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FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020 B.B.A.

BBA 1C 01—MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer.

 Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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BBA 1C 01—MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

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(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	1. A utility function shows the relation between ————.				
	(A)	The amount of goods consumed and a consumer utility.			
	(B)	Income and a consumer utility.			
	(C)	Prices and consumers utility.			
	(D)	Maximum utility and the price ar	nd inc	ome facing a consumer.	
2.	The far		ry int	o the Nature and Cause of Wealth of Nation" was	
	(A)	Marshal.	(B)	Ricardo.	
	(C)	Robins.	(D)	Adam smith.	
3.	If the i	ncome elasticity of demand is that	one, tl	ne good is a :	
	(A)	Necessity.	(B)	Luxury.	
	(C)	Substitute.	(D)	Complement.	
4.	The inc	come elasticity of demand is negativ	ve for	a.·	
	(A)	Positive good.	(B)	Normal good.	
	(C)	Elastic good.	(D)	Inferior good.	
5.	Basic e	conomic tools of managerial econom	nics do	pes not include:	
	(A)	Principle of time perspective.	(B)	Equi-marginal principle.	
	(C)	Incremental principle.	(D)	None of these.	
6.	Analysi	is of long run and short run affects	of dec	cisions on revenue as well as costs is based on :	
	(A)	Principle of time perspective.	(B)	Equi-marginal principle.	
	(C)	Incremental principle.	(D)	None of these.	
7.	Deman	d curve slopes downwards because	of:		
	(A)	The law of diminishing marginal	utility	•	
	(B)	The income effect.			
	(C)	Substitution effect.			
	(D)	All of the above.			

8.	If the income and substitution effect of a price increase works in the same direction the good whose price has changed is a:				
	(A)	Giffen goods.	(B)	Inferior goods.	
	(C)	Normal goods.	(D)	Superior.	
9.	Which	of the following is not a survey met	hod o	f demand forecasting?	
	(A)	Consumers interview method.	(B)	Expert opinion method.	
	(C)	Barometric method.	(D)	Collective opinion method.	
10.	Which	of the following is a short run law	?		
	(A)	Law of diminishing returns.	(B)	Law of constant returns to scale.	
	(C)	Law of increasing returns to scale	.(D)	None of these.	
11.	Which	cost are recorded in books of accour	its?		
	(A)	Opportunity cost.	(B)	Implicit cost.	
	(C)	Social cost.	(D)	Explicit cost.	
12.	Manage	erial utility function is expressed as	s:		
	(A)	U = S(S, M, I).	(B)	U = S(S, M).	
	(C)	U = f(S, M, I).	(D)	U = F(S, M, I).	
13.	3. Inflation is:				
	(A) A decrease in the overall level of economic activity.				
	(B) An increase in the overall level of economic activity.				
	(C) An increase in the overall price level.				
	(D)	A decrease in the overall price lev	el.		
14.	In econ	omics, desire backed by purchasing	g pow	er is known as :	
	(A)	Utility.	(B)	Demand.	
	(C)	Consumption.	(D)	Scarcity.	
15.		means an attempt to det	ermir	ne the factors affecting the demand of a commodity	
	or servi	ce and to measure such factors and		_	
	(A)	Demand planning.	(B)	Demand forecasting.	
	(C)	Demand analysis.	(D)	Demand estimation. Turn over	

16.	Basic a	sic assumptions of law of demand include :			
	(A)	Prices of other goods should change.			
	(B)	There should be substitute for the commodity.			
	(C)	The commodity should not confer	any d	istinction.	
	(D)	The demand for the commodity sl	The demand for the commodity should not be continuous.		
17.	When t	the quantity demanded of a commo	dity r	ises due to a fall in price, it is called :	
	(A)	Extension.	(B)	Upward shift.	
	(C)	Downward shift.	(D)	Contraction.	
18.	Deman	d for milk, sugar, tea for making to	ea, is	an example of :	
	(A)	Composite demand.	(B)	Derivative demand.	
	(C)	Joint demand.	(D)	Direct demand.	
19.	In the	case of perfect elasticity, the demar	nd cur	ve is :	
	(A)	Vertical.	(B)	Horizontal.	
	(C)	Flat.	(D)	Steep.	
20.	The pro	oduct under monopolistic competiti	on are):	
	(A)	Differentiated with close substitu	te.		
	(B)	Perfect substitute.			
	(C)	Differentiated without close subst	itute.		
	(D)	Homogeneous.			
(C) Differentiated without close substitute. (D) Homogeneous.					
CX.					

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FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

B.B.A.

BBA 1C 01—MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. What is Monopolistic competition?
- 2. What do you mean by Law of Diminishing Marginal utility?
- 3. What is decision making?
- 4. State law of demand.
- 5. What do you mean by economies of scale?
- 6. Specify the shape of variable cost and fixed cost curve.
- 7. What is cardinal utility analysis?
- 8. Write a note on opportunity cost?
- 9. What is out of pocket cost?
- 10. How does the use of fixed cost help the firm?
- 11. What is price discrimination?
- 12. What are Giffen goods?
- 13. Define Duopoly.
- 14. Give the different factors of production?
- 15. What is pure competition?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Explain the concept of revenue.
- 17. What are the causes of business cycle?
- 18. What are the characteristics of monopolistic competition?
- 19. Briefly explain the importance of elasticity of demand.
- 20. Describe about expansion and contraction of demand.
- 21. Explain diseconomies of scale.
- 22. What are the objectives of pricing policies?
- 23. What are the important macroeconomic parameters?

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the scope of managerial economics.
- 25. Explain the factors determining supply of commodity.
- 26. What are the internal and external economies of scale?
- 27. What are the features of perfect competition? Explain the process of price determination under perfect competition.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020 B.B.A.

BBA 1B 01-MANAGEMENT THEORY AND PRACTICES

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

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BBA 1B 01-MANAGEMENT THEORY AND PRACTICES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Father	of Modern Management theory is		 .
	(A)	Henry Fayol.	(B)	F.W.Taylor.
	(C)	Henry Gantt.	(D)	None.
2.	Manag	gement can be considered as		
	(A)	Exact science.	(B)	Inexact science.
	(C)	Psuedo science.	(D)	(B) or (C).
3.		is undertaken to find ou	ıt the	one best way of doing the thing.
	(A)	Job Analysis.	(B)	Merit rating.
	(C)	Job enrichment.	(D)	None.
4.	Everyt	hing which goes to increase the imp	portan	ace of subordinates role is ————.
	(A)	Decentralization.	(B)	Centralization.
	(C)	Either (A) or (B).	(D)	None.
5.	Accordi	ing to Fayol, the principles of Mana	ageme	nt are ———.
	(A)	Rigid	(B)	Flexible.
	(C)	(A) or (B).	(D)	None.
6.	Author	ity and responsibility are ———		— to each other.
	(A)	Supplementary.	(B)	Complementary.
	(C)	Contradictory.	(D)	None.
7.	Accordi	_		should always exist one head and one plan for a
	group o	of activities having the same objecti	ve '	
	(A)	Unity of direction.	(B)	Unity of command.
	(C)	Espritde corps.	(D)	None.

Koontz	and O'Donnel are advocates of —		approach to management.
(A)	Empirical.	(B)	Management science.
(C)	Contingency.	(D)	Operational.
	approach attempts to ur	nderst	and managerial problems and to provide suitable
solut i or	ns by the application of scientific m	ethodo	ology.
(A)	Empirical.	(B)	Management science.
(C)	Contingency.	(D)	Operational.
human	believed that leaders are behavior.	not b	orn but also developed through proper training in
(A)	Mary Parker Follet.	(B)	F.W.Taylor.
(C)	C.K. Prahlad.	(D)	Peter F. Drucker.
	is a detailed and system	atic st	udy of jobs to know the nature and characteristics.
(A)	Man power planning.	(B)	Job analysis.
(C)	Staffing.	(D)	All of these.
	is the process of search	ing fo	r prospective employees and stimulating them to
apply fo	or the Job.		
(A)	Selection.	(B)	Training.
(C)	Recruitment.	(D)	Induction.
	is the process of compa	ring a	actual performance with the standard and taking
correcti	ve Action.		_
(A)	Controlling.	(B)	Management.
(C)	Planning.	(D)	Co-ordination.
	is the activity of influen	ncing	people to strive willingly for group of objectives.
(A)	Motivation.	(B)	
(C)	Communication.	(D)	None of these.
Γhe ter	m "Open-Book Management" (OB	3 M) w	as coined by ———
(A)	Henry Fayol.	(B)	·
(C)	Jack Stack.	(D)	
(0)	0.000 200000	(2)	Turn over

is a situation where a m	or ar c	
Ethical issues.	(B)	Conflicts.
Demotivation.	(D)	None of these.
means		
Character.	(B)	Manner.
Custom.	(D)	All of these.
rd 'moral' is derived from the Latir	ı word	I
Moralis.	(B)	Morilitic.
Monatic.	(D)	None of these.
model of management is ————		
Value driven holistice.	(B)	Ratopnal holistic.
Hybrid.	(D)	None of these.
refers to certain norms	gove	rning the conduct of workers involved in a work
on.		
Team Work.	(B)	Work Ethos.
Work Group	(D)	Work Management.
	Demotivation. means ————. Character. Custom. ord 'moral' is derived from the Latin Moralis. Monatic. model of management is ——— Value driven holistic. Hybrid. ———————————————————————————————————	Demotivation. (D) means ————————————————————————————————————

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FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

B.B.A.

BBA 1B 01-MANAGEMENT THEORY AND PRACTICES

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Define Management.
- 2. What is Planning?
- 3. Explain the concept 'Holism'.
- 4. What is business process re-engineering?
- 5. What is unity of direction?
- 6. What do you mean by middle level management?
- 7. What is motion study?
- 8. Explain 'Departmentation by territory'.
- 9. Define Directing.
- 10. What is span of management?
- 11. What is Benchmarking?
- 12. List out the main features of formal organisation.
- 13. Who is a Stakeholder?
- 14. What is control by exception?
- 15. Define corporate governance.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$