauri-bearer. (D) Stone elephant.

(Map to accompany)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Indus Script.
2. Alexander Cunningham.
3. Rigveda.
4. Mahajanapadas.
5. Monarchy.
6. Rishabha.
7. Eight Fold Path.
8. Swethambaras.
9. Kalinga War.
10. Edicts of Asoka.
11. Silappadikaram.
12. Muvender.
13. Sri Rajarajeswara Temple.
14. Abhijanasakundala.
15. Alwars.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attempted.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Assess the role of Sir John Marshal to the excavation of Indus Valley Civilization.
17. What were the important causes of the decline of Indus Valley Civilization ?
18. Write a short note on the PGW Culture.
19. Write an essay on the formation of urban centers in the early period.
20. Trace the various stages of the domination of Magadha.
21. Examine the significance of Indo-Roman trade in the early Tamizhakam.
22. Bring out the features of the land grants system under the Satavahanas.
23. Mark the following port towns of ancient Tamizhakam in the outline map provided :
(Poompuhar, Arikamedu, Nagapattinam, Pondicheri, Kaveripattinam)

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

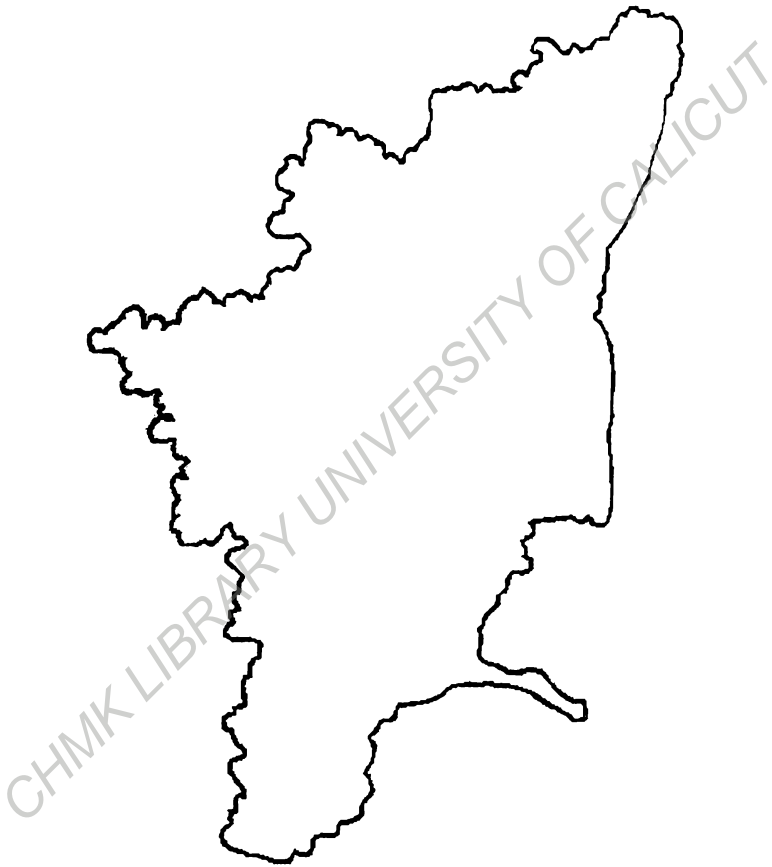
Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Examine the important features of pre-Harappan cultures.
25. Write an essay on the nature of society and polity during the early Vedic period.
26. Describe the features of Asoka Dharma.
27. Critically examine the features of Indian feudalism.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)



D 93042-A

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

History

HIS 3B 03—WORLD HISTORY-I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 03—WORLD HISTORY-I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Homo erectus is the zoological name of :
 - Java Ape man.
 - Peking Man.
 - Neanderthal man.
 - Both (A) and (B).
- The theory of evolution indicates that ?
 - Man evolved from monkeys.
 - Monkeys evolved from men.
 - Man evolved from dinosaurs.
 - Man and Apes had a common ancestor.
 - None.
- Which one of the following was the first to stand bipedal movement ?
 - Peking man.
 - Australopithecus.
 - Java man.
 - Cro magnum man.
- River Tigris and Euphrates are associated with ?
 - Mesopotamian Civilization.
 - Harappan Civilization.
 - Chinese Civilization.
 - Egyptian Civilization.
- History of Rome 'written by ?
 - Livy.
 - Tacitus.
 - Julius Caesar.
 - Aeneid.
- The invention of wheel was during the period of :
 - Mesolithic.
 - Paleolithic.
 - Neolithic.
 - Metal age.
- The code of Hammurabi, is an example of :
 - Written rules for legal procedures.
 - The power of strong kings to control trade.
 - Regulations on the way to conduct wars against neighboring nations.
 - The power of a legislature to veto laws passed by absolute monarchs.

8. What was the ancient Egyptian king called ?
- (A) Pharaoh. (B) God.
(C) King. (D) Government.
9. Who conquered the Ancient Greece ?
- (A) The Romans. (B) The Greeks.
(C) The Egyptians. (D) The Persians.
10. Hand axe and cleavers were characteristics tools of :
- (A) Lower Paleolithic Age. (B) Middle Paleolithic age.
(C) Upper Paleolithic Age. (D) Iron Age.
11. Agricultural revolution took place in :
- (A) Paleolithic Age. (B) Mesolithic Age.
(C) Neolithic Age. (D) Iron Age.
12. The largest Mesolithic site discovered in India so far is :
- (A) Bagor. (B) Linghnaj.
(C) Hirpur. (D) Linsugur.
13. Nebuchadnezzar II was the king of :
- (A) Greece. (B) Egypt.
(C) Babylon. (D) Mesopotamia.
14. Who opined the growth of Christianity was the cause of the downfall of Roman empire ?
- (A) J.B. Burry. (B) Edward Gibbon.
(C) Arther Forill. (D) Arnold Toynbee.
15. Who, the leader of Roman Republic was assassinated on the ideas of march ?
- (A) Octavian Caesar. (B) Alexander.
(C) Julius Caesar. (D) Augustus Caesar.

16. When were ancient Olympic games held first ?
- (A) 776 B.C. (B) 780 B.C.
(C) 790 B.C. (D) 800 B.C.
17. Which of the following wonder of the ancient world ?
- (A) The Statue of Jupiter Zeus at Olympia.
(B) The Colloseum of Rome.
(C) The leading Tower of Pisa.
(D) The Mosque at St. Sophia.
18. Which was not an Roman philosopher ?
- (A) Cicero. (B) Seneca.
(C) Lucretius. (D) Octavian.
19. What do Epi Paleolithic mean ?
- (A) Early Paleolithic. (B) Middle Paleolithic
(C) Later Paleolithic. (D) Upper Paleolithic.
20. Which year occurred first ?
- (A) 2000 B.C. (B) 1250 B.C.
(C) 1500 B.C. (D) 1000 B.C.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

History

HIS 3B 03—WORLD HISTORY – I

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Stone Age.
2. Cuneiform Script.
3. Cleopatra.
4. Great Sphinx.
5. Uruk.
6. Pyramids.
7. The Law Code of Hammurabi.
8. Confucianism.
9. Hieroglyphic script.
10. Taoism.
11. Sparta.
12. Battle of Marathon.
13. Charlemagne.
14. Diocletian.
15. Pantheon.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. What were the contribution of the Egyptian civilization in the field of science and technology ?
17. Trace the growth and development of the Greek City states.

Turn over

18. Analyze the features of the Chinese revolution.
19. What were the important causes of the decline of Roman Empire ?
20. Examine the agriculture system of the Mesolithic period.
21. Describe the features of rock art in the Neolithic Age.
22. Write an essay on Mesopotamian religion.
23. Discuss the social stratification in the Egyptian civilization.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Describe the important contribution of the Greek Civilization.
25. Write an essay on the literature and architecture of the Roman civilization.
26. Describe the silent features of the Pericleian Age.
27. Examine the position of women in the Homeric Age.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

D 91820–A

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. A glorious civilization flourished in the valley of the river Indus and its neighbouring regions prior to the rise of the Chalcolithic Age.
(A) Harappan. (B) Maghadan.
(C) Vedic. (D) Later Vedic.
2. The city of Harappa had existed on the banks of the river _____.
(A) Ravi. (B) Narmada.
(C) Brahmaputhra. (D) Ganga.
3. The word Veda is derived from the word :
(A) Ved. (B) Dev
(C) Vid. (D) Vadam.
4. In their migration to the east and south-east the _____ came into conflict with the Dasas or Dasyus.
(A) Aryans. (B) Dravidians.
(C) Sudras (D) Vaisyas.
5. In the vedic period 'gavishti' means :
(A) War (B) Yaga
(C) Trade. (D) Pooja.
6. The term used for the tribal unit or clan :
(A) 'Vis'. (B) Jana.
(C) Gana. (D) Kula.
7. The earliest reference of Dana and Dakshina is seen in the 'Dana Stuti' hymns of _____.
(A) Buddhist Literature (B) Sangam Literature.
(C) Rigveda. (D) Jain.

8. The _____ were engaged in trade and agriculture.
- (A) Vyshyas. (B) Brahmins.
(C) Kshatriyas. (D) Sudras.
9. By the _____ Century B.C. the use of iron had become widespread in India.
- (A) First. (B) Second.
(C) Fourth. (D) Sixth
10. Ajatasatru was succeeded by his son :
- (A) Udayan. (B) Bimbisaran.
(C) Harshan. (D) Bindusaran
11. The 23rd Thirthankara was :
- (A) Parswanath (B) Mahavira.
(C) Sidharth. (D) Rishaba.
12. Vardhamana Mahavira was married to _____.
- (A) Madhavi (B) Yesodha
(C) Kannaki. (D) Saradha.
13. Buddha preached his followers the _____ 'Noble Truths'.
- (A) 4. (B) 6.
(C) 7. (D) 9.
14. Magadha has risen to authority during the reigns of Bimbisara and Ajatashatru of _____ dynasty.
- (A) Shishunaga. (B) Nanda.
(C) Mauryan. (D) Gupta.
15. Magasthenese stayed at the _____ court of Pataliputra.
- (A) Mauryan. (B) Gupta.
(C) Vijayanagara. (D) Bhamini.

16. Who founded the Sunga dynasty ?
- (A) Brihandratha. (B) Aoka.
(C) Pushyamitra. (D) Bindusara.
17. The sangam Literature dividend the land into _____ on the basis of soil formation and Topography.
- (A) Tinai. (B) Vish.
(C) Kula. (D) Gana.
18. _____ was a Cultivable land.
- (A) Marutham. (B) Kurinchi.
(C) Neythal. (D) Mullai.
19. _____ is a treatise on Tamil grammar and poetics.
- (A) Tolkappiyam. (B) Ettutogai.
(C) Pattupattu. (D) Patinenkilkanakku.
20. '*The Wonder that was India*' is written by _____.
- (A) Basham A.L. (B) Champakalakshmi R.
(C) Jha D.N. (D) Kosambi D.D.

(India map to accompany)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Fill in the blanks :

- Lothal, the Indus site was belonged in _____ Indian state.
- 'Indica' is written by _____.
- Mahayanism was the division of _____ religion.
- _____ was the first Arab invader in India.

Choose the correct answer from the brackets :

- The founder of Jainism :
(a) Goutama. (b) Mahaveera.
(c) Parswanatha. (d) Vyasa.
- Who among the following was a great ruler of the Satavahanas ?
(a) Kanishka. (b) Harsha.
(c) Gautamiputra. (d) Pushyamitra.
- The author of "Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India" :
(a) D.N.Jha. (b) R.S.Sharma.
(c) Romila Tapar. (d) D.D.Kosambi.
- Alvars were the followers of :
(a) Jain. (b) Buddha.
(c) Siva. (d) Vishnu.

Match the following :

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 9. Patanjali | (a) Vaiseshika. |
| 10. Kapila | (b) Yoga. |
| 11. Kanada | (c) Nyaya. |
| 12. Gautama | (d) Sankhya. |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Short Answers)

Answer any seven questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| 13. Palaeolithic Age. | 14. Mahaveera. |
| 15. Archaeological evidences. | 16. Rigveda. |
| 17. Vidatha. | 18. Varna and jati. |
| 19. Harshavardhana. | 20. Chilappadikaram. |
| 21. Neital. | |

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C

Mark on the outline map provided the major centers of Asokan Inscriptions.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 22. Dhauli. | 23. Sanchi. |
| 24. Saranath. | 25. Junagad. |
| 26. Lumbini. | 27. Maski. |

(6 × 1 = 6 marks)

Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any four of the following.

Each question carries 6 marks.

28. Discuss the features of urbanization of Indus Culture.
29. Describe the features of the local self government under the Cholas.
30. Write an essay on Vedic economy.
31. Trace the growth and development of the mahajanapadas.
32. Bring out the features of Gupta art and architecture.
33. Examine the features of the second urbanization.

(4 × 6 = 24 marks)

Section E (Essays)

Answer any two of the following.

Each question carries 15 marks.

34. Discuss the features of the social structure in the later vedic period.
35. Analyze the administrative measures introduced by the Mauryans in India.
36. Trace the growth and development of Buddhism in India.
37. Examine the impacts of Roman trade in the economy of ancient India.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)



**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020****History****HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- ASCII and EBCDIC are the popular character coding systems. What does ASCII stand for ?
 - American Stable Code for International Interchange.
 - American Standard Case for Institutional Interchange.
 - American Standard Code for Information Interchange.
 - American Standard Code for Interchange Information.
- Which is not consisted in a processor
 - ALU.
 - CU.
 - Memory.
 - Registers.
- When was the world's first laptop computer introduced in the market and by whom ?
 - Hewlett-Packard 1984.
 - Epson, 1981.
 - Laplink traveling software In 1982.
 - Tandy model-2000, 1985.
- Apple company used chips from _____ for its computers :
 - Intel.
 - Motorola.
 - Both of above.
 - None of above.
- A computer with CPU speed around 100 million instruction per second and with the word length of around 64 bits is known as :
 - Super computer.
 - Mini computer.
 - Micro computer.
 - Macro computer
- Which of the following have the fastest access time ?
 - Semiconductor Memories.
 - Magnetic Disks.
 - Magnetic Tapes.
 - Compact Disks
- What was the name of the first commercially available microprocessor chip ?
 - Intel 308.
 - Intel 33.
 - Intel 4004.
 - Motorola 639.

8. The expansion of HTTP is _____.
- (A) Hypertext Transfer Programme. (B) Hypertest Transfer Programme.
(C) Hypertest Transfer Protocol. (D) Hypertext Transfer Protocol.
9. Expansion of SMS :
- (A) Short Message Services. (B) Short Medium Service.
(C) Small Message Service. (D) Small Media Service
10. ALU is :
- (A) Array Logic Unit. (B) Arithmetic Logic Unit.
(C) Application Logic Unit. (D) None of above.
11. What is the full form of www ?
- (A) World Wide Word. (B) World Wide Web.
(C) Word Widening Works. (D) Words Wide Spiderman Web.
12. M.S Power Point is a :
- (A) Presentation software. (B) Spread sheet.
(C) Programming Language. (D) Word Document.
13. MS-DOS is the name of a/an :
- (A) Application software. (B) Hardware.
(C) System software. (D) None of these.
14. Transistors are associated with which computer system ?
- (A) First generation. (B) Fifth generation.
(C) Second generation. (D) None of these.
15. Which is/are the main provisions of Information Technology (IT) Act, 2000 ?
- (A) Finalisation of contracts through electronic media.
(B) Legal recognition to digital signatures and documents.
(C) Making hacking with computer system an offence.
(D) All of the above.

16. MAN is a :
- (A) Microchip. (B) Software Company.
(C) Network (D) Internet Service Provider.
17. 'MOV' extension refers usually to what kind of file ?
- (A) Image File. (B) Animation /Movie File.
(C) Audio File. (D) MS Office Document.
18. _____ allow(s) users to interactively send instructions (such as printing and closing a window) to a computer using graphical icons :
- (A) Commands. (B) GUI.
(C) Printer. (D) Key Board.
19. Linux is an Operating System initially conceived by :
- (A) Richard Stallman. (B) Linus Torvalds.
(C) Eric Raimonds. (D) Bill Gates.
20. Internet's initial development was supported by :
- (A) ARPANET. (B) Bill Rogers.
(C) Bill Gates. (D) Microsoft.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

History

HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries ½ mark.*

Fill in the blanks :

1. The full form of MMS is _____.
2. CAD stands for _____.
3. _____ is the brain of the computer.
4. _____ is the founder of free software.

Choose the correct answer from the brackets :

5. This network is an autonomous Inter-University Centre of the University Grants Commission :
(a) INFLIBNET. (b) NICENET.
(c) BRENET. (d) None of these.
6. An Electronic image sensor is found in :
(a) Loud speaker. (b) CPU.
(c) UPS. (d) Digital Camera.
7. The panel at the top of the MS-word document is called :
(a) Menu. (b) Ribbon.
(c) Programme. (d) Toolbar.
8. I.T. Act in India is amended in :
(a) 2000. (b) 2004.
(c) 2008. (d) 2010.

Turn over

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two of the following.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. Discuss the features of modern personal computers.
30. Explain, how information technology created new opportunities and threats in industries ?
31. What is Operating System ? Discuss the different types of Operating System.
32. Define knowledge management. State the important features and need for knowledge management.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Match the following :

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 9. Peter Norton | - (a) Introduction to Information Technology. |
| 10. Leon Alexes, Mathews Lewon | - (b) Technology in Action. |
| 11. Rajaramanan.V | - (c) Introduction to Computers. |
| 12. Alan Evans, Kendal Martin | - (d) Computer Today. |

(12 x ½ = 6 marks)

Section B (Short Answers)

Answer any **seven** questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| 13. LAN. | 14. ISDN. |
| 15. Data. | 16. SMS. |
| 17. Mobile Computing. | 18. Patents. |
| 19. Online activism. | 20. NICNET. |
| 21. Google mapping. | |

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any **five** of the following.
Each question carries 6 marks.

22. Write an essay on the history of the computers.
23. Write a note on E-Governance.
24. Examine the significance of E-mail.
25. How far digital libraries helped to the academic services ?
26. What are important Cyber crimes and Cyber ethics ? Discuss.
27. Examine the historical significance of the Indus Script
28. Give an account of the mobile phone technology.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

(India map to be accompany)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE [SPECIAL] EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2019**

History

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Fill in the blanks :

1. Mahayanism was the division of _____ religion.
2. Parswanatha was the _____ Thirthankara of Jainism.
3. *Harshacharita* is written by _____.
4. _____ was the founder of the Gupta Empire.

Choose the correct answer from the brackets :

5. Founder of the Satavahana dynasty :
(a) Pulumayi. (b) Simukha.
(c) Goutamiputra Satakarni. (d) Kanishka.
6. Maravar and Kallar were the two groups of people belonged in the *Tinai* of :
(a) Mullai. (b) Marutham.
(c) Palai. (d) Neital.
7. Alvars were the followers of :
(a) Jain. (b) Buddha.
(c) Siva. (d) Vishnu.
8. Kalibangan, the Indus site is belonged in the Indian state of :
(a) Gujarat. (b) Rajasthan.
(c) Punjab. (d) Maharashtra.

Match the following :

- | | | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|
| 9. Patanjali | (a) | Vaisheshika. |
| 10. Kapila | (b) | Yoga. |
| 11. Kanada | (c) | Nyaya. |
| 12. Gautama | (d) | Sankhya. |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Section B (Short Answers)

Answer any seven questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

13. Great Bath.
14. PGW Culture.
15. Sabha and Samiti.
16. Pastoralism.
17. Eight Fold Path.
18. Mahajanapadas.
19. Varna and Jati.
20. Muventar.
21. Nayanars.

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Map)

Mark on the outline map provided the major sites of Indus Valley Civilization.

22. Mohenjo-Daro.
23. Harappa.
24. Kalibangan.
25. Lothal.
26. Ropar.

Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any four of the following.

Each question carries 6 marks.

28. What were the major causes of the decline of Indus Civilization ?
29. How far archaeological excavations helped to reconstruct the history of ancient India.
30. Trace the growth and development of Jainism in India.
31. Describe the features of Land Grants system under the Satavahanas.
32. Analyze the administrative measures introduced by the Mauryans in India.
33. Analyze the major impacts of Arab invasion of Sind.

(4 × 6 = 24 marks)

Section E (Essays)

Answer any two of the following.

Each question carries 15 marks.

34. Write an essay on Asoka's Dhamma.
35. Discuss the features of the social structure in the later vedic period.
36. Analyze the space of the early Tamil literature in the historical reconstruction of ancient India.
37. Trace the growth and development of the literature and religion during the Gupta period.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)



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**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) SPECIAL DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2019**

History

HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer all questions.**Each question carries ½ mark.*

Fill in the blanks :

1. The full form of WAN IS _____.
2. IT Act in India is amended in the year _____.
3. IPR stands for _____.
4. The combination of row and column is called _____.

Choose the correct answer from the brackets :

5. Typeface option will come under the menu of :
(a) Edit. (b) Tools.
(c) View. (d) Format.
6. Which of the following is not a wireless communication device ?
(a) Bluetooth. (b) GPS.
(c) Infra red communication. (d) None of these.
7. The panel at the top of the MS-word document is called :
(a) Menu. (b) Ribbon.
(c) Programme. (d) Toolbar.
8. Replace command is available on :
(a) Page setup Group. (b) Editing Group.
(c) Font Group. (d) Paragraph Group.

Turn over

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two of the following.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. Analyze the merits and demerits of the Digital resources.
30. What is Cyber crime ? Discuss its significance in the modern society.
31. Discuss the impact of information technology on society.
32. Assess the role of Information Technology in the field of education.

(2 x 15 = 30 marks)

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Match the following :

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 9. Bill Gates | - (a) Father of Internet |
| 10. Charles Babbage | - (b) Founder of Microsoft |
| 11. Vint Cerf | - (c) Founder of Free Software |
| 12. Richard Stallman | - (d) Father of Computer |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Section B (Short Answers)

*Answer any seven questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

13. Linux.
14. Mobile Phone Technology.
15. Search Engines.
16. SMS.
17. Cyber ethics.
18. Copy Rights.
19. Blog.
20. VICTERS.
21. Indus Script.

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

*Answer any five of the following.
Each question carries 6 marks.*

22. Discuss the features of the personal computer.
23. Describe the significance of the print culture to Information technology.
24. Write a note on E-Governance
25. Give an account of the Patent Act in India.
26. Write an essay on INFLEBNET.
27. Write a note on different types of Computer Networks.
28. Analyze the significance of the social media.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C07—HISTORY OF TOURISM DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Shipkila Pass. | 2. River Tsangpo. |
| 3. Shimla. | 4. Ghana Bird Sanctuary. |
| 5. Ajantha Caves. | 6. Sanchi. |
| 7. Amarnath. | 8. Konark. |
| 9. North East Monsoon. | 10. Ponnudi. |
| 11. Thrippunithura Hill Palace. | 12. Bheemapalli. |
| 13. Palakkad Fort. | 14. Ottanthullal. |
| 15. Boat Races. | |

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type Questions)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Write a note on Greater Himalayas.
17. What is Bio-diversity ?
18. What were the earlier Historical sites of India ?
19. Write a note on Shantiniketan ?

20. Briefly discuss the Climatic Conditions of Kerala.
21. Write a note on Church Festivals of Kerala.
22. Examine various Historical Monuments of Kerala.
23. What is Mamburam Maqam ?

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type Questions)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Describe various features of Responsible Tourism.
25. Write an essay on significance of Cultural Centre of India.
26. Discuss different Geographical division and features of Kerala.
27. Write an essay on Fairs and Festivals of Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C 06—HISTORY OF JOURNALISM—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer atleast ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

1. Amrita Bazar Patrika.
2. Sambad Kaumudi.
3. Som Prakash.
4. Nil Darpan.
5. Kesari.
6. The Leader
7. Ghadar.
8. National Herald.
9. Prajavani
10. PTI.
11. Suguna Bodhini.
12. Swadeshabhmani.
13. A. Balakrishna Pillai.
14. Thozhilali.
15. Arayan.

Section B

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

16. Describe the contributions of Serampur missionaries to the development of Indian press.
17. Analyse the freedom of Indian press under the English East India Company's rule
18. Discuss the suppression of Indian press under Lord Lytton.
19. Write a note on the important press organisations in India.
20. Elucidate Gandhiji's contributions in the field of Indian journalism.
21. Give an account on the press and the partition of Bengal.
22. Examine the journalistic contributions of Sahodaran Ayyappan.
23. Write a note on the women Magazines of Kerala.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Assess the genesis and development of Indian press.
25. Analyse the journalistic contributions to the Indian national movement.
26. Give an account on the press acts passed by the colonial government in India.
27. Discuss the contributions of press to the social reform movement of Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

(Kerala Map to accompany)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

History

HIS 4 (3) C05—ARCHAEOLOGY IN INDIA—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. William Jones.
2. Ancient Monuments Preservation Act-1904.
3. Dayaram Sahni.
4. Chief features of Harappa.
5. Brahmagiri excavation.
6. Kodumanal excavation.
7. Babyngton.
8. Edakkal caves.
9. Imperial Gazetteer of India.
10. Charles Mason.
11. Features of Mohenjo-Daro.
12. KUR.Todd.
13. Anujan Achan.

Turn over

14. James Bruggess.
15. Indian Antiquary.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B(Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Asiatic Society of Bengal.
17. Assess the contributions of Alexander Cunningham.
18. Evaluate the works of Mortimer Wheeler.
19. Travancore Archaeological Series.
20. Discuss the significance of Pattanam excavation.
21. Trace the progress of Indian epigraphy.
22. Why Robert Bruce Foote was called as the father of Indian pre-history ?
23. Mark the following archaeological sites in the outline map provided.
Edakkal, Marayur, Keezhadi, Arecamedu, Brahmagiri.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Highlight the various discussions and debates on the decipherment of Indus script.
25. Analyse the contributions of Archaeological Survey of India in unraveling the history of India.
26. Trace the various efforts through which the Harappan civilization was unearthed.
27. Trace the early Roman contacts with Kerala in the light of the Roman coins unearthed from Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C 04—WEST ASIAN STUDIES—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer atleast ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall ceiling 30.*

1. West Asia.
2. Yasar Arafat.
3. Balfour Declaration.
4. Haj Amin.
5. Taliban.
6. OAPEC.
7. Saddam Hussein.
8. Arab Spring.
9. NORKA.
10. Judaism.
11. George Bush.
12. Operation Desert Storm.
13. Hamid Karzai.
14. Palestine.
15. Iranian Oil Industry.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

16. Write a short note on Zionism.
17. Examine the causes of anti-Jewish rebellion.
18. Discuss the various stages of the formation of Gulf Co-operation Council.
19. Examine the development of oil industry after revolution in Iran.
20. What were the important causes of Iran-Iraq War ?
21. Trace the formation of Taliban movement in Afghanistan.
22. Describe the importance of US intervention in Gulf War.
23. Analyze the significance of Indo-Palestine relations.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Describe the causes and consequences of the Arab-Israel wars.
25. Assess the role of Ayatollah Khomeini in the Islamic revolution in Iran.
26. Examine the impacts of Gulf money on Kerala society and culture.
27. Discuss the causes and consequences of the Gulf War.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4(3) C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The Glorious Revolution of _____ reduced the power of the king and established the supremacy of the Parliament.
- (A) 1688. (B) 1693.
(C) 1694. (D) 1697.
2. _____ most important work is 'the Essay Concerning Human Understanding'.
- (A) Elias Howe's. (B) John Locke's.
(C) Thomas Edison's. (D) Robert Owen's.
3. _____ patented the cotton gin (short for cotton engine) in 1794.
- (A) Eli Whitney. (B) Samuel F. B.
(C) Elias Howe. (D) Jean Lenoir.
4. _____ invented the internal combustion engine in 1858.
- (A) Jean Lenoir. (B) Alexander Graham Bell.
(C) Thomas Edison. (D) Robert Owen.
5. _____ created the phonograph in 1877.
- (A) Thomas Edison. (B) Robert Owen.
(C) Henry Hetherington. (D) William Lovett.
6. In 1836 Cornish cabinet-maker _____ formed the London Working Men's Association.
- (A) William Lovett. (B) Oliver Cromwell.
(C) William II. (D) Robert Peel.
7. The Bill of Rights was enacted in _____.
- (A) 1689. (B) 1692.
(C) 1685. (D) 1698.

8. The death of Queen Anne in _____ led her successor, George I Duke of Hannover to the throne of England.
- (A) 1714. (B) 1718.
(C) 1724. (D) 1734.
9. The British economist _____ wrote Principles of Political Economy (1848).
- (A) Adam Smith. (B) John Stuart Mill.
(C) Turgot. (D) Robert Owen.
10. In 1810, _____ produced his first publication, The High Price of Bullion, a Proof of the Depreciation of Bank Note, which argued for the use of metallic currency.
- (A) David Ricardo. (B) Thomas Malthus.
(C) Charles Darwin. (D) Alfred Russell Wallace.
11. Repeal of the Corn Act in _____.
- (A) 1846. (B) 1856.
(C) 1866. (D) 1876.
12. _____ excelled at penning short lyrics, such as "Break, Break, Break", "The Charge of the Light Brigade", "Tears, Idle Tears" and "Crossing the Bar".
- (A) Matthew Arnold. (B) Carlyle.
(C) Ruskin. (D) Alfred Tennyson.
13. The Strayed Reveller and Other Poems" was the first book of poetry penned by _____ which was published in 1849.
- (A) Matthew Arnold. (B) Christina Rossetti.
(C) William Wordsworth. (D) Henry James.
14. Apart from the poetry, _____ penned many prominent critical works, which includes Essays in Criticism' (1865), and 'Culture and Anarchy' (1869).
- (A) Goethe. (B) Matthew Arnold.
(C) William Wordsworth. (D) Charles Swinburne.

15. _____ is the process of international integration arising from the interchange of world views, products, ideas and other aspects of culture.
- (A) Arya Samaj. (B) Commonwealth.
(C) NWO. (D) Globalization.
16. The Commonwealth was formally constituted by the London Declaration in _____, which established the member states as "free and equal".
- (A) 1949. (B) 1987.
(C) 1967. (D) 1998.
17. _____, who is generally regarded as the architect of the system of education in India during the British rule.
- (A) Thomas Babington Macaulay. (B) William James.
(C) Swami Vivekananda. (D) Swami Dayanand Saraswati.
18. _____ famous book 'Anand Math', the Bible of modern Bengali patriotism, provided very great inspiration to the people.
- (A) Rabindranath Tagore's. (B) Bankim Chandra's.
(C) Lakshminath Bezbarua's. (D) Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkar's.
19. Raja Ram Mohan Roy was the founder of the Brahma Samaj at _____ in 1828.
- (A) Madras. (B) Kolkata.
(C) Bombay. (D) Delhi.
20. _____, Author of Gitanjali and its "profoundly sensitive, fresh and beautiful verse", he became the first non-European to win the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1913.
- (A) Rabindranath Tagore. (B) Robert Graves.
(C) Ivor Gurney. (D) Siegfried Sassoon.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C03—SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF BRITAIN—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Isaac Newton. | 2. Jane Austen. |
| 3. Elizabethan Church Settlement. | 4. Charles I. |
| 5. Utilitarianism. | 6. Rudyard Kipling. |
| 7. Adam Smith. | 8. Benjamin Disraeli. |
| 9. Marxian Socialism. | 10. Winston Churchill. |
| 11. John Henry Newman. | 12. Charles Dickens. |
| 13. Concept of Welfare State. | 14. The Hollow Men. |
| 15. Commonwealth Secretariat. | |

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type Questions)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Write a note on Oliver Cromwell.
17. Briefly explain the impact of American Revolution.
18. Give an account of the Chartist Movement.
19. How far the ideology of Imperialism lead to the consolidation of British Empire.
20. Bring out the features of Victorian Society.

Turn over

21. Trace out the impact of Social Darwinism.
22. Give an account of European Union.
23. Write a note on BREXIT.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type Questions)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Elaborate the causes and results of Glorious Revolution.
25. Give an estimate of the reasons for the emergence of Industrial Revolution.
26. Discuss the impact of De-Colonization.
27. Analyse the concept of British Commonwealth and trace out its history.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021**History****HIS 4(3) C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500—II****(2019—2020 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4(3) C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Which country China in 1938 as a part of mass campaign of territorial expansion ?
 - Italy.
 - Japan.
 - Germany.
 - The Soviet Union.
- Which country invaded China in 1938 as part of a mass campaign of territorial expansion ?
 - Italy.
 - Japan.
 - Germany.
 - The Soviet Union.
- Who is known as man of Blood and Iron ?
 - Napoleon.
 - Bismarck.
 - Hochi minch.
 - Sir Walter Scott.
- Who was the author of united states declaration of independence ?
 - Thomas Jefferson.
 - George Washington.
 - Abraham Lincon.
 - Benjamin Franklin.
- 1917 is related to :
 - China revolution.
 - British revolution.
 - France revolution.
 - Russian revolution.
- Who was the Emperor of Russia during Russian revolution ?
 - Nicholas I.
 - Nicholas II.
 - Alexander I.
 - Alexander II.
- Cavour was the Prime Minister of :
 - Piedmont.
 - Sardinia.
 - Nice Savoy.
 - None.
- The Whiteman's burden was written by :
 - H. S. Chamberian.
 - Sidney Fay.
 - Morgenthau.
 - Rudyard Kipling.

9. The Head Quarters of league court was at ?
- (A) Hague. (B) Paris.
(C) Vienna. (D) Geneva.
10. Anti Democratic movement in Italy was led by :
- (A) Mussolini. (B) Hitler.
(C) Franco. (D) Lenin.
11. The Beer hall putsch was the military coup attempted by :
- (A) Hitler. (B) Mussolini.
(C) Franco. (D) Lenin.
12. The gathering storm was written by :
- (A) David Irving. (B) Winston Churchill.
(C) John Lukas. (D) Erich Fromm.
13. The origin of Second world war was written by :
- (A) AJP Taylor. (B) David Irving.
(C) Winston Churchill. (D) William Shirer.
14. Pots dam Agreement was on :
- (A) 1943. (B) 1944.
(C) 1945. (D) 1946.
15. Yalta conference was on :
- (A) 1942. (B) 1943.
(C) 1944. (D) 1945.
16. The majority party during rhe Russian Revolution was known as :
- (A) Cheka. (B) Soviets.
(C) Bolsheviks. (D) Mensheviks.

17. The non-Alignment movement was formally setup in :
- (A) 1960. (B) 1961.
(C) 1962. (D) 1963.
18. The Great cultural revolution in China was introduced by :
- (A) Mao Tse tung. (B) Sun Yatsen.
(C) Chiang Kaishek. (D) Choenlai.
19. The BrundtlandReport relates to :
- (A) Globalisation. (B) Terrorism.
(C) Pollution. (D) Sustainable development.
20. The Great leap forward in China was introduced by :
- (A) Mao T setung. (B) Sun Yat-sen.
(C) Chiang Kaishek. (D) Choenlai.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 4(3) C 02—MODERN WORLD HISTORY FROM A.D. 1500—II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer atleast ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall ceiling 30.*

1. Triple Alliance.
2. Woodrow Wilson.
3. Lenin.
4. Mussolini.
5. Mein kampf.
6. UNESCO.
7. Hiroshima.
8. Warsaw Pact.
9. SEATO.
10. Baghdad Pact.
11. Korean War.
12. PLO.
13. Saddam Husien.
14. Long March.
15. Apartheid.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

16. Critically examine the achievements and failures of League of Nations.
17. What were the important causes of the Russian Revolution ?
18. Trace the growth and development of the fascism in Italy.
19. Discuss the impacts of Second World War on colonialism.
20. Write an essay on the Cold War.
21. Examine the historical significance of the Vietnam War in the history of the world.
22. Describe the various stages of U.S. occupation of Afghanistan.
23. Write an essay on globalization.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Describe the various causes and results of the First World War.
25. Examine the features of neo-colonialism in the South Asian countries.
26. Trace the causes of the emergence of People Republic of China.
27. Discuss the growth and development of nationalist movement in Africa.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021****History****HIS 4(3)C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II****(2019—2020 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 4(3)C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Who is the chief exponent of Two nation theory ?
(A) Vivikananda. (B) Gokhale.
(C) Gandhiji. (D) Mohammed Ali Jinnah.
- SNDP Yogam was formed in the year :
(A) 1903. (B) 1896.
(C) 1908. (D) 1914.
- Who regarded the villages as the centre of Indian economic organization ?
(A) Gandhiji. (B) Vivekananda.
(C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy. (D) Thilak.
- Who is regarded as the pragmatic social reformer ?
(A) Nehru. (B) Thilak.
(C) Sree Narayana Guru. (D) Mahatma Gandhi.
- Independent India was founded by :
(A) Gopalakrishna Gokhale. (B) Thilak.
(C) M.N. Roy. (D) Jayaprakas Narayanan.
- Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi was born on 2nd October ————.
(A) 1869. (B) 1859.
(C) 1889. (D) 1900.
- A series of non-violence campaigns of Civil Disobedience Movement were launched by the Indian National Congress under the leadership of ————.
(A) Mohammad Ali Jinnah. (B) Sri Aurabindo.
(C) Motilal Nehru. (D) Mahatma Gandhi.

8. On 9th of August, 1942, Mahatma Gandhi and the entire Congress Working Committee were arrested in _____.
- (A) UP. (B) Delhi.
(C) Ahmedabad. (D) Mumbai.
9. A Khilafat Committee was formed under the leadership of Mahammad Ali, _____, Maulana Azad and Hasrat Mohini to organise a Country-wide agitation.
- (A) Shaukat Ali. (B) Qutubuddin Ahmad.
(C) Shamsuddin Hussain. (D) Mohammed Ali Jinnah.
10. Congress leaders, like Lokamanya Tilak and Mahatma Gandhi, viewed the _____ as an opportunity to bring about Hindu-Muslim unity against British.
- (A) Khalifat Movement. (B) Khudai Khidmatgars.
(C) Peasant movement. (D) Womens' movement.
11. The speed with which the Khilafat agitation spread, especially in the _____ and Valluvanad taluks in Malabar, created alarm in official circles.
- (A) Eranad. (B) Tellicherry.
(C) Karnnur. (D) Edappal.
12. The Constitution of India indeed much bigger than the US Constitution which has only 7 Articles and the _____ Constitution with its 89 Articles.
- (A) French. (B) Dutch.
(C) Pakistan. (D) Afghanistan.
13. India has an elected head of state (President of India) who wields power for a fixed term of _____ years.
- (A) 2. (B) 3.
(C) 4. (D) 5.
14. The Montague-Chelmsford Reforms of _____ had brought a large scale discontentment among the people of India.
- (A) 1909. (B) 1911.
(C) 1916. (D) 1919.

15. Ramnath Goenka, the only newspaper owner who stood up to _____, was harassed and he faced a series of troubles at the hands of her government.
- (A) Indira Gandhi. (B) JP, George Fernandes.
(C) AB Vajpayee. (D) LK Advani.
16. _____ succeeded her as the Prime Minister and led the Janata Party government till 1980.
- (A) Morarji Desai. (B) Lalu Prasad Yadav.
(C) Mulayam Singh Yadav. (D) Sharad Yadav.
17. _____ started his career as the Prime Minister of independent India in 1947, and immediately launched a number of economic reforms.
- (A) Nehru. (B) Indira Gandhi.
(C) Morarji Desai. (D) Rajiv Gandhi.
18. In _____, Nehru directed the CSIR to prepare National Register of Scientific and Technical personnel.
- (A) 1908. (B) 1938.
(C) 1948. (D) 1958.
19. The enthusiastic efforts of Mr. _____ led to the expansion of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research into a chain of national laboratories spanning a wide spectrum of science, technology, engineering and biomedical sciences.
- (A) Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar. (B) Vajpayee.
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru. (D) Sardar Patel.
20. The economic liberalisation in India denotes the continuing financial reforms which began since July 24, _____.
- (A) 1961. (B) 1971.
(C) 1981. (D) 1991.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

History

HIS 4(3)C01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT) II

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Bipan Chandra.
2. Jallian Walla Bagh.
3. Diarchy.
4. Chouri Chura Incident.
5. Mahatma Jyothibha Phule.
6. Ayyankali.
7. Swaraj Party
8. Lucknow Pact.
9. INA.
10. Provincial Autonomy.
11. Tagore.
12. Constituent Assembly.
13. Privatization.
14. Globalization.
15. Narasimha Rao.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Examine the early struggles under the leadership of Gandhi.
17. Write an essay on the Quit India Movement.
18. Discuss the significance of the Khilafat Movement in the freedom struggle of India.
19. Briefly explain the anti-communal movements in India.
20. "Ambedkar was considered as the father of Indian Constitution". Discuss.
21. Describe the contribution of Jawarharlal Nehru to the Indian politics.
22. Examine the causes and consequences of emergency.
23. Describe the contribution of Man Mohan Singh to the economy of India.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Trace the growth and development of Non-Co operation Movement.
25. Assess the role of Sree Narayana Guru to the anti- caste movements in Kerala.
26. Describe the various stages of the re-organization of linguistic states in India.
27. Discuss the salient features of the government of India Act 1935.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

(2019—2020 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Ochre Coloured Pottery is closely connected with :
 - Aryans.
 - Early Harappans.
 - Late Harappans.
 - Mature Harappans.
- The religious iconography of Indus people consists of :
 - Seals and Sealings
 - Images and Statues
 - Terracotta figurines
 - Amulets and TabletsChoose the answer from the codes given below :
 - (i) and (ii).
 - (i), (ii) and (iii).
 - (i), (iii) and (iv).
 - All of them.
- Of the all Harappan sites, which has the most impressive drainage system ?
 - Harappa.
 - Banawali.
 - Dholavira.
 - Mohenjodaro.
- Which one of the following places had a culture, called Jhangar culture, in its late Harappan phase ?
 - Kalibangan.
 - Mohenjodaro.
 - Chanhudaro.
 - Amri.
- The cemeteries of the Harappan cities were generally located :
 - Around the perimeter of the settlements.
 - Within the citadels.
 - At the heart of the cities.
 - Near the residences.
- What is Epigraphy ?
 - Study of coins.
 - Study of old writing used in inscriptions.
 - Study of inscriptions.
 - Study of material remains of the past.
- Which is the oldest age ?
 - Bronze Age.
 - Neolithic Age.
 - Mesolithic Age.
 - Palaeolithic Age.

8. Which was probably the most popular assembly in which even women enjoyed an equal status with men in the early Vedic period ?
- (A) Sabha. (B) Samiti.
(C) Gana. (D) Vidata.
9. Which one of the following pairs is incorrectly matched ?
- (A) Sira—plough. (B) Sita—furrows.
(C) Datra—sickle. (D) Surpa—axe.
10. The word *kusidin* used in the Satapatha Brahmana was a designation for the :
- (A) Usurer. (B) Bard.
(C) Perfume-maker. (D) Outcaste.
11. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched ?
- (A) Sama Veda Samhita—Origins of Indian music.
(B) Atharva Veda Samhita—Origins of Indian medicine.
(C) Rig Veda Samhita—Earliest Prose.
(D) Yajur Veda Samhita—Origins of rituals.
12. Which of the four Vedic Samhitas is considered as the least useful for the purpose of reconstruction of the history of the Aryans ?
- (A) Rig Veda. (B) Sama Veda.
(C) Yajur Veda. (D) Atharva Veda.
13. Which one of the following four Agnikula families was known for its patronage of Jainism ?
- (A) Chauhans. (B) Solankis.
(C) Pawars. (D) Pariharas.
14. What is Mahabhinishkramana ?
- (A) The renunciation of worldly life by Mahavira.
(B) The 'Great Going Forth' by Mahavira.
(C) The renunciation of worldly life by Buddha.
(D) The delivery of the first sermon by Buddha.

15. Which of the following about the Arthashastra is/are incorrect ?

- (i) It is divided into 15 parvas.
- (ii) It was originally written in Prakrit language.
- (iii) It is a treatise on Mauryan political economy and administration.
- (iv) Its evidence is not corroborated by any other source.

Select the answer from the codes below :

- (A) (i), (ii) and (iv)
- (B) (ii) and (iii).
- (C) (ii) and (iv).
- (D) (i) and (iv).

16. Which of the following southern kingdoms were contemporaries of Asoka?

- (i) Keralaputras
- (ii) Cholas
- (iii) Pallavas
- (iv) Pandyas
- (v) Satyaputras

Select the answer from the codes below :

- (A) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv).
- (B) (i), (ii), (iv) and (v).
- (C) (iii), (iv) and (v).
- (D) All of these.

17. Didarganj in Bihar is known for :

- (A) Stone figure of yakshi.
- (B) Stone figure of yaksha.
- (C) Stone figure of chauri-bearer.
- (D) Stone elephant.

18. Who is the queen of Asoka, mentioned in the Queen's Edict, as making religious and charitable donations ?

- (A) Asandhimitta.
- (B) Padmavati.
- (C) Vidisamahadevi.
- (D) Karuvaki.

19. When and by whom were the Asokan inscriptions deciphered for the first time ?

- (A) 1787—John Tower.
- (B) 1810—Harry Smith.
- (C) 1825—Charles Metcalfe.
- (D) 1837—James Prinsep.

20. Which material was extensively used in the construction work during the Mauryan Age ?

- (A) Wood.
- (B) Burnt bricks.
- (C) Stone.
- (D) Sun-dried bricks.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS 3B 04—INDIAN HISTORY—I

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

- | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Kalibangan. | 2. Great Bath. |
| 3. R.S.Sharma. | 4. Kalinga War. |
| 5. Sama Veda. | 6. PGW Culture. |
| 7. Magadha. | 8. Parswanath. |
| 9. Trinatnas. | 10. Indica. |
| 11. Kaudilya. | 12. Theory of saphthangaa. |
| 13. Pandyas. | 14. Kalidasa. |
| 15. Nayanars. | |

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Discuss the nature of society and polity under Dravidians and Indo-Aryans.
17. Write a note on Asoka Parpola.
18. Trace the growth and development of the Mahajanapadas.
19. Examine the various causes behind the growth of Buddhism in India.
20. Describe the historical significance of the edicts of Asoka.

Turn over

21. Write a note on Tinai concept in early Tamizhakam.
22. Bring out the features of the Gupta art and architecture.
23. Mark the following PGW and NBPW sites in the outline map provided. Hastinapur, Mathura, Ahichatra, Panipat, Kausambi, Jognakhera.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Examine the extension of Harappan culture and its features.
25. Critically analyze various theories regarding Aryan debate.
26. Write an essay on the society and polity under the Mauryas.
27. Trace the growth and development of Bhakti Movements in South India.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS3B03—WORLD HISTORY—I

(2019—2020 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS3B03—WORLD HISTORY—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Homo erectus is the zoological name of :
 - Java Ape man.
 - Peking Man.
 - Neanderthal man.
 - Both 1 and 2.
- Which one of the following was the first to stand bipedal movement ?
 - Peking man.
 - Australopithecus.
 - Java man.
 - Cro magnum man.
- What was the primary focus of the much of the culture of the city of the Ahrens ?
 - War and fighting.
 - Athletics and competition.
 - Art and Education.
 - Power and Conquest.
- What was the Athens not known for ?
 - Culture.
 - Government.
 - The military.
 - Architecture.
- Chalcolithic Age is also known as :
 - Iron Age.
 - Stone Age.
 - Copper Age.
 - Neolithic Age.
- Who coined the terms "Paleolithic and Neolithic" ?
 - James Prinsep.
 - John Marshall.
 - Motstuart Elphinstone.
 - John Lubbock.
- Nebuchadnezzar II was the king of :
 - Greece.
 - Egypt.
 - Babylon.
 - Mesopotamia.

8. One result of the Neolithic Revolution was ?
- (A) An increase in the number of nomadic tribes.
 - (B) A reliance on hunting and gathering for food.
 - (C) The establishment of villages and the rise of governments.
 - (D) A decrease in trade between Cultural groups.
9. Who is the author of "The History of the world conqueror" ?
- (A) Annemarie Schimmel.
 - (B) Clifford Edmund Bosworth.
 - (C) Gust af John Ramstedt.
 - (D) John Andrew Boyle.
10. Marco polo, Venetian traveler, travelled from Venice to China and Japan in :
- (A) 1285-90.
 - (B) 1288-93.
 - (C) 1290-96.
 - (D) 1295-1301.
11. The great wall of China built by :
- (A) Li-tai-pu.
 - (B) Shih Huanh-ti.
 - (C) Lao-tze.
 - (D) Confucius.
12. The city of Constantinople is now called _____.
- (A) Istanbul.
 - (B) Iraq.
 - (C) Lebanon.
 - (D) Jerusalem.
13. Why was the great wall of China built ?
- (A) As a marker of China's borders.
 - (B) To keep out enemies.
 - (C) To keep Chinese people from visiting other lands.
 - (D) To be a fence to keep all the animals from straying.
14. In which one of the following places the centre of stone tool manufacture is found ?
- (A) Mehubangar.
 - (B) Malabrabha.
 - (C) Isampus.
 - (D) Palaghat.

15. The burial practice was stilled by _____.
- (A) Homo sapiens. (B) Homo Erectus.
(C) Homo neanderthalenism. (D) Homo habilis.
16. In 2001 was found a complete fossilized human baby skull from _____.
- (A) Bhimbetka. (B) Damdama.
(C) Mahadha. (D) Sarai Nahar Rai.
17. In India the earliest archaeological remains of hearth has been found from ?
- (A) BilaSurgam. (B) Hunsgi.
(C) Bhimbetka. (D) Mahagara.
18. The earliest evidence of transition from hunting and food gathering to animal domestication and agriculture in Indian subcontinent has been found at _____.
- (A) Anjira. (B) Damb Sadat.
(C) Kile Gul Muhammad. (D) Mehrgarh.
19. Which among the following called gift of Nile ?
- (A) China. (B) India.
(C) Egypt. (D) Iraq.
20. Which mountains Volcano buried Pompeii city with ash in 79 A D ?
- (A) Mount Pele. (B) Mount Tamura.
(C) Mount Etna. (D) Mount Vesuvius.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

History

HIS3B03—WORLD HISTORY—I

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer atleast ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall ceiling 30.*

1. Ziggurat at Ur.
2. Polytheistic religion of Mesopotamia.
3. Cuneiform Script.
4. Hammurabi.
5. Tower of Babel.
6. Herodotus.
7. Silk Road.
8. Cleopatra.
9. Great Sphinx.
10. Hieroglyphic script.
11. Taoism.
12. Sparta.
13. Battle of Marathon.
14. Charlemagne.
15. Diocletian.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

16. Write an essay on Pleistocene epoch.
17. Examine the agriculture system of the Mesolithic period.
18. Describe the features of rock art in the Neolithic Age.
19. Write an essay on Mesopotamian religion.
20. Discuss the social stratification in the Egyptian civilization.
21. Assess the contribution of Confucianism to the philosophy of China.
22. Examine the position of women in the Homeric Age.
23. Analyze the impacts of Christianity in the ancient world.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Discuss the process of cultural and mental changes in the Neolithic period.
25. Write an essay on Pax-Romana.
26. Describe the important contribution of the Greek Civilization.
27. Write an essay on the literature and architecture of the Roman civilization.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

History

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

(2014—2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Dayaram Sahni, M.S.Vats and Mortimer Wheeler excavated the city :
(A) Harappa. (B) Madras.
(C) Bombay. (D) Bengal.
2. Harappan seals have been discovered in :
(A) America. (B) Mesopotamia.
(C) Japan. (D) China.
3. The _____ was the oldest and the most important book of the Aryans.
(A) Yajurveda. (B) Samaveda.
(C) Rigveda. (D) Atharva Veda.
4. The _____ were dark-complexioned, snub-nosed, worshippers of the phallus, rich in cattle and lived in fortified strongholds known as *pura*.
(A) Visigoths. (B) Aryans.
(C) Dasas. (D) Rakshasa.
5. The term 'Shudra' is mentioned in the _____ book of Rigveda, which was a later addition.
(A) First. (B) Third.
(C) Seven. (D) Ten.
6. Who was the Sky god ?
(A) Vayu. (B) Varuna.
(C) Ushas. (D) Rudra.
7. Which was a tribute eventually became a tax on land ?
(A) Dakshina. (B) Sutlej.
(C) Bali. (D) Dana.
8. The _____ were engaged in trade and agriculture.
(A) Vyshyas. (B) Brahmins.
(C) Kshatriyas. (D) Sudras.

17. The Sangam literature divided the land into _____ on the basis of soil formation and Topography.
- (A) Tinai. (B) Vish.
(C) Kula. (D) Gana.
18. The _____ region was dry and unfertile area.
- (A) Palai. (B) Kurinchi.
(C) Neythal. (D) Mullai.
19. _____ is a treatise on Tamil grammar and poetics.
- (A) Tolkappiyam. (B) Ettutogai.
(C) Pattupattu. (D) Patinenkilkanakku.
20. 'The Wonder that was India' is written by :
- (A) Basham A.H. (B) Champakalakshmi R.
(C) Jha D.N. (D) Kosambi D.D.

9. When did Mahajanapadas were flourishing in North India ?
- (A) Buddha period. (B) Gupta period.
(C) Vedic period. (D) Maurya period.
10. The _____ Ware culture is identified by its distinctive pottery.
- (A) NBP. (B) PGW.
(C) NPF. (D) NRP.
11. Parswanath was the fore- runner of :
- (A) Rishaba. (B) Mahavira.
(C) Chandra Gupta. (D) Sidharth.
12. Vardhamana Mahavira attained Nirvana at :
- (A) Anga. (B) Pava.
(C) Ujjain. (D) Kosala.
13. Gautama Buddha passed away at the age of 80 at :
- (A) Kapilavasthu. (B) Magadha.
(C) Gaya. (D) Kusi nagara.
14. The term 'Gahapathi' seen in the _____ literature in the sense of the head of a household.
- (A) Vedic Literature. (B) Sangam Literature.
(C) Buddhist. (D) Jain Literature.
15. _____ is an important treatise on the administration of the Mauryan times.
- (A) Arthasastra. (B) Indica.
(C) Harsha Charitha. (D) Si Yu Ki.
16. The first attempt of Chandragupta towards political integration was his war with _____.
- (A) Nagarjuna. (B) Aswaghosha.
(C) Scleucus Nikator. (D) Vasubandhu.

(India map to be accompany)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

History

HIS 3B 04—HISTORY OF EARLY INDIA

(2014—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer **all** twelve questions.

Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.

Name the following :

1. Author of 'A History of South India'.
2. Founder of Rashtrakuta dynasty.
3. Capital of Harsha's empire.
4. Who wrote the ancient work 'Mukundamala'.

Fill in the blanks :

5. 'The Wonder that was India' is written by _____.
6. The Archaeological Survey of India is founded in the year _____.
7. In the *tinai* concept, *neidhal* was a _____ region.
8. Nayanars were the followers of God _____.

Match the following :

9. R.S.Sharma - Ancient India : In Historical Outline.
10. Romila Thapar - An Introduction to the Study of Indian History.
11. D.D.Kosambi - Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
12. D.N.Jha - Early India : From the Origins of A.D. 1300.

(12 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 6 marks)

Turn over

32. How far early Tamil literature helped to the reconstruction of the ancient India?
33. Trace the developments of Roman trade in early Tamilakam.

(4 × 6 = 24 marks)

Section E (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

34. Write an essay on the important features of Indus Valley Civilization.
35. How far the archaeological sources helped to the reconstruction of the ancient India history?
36. Trace the growth and development of Buddhism in India.
37. Describe the contributions of Guptas in the field of art, architecture and religion.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Section B (Short Answers)

Answer any seven questions.

13. Palaeolithic Age.
14. Indus Script.
15. Rig Veda.
16. Varna system.
17. Sabha and Samiti.
18. *Digambaras*.
19. Arthasastra.
20. Kalidasa.
21. *Muventar*.

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Map study)

Locate the important sites of Indus civilization.

22. Mohenjo-Daro.
23. Harappa.
24. Kalibangan.
25. Lothal.
26. Rugar.
27. Dholavira.

(6 × 1 = 6 marks)

Section D (Short Essays)

Answer any four questions.

28. What were the important causes of the decline of Indus civilization ?
29. Discuss the society and economy during the later vedic period.
30. Bring out the features of the second urbanization.
31. Write an essay on the land grants system of the Satavahanas.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021****History****HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY****(2014—2018 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Which of the following is not a category of computer based on size ?
 - Mainframe Computer.
 - Micro Computer.
 - Mini Computer.
 - Digital Computer.
- Who built the first Mechanical Calculator ?
 - Joseph Marie Jacquard.
 - John Mauchly.
 - Blaise Pascal.
 - Howard Aiken.
- Dot-matrix is a type of :
 - Tape.
 - Printer.
 - Disk.
 - Bus.
- Which of the following is an input device ?
 - Scanner.
 - Speaker.
 - Monitor.
 - Projector.
- A song being played on computer speaker is :
 - Hard output.
 - Soft output.
 - Both hard and soft output.
 - Neither hard nor soft output.
- Charles Babbage was awarded by Royal Society for his :
 - Difference Engine.
 - Analytic Engine.
 - Binary System in Analytic Engine.
 - His concept of input, mill, output and storage.
- Which device is used as the standard pointing device in a Graphical User Environment ?
 - Keyboard.
 - Mouse.
 - Joystick.
 - Track ball.
- Which of the following have the fastest access time ?
 - Semiconductor Memories.
 - Magnetic Disks.
 - Magnetic Tapes.
 - Compact Disks.

17. The operating system is the most common type of _____.
- (A) Client software. (B) Application software.
(C) Utility software. (D) System software.
18. _____ allow(s) users to interactively send instructions (such as printing and closing a window) to a computer using graphical icons.
- (A) Commands. (B) GUI.
(C) Printer. (D) Keyboard.
19. JSTOR means :
- (A) Journal Store. (B) Journal Stores.
(C) Journal Storage. (D) A blog on journalism.
20. Internet's initial development was supported by :
- (A) ARPANET. (B) Bill Rogers.
(C) Bill Gates. (D) Microsoft.

9. What was the name of the first commercially available microprocessor chip ?
- (A) Intel 308. (B) Intel 33.
(C) Intel 4004. (D) Motorola 639.
10. URL stands for _____.
- (A) Uniform Resource Locator. (B) Unique Resource Locator.
(C) Uniform Range Locator. (D) Unique Range Locator.
11. Which supercomputer is developed by the Indian Scientists ?
- (A) Param. (B) Super 301.
(C) Compaq Presario. (D) CRAY YMP.
12. What is the full form of www ?
- (A) World Wide Word. (B) World Wide Web.
(C) Word Widening Works. (D) World Wide Spider man Web.
13. The term PC means :
- (A) Private Computer. (B) Personal Computer.
(C) Professional Computer. (D) Personal Calculator.
14. MS-DOS is the name of a/an :
- (A) Application software. (B) Hardware.
(C) System software. (D) None of these.
15. Transistors are associated with which computer system ?
- (A) First generation. (B) Fifth generation.
(C) Second generation. (D) None of these.
16. A computer programmer :
- (A) Enters data into computer.
(B) Repairs a computer.
(C) Changes flow chart into instructions.
(D) Writes programs.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

History

HIS 3B 03/HYD 3B 03—INFORMATICS AND HISTORY

(2014—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Attempt all questions given below.**Each question carries ½ mark.*

1. What is known as the *brain of the Computer* ?
 - (a) Mouse.
 - (b) Keyboard.
 - (c) Monitor.
 - (d) CPU.
2. Name the first to operate MMS ?
 - (a) Swiscom.
 - (b) Telenor.
 - (c) Orange.
 - (d) Italia Mobile.
3. Which Corporate Company developed Android ?
 - (a) Google.
 - (b) Apple.
 - (c) Intel.
 - (d) Orange.
4. With which is Spider associated ?
 - (a) Search Engine.
 - (b) Spyware.
 - (c) Cell Phone.
 - (d) Operating System.
5. Fedora is _____.
 - (a) Cell Phone.
 - (b) Distribution of Linux.
 - (c) Hardware.
 - (d) Blog.

6. Askoparpola is associated with the decipherment of _____.
- (a) Aramaic script. (b) Mayan Script.
(c) Egyptian Script. (d) Indus Script.
7. _____ was the first free and Open Source Operating System
- (a) Windows. (b) DOS.
(c) Linux. (d) Cobol.
8. Hacktivism stands for _____.
- (a) Social Media. (b) Intellectual Theft.
(c) Hacking. (d) Spyware.

Match the following :

- | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| 9. Wikipedia | - | Online Encyclopedia. |
| 10. LinkedIn | - | Networking Site for Professionals and Business Community. |
| 11. Twitter | - | Micro Blogging Service. |
| 12. Whatsapp Messenger | - | Mobile Messaging Application. |

(12 × ½ =6 marks)

Section B

Attempt any seven in not more than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 marks.

13. Digital Divide.
14. MMS.
15. GSM.
16. SIM card.
17. Wifi.
18. FTP.
19. USB.
20. Blended Learning.
21. BRNet.

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C

Attempt any five in not more than 150 words.

Each question carries 6 marks.

22. Explain different types of Cyber Crimes.
23. Examine the disadvantages of E Governance.
24. Describe different types of Mobile Computing.
25. Examine the benefits of Networking ?
26. Discuss the features of Windows ?
27. What is meant by software ? Examine its functions.
28. What is meant by DOS ? Explain its features.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section D

Attempt any two in not more than 350 words.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. Critically evaluate the impact of IT on society.
30. Examine the key forms of Intellectual Property.
31. How does ICT help history teaching and learning ?
32. Examine the advantages and disadvantage of digital library.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)